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South Georgia
AFTERNOON EDITION

WEB OF LIES BY CONLEY TANGLE POLICE

Claim Negro, Despite His Conflicting Stories, Is Strong Link In Case Against Frank.

A jumble of conflicting statements made by Jim Conley, negro sweeper at the National Pencil factory, confronted the detectives when they resumed work on the Phagan strangling mystery Thursday morning.

The detectives still held firmly to their theory that the negro was the most important witness against Leo M. Frank, in the face of the contradictory stories and lies in which he had been trapped.

They were strongly disposed to give full credence to Conley's second affidavit, although the negro's sudden anxiety to talk after three weeks of silence and the maze of falsehood in which he was at once involved served suddenly to shift the responsibility for Mary Phagan's death from Leo Frank to the sullen black man, in the judgment of many who have been following the evidence closely.

Chief Lanford and Detective Harry Scott, of the Pinkertons, announced Thursday morning, however, that they regarded the second affidavit of Conley as the final and conclusive piece of evidence needed in preparing a case against Frank.

Rejected First Affidavit.

Others who have weighed the evidence carefully declare there are many more significant indications that Conley was the slayer than there are reasons to believe that Frank is guilty.

The detectives rejected the first affidavit of Conley, in which he said Frank dictated Friday the notes that were found by the body of the slain girl Sunday morning on the ground that it was absurd and unbelievable to hold the theory that the murder was premeditated.

Yet they accept the second affidavit, which indicates identically the same thing, in that Frank met Conley at Nelson and Forsyth Streets before 11 o'clock Saturday morning, April 26, before the crime was committed, and told the negro to wait for him, later taking Conley to the factory with him, where Conley says that he wrote the notes at Frank's direction.

The negro in his second affidavit suggests no other motive that could have impelled Frank to ask him to come to the factory shortly before noon on Saturday. Conley says that Frank told him to wait secreted on the first floor until he heard a whistle. When he heard the whistle he says he went upstairs and Frank dictated the notes.

Why Many Suspect Conley.

All of this is inescapably suggestive of premeditation on the part of Frank, if Conley's story is to be believed, but the theory of premeditation has been scoffed at by everyone, including Chief Lanford and Harry Scott.

In fact, it never seriously was considered by anyone, say those who are inclined to believe the evidence against Conley greatly outweighs that against Frank. The assertion is freely made that it would be far easier to convict Conley, if the police were so disposed, than it will be to convict Frank. Here are a few reasons advanced.

When the factory superintendent was permitted to go before the Coroner's jury by his attorney, he answered all the questions in a straightforward, unwavering manner, never once being trapped in a lie or misstatement.

In marked contrast is the conduct of Conley ever since his arrest at the time of the inquest three weeks ago. When discovered at the factory, he was washing a shirt which he sought to hide from the person who had found him out.

He was taken into custody and gave his address as 92 Tattnall Street. Investigation disclosed that Conley was lying and that he had not lived on Tattnall Street for months, his actual residence being 172 Rhodes Street.

He was asked to write, and he told

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

JACK LONDON'S
Latest and Greatest Short Novel
The SCARLET PLAGUE
Begins in the
FREE MAGAZINE
GIVEN WITH NEXT
SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

Eight Girls Sold at Auction in Caucasia

LONDON, May 29.—Eight native girls between the ages of 15 and 18 were sold by public auction last week at Tereklinakteb, Caucasia, according to an Odessa dispatch to The Daily Mail.

There was lively bidding before the eight lots were disposed of. The highest price, $105, was paid for a handsome Tartar girl named Orsalia Ajalieff.

It is an immemorial custom of the Tartars and the Kalmucks to sell their superfluous daughters.

Says Husband Made Her Feign Happiness

NEW YORK, May 29.—A story of hardships to which she was subjected by her husband, including long horseback rides over the Mexican mountains and threats of death, was told to-day by 22-year-old Mrs. Dace Charlet, who is suing Alfonson Charlet for separation.

Charlet is president of the Charlet Mines and Smelters Company.

"Sometimes he would threaten to shoot me if I was not merry," said the wife.

Society Flocks to Bishop Divorce Trial

NEW YORK, May 29.—Persons prominent in society in this city and Newport scrambled for seats in Justice Goff's room in the Supreme Court to-day when the divorce trial of Mrs. Abigail Hancock Bishop against Cunningham Bishop, a millionaire banker, was resumed.

Mrs. Bishop claims that her husband and another woman registered as Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Baer, of Philadelphia, at the Hotel Astor.

Grounded German Battleship in Peril

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

DANZIG, GERMANY, May 29.—Danzig harbor was all but closed today by the German dreadnought Koenig Albert, which went aground Monday and which has swung across the mouth of the Vistula River, preventing all but the smallest vessels from entering or leaving.

The position of the warship is dangerous owing to the drifting silt which is threatening to sandlock the ship.

Militants Fire Hay And Farm Buildings

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 29.—Having terrorized most of the cities of England, the militant suffragettes now are paying their attentions to the rural districts.

Three fires were reported to-day from farms near Richmond. Haystacks and farm buildings were burned and about the ruins were scattered placards and copies of The Suffragette.

'Champagne Truest Financial Barometer'

LONDON, May 29.—Walter Mumm, who is to marry Miss Frances Scoville, of Kansas, June 2, arrived in London to-day. In discussing the champagne trade he said:

"The best barometer in the world of financial conditions is the champagne market. There is more champagne than ever being drunk in the United States."

Good Cooks Kill Drink Habit, Says Duchess

LONDON, May 29.—"I believe a dinner well cooked is a better antidote to drink than any possible legislation," declared the Duchess of Marlborough.

Her Grace, who was Consuelo Vanderbilt, made a brief address at the annual meeting of St. Pancras School for Mothers.

SEE PERIL TO LIFE IN CITY PLANT'S DEFEAT

Councilmen Assert Atlanta Faces Grave Problem Without Incinerator—Mayor Is Jubilant.

The action of the Supreme Court in declaring the crematory contract illegal Thursday revived the old fight between Mayor Woodward and the Council in all its fury.

Mayor Woodward was jubilant over the decision and declared that he would take the stump in opposition to the approving the contract by the people. He said the court action justified all his opposition to Council's business methods and that he was going to break the moral obligation for the $106,000 fire alarm system, which system is now about half completed.

Expressing the temper of the opposition, Councilman Claude L. Ashley, chairman of the sanitary committee, declared that the city was confronted with a tragedy.

Predicts Epidemics.

"It is no longer a question of business methods," said Councilman Ashley. "It is a question of life and death. If that crematory is not put into operation so we can burn the garbage of this town the people will be dying like flies by fall.

"I am a poor man, but I will make one of 276 to put up the $276,000 to pay for the plant and bide our time for repayment. I had rather donate the money than to have Atlanta be without a crematory this summer.

"It is all very well to talk about fine distinctions in business methods at the right time. As regards a crematory that time is past. If Mayor Woodward would take my place for a few days and hear the complaints about garbage being dumped all around the city he would want a crematory as quick as possible at any cost.

Face New Conditions.

"I opposed this contract. I voted against tearing down the old crematory. But we are facing new conditions to-day. We used to dump all the gargabe in one place outside the city. We were enjoined from that. Since the old crematory was torn down we have been forced to dump it around inside the city. The town is festering with decaying matter. There are more flies right now than I ever saw before. We are threatened with hundreds of injunctions.

"That crematory will be ready to burn garbage in about 30 days. There is fire in two of the furnaces now, drying them out. It is one of the finest garbage destructor plants in this country. Can the question of its relation to the health of this city be compared to any difference over business methods?

"Let's follow the court order and submit the contract to the people. They will approve it five to one."

Work May Continue.

Work may not be stopped at all on the plant, which is being erected on the city's property back of the Terminal Station by teh Destructor Company, of New oYrk.

Though the contract is void, Council is determined to pay for the plant. P. D. Canham, in charge of the work, said he would continue unless stopped by a court order.

On account of the vital health question involved an effort will be made to effect a compromise that will allow the plant to be completed, independent of the controversy.

G. A. R. Makes Plans For Decoration Day

O. M. Mitchell, chairman of a committee appointed by G. A. R. Post, No. 1, of Atlanta, to plan for the celebration of Decoration Day, has completed arrangements. Ceremonies will be held in the National Cemetery at Marietta.

Commander George P. Leavitt, of Post No. 1, will speak on "The Duty of the Day," while the tribute to the dead will be paid by F. A. Jones, of Tallapoosa. Two companies of troops from Fort McPherson will participate.

Rosalie Jones Quits Hiking to Fly
Suffragist 'General' in New Roll
To Drop Literature From Biplane

"General" Rosalie Jones.

Yellow Circulars Will Announce Speakers for the Cause in New York Decoration Day.

NEW YORK, May 29.—"General" Rosalie Jones has added a new accomplishment to her abilities as a hiker, and on Decoration Day she will fly across Staten Island, distributing suffrage literature from an aeroplane. The general will ascend in a Wright biplane operated by Aeroplanist Brown.

If the wind is favorable her route will be marked by a trail of yellow suffrage flyers, announcing the speakers at the suffrage meeting to be held later at Oakwood Heights.

A group of Harnard girls will be present to welcome the general as she alights.

Moose Congressmen Fight Party Reunion

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Progressive members of the House, in conference late yesterday, adopted a resolution offered by Representative Hinebaugh of Illinois opposing amalgamation with the Republican party.

Representative Murdock, Bull Moose leader, declared that the only way to get together was for the Republicans to adopt the name and platform of the Progressive party.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Fair Thursday and Friday.

Carnegie's Valor Does Not Impress Schwab

NEW YORK, May 29.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel Company, does not take seriously Andrew Carnegie's declaration that he would carry a gun and die for America if Japan attacked this country.

"I don't think Mr. Carnegie would go to war any more than I would, even if he does feel younger," he said. "The best way to insure peace is always to be prepared for war. America should build more battleships."

Spooning Approved; Jail for Mashers

PITTSBURG, May 29.—"Sweethearts may kiss and hug to their heart's content, but 'mashers' will be sent to jail."

These are the orders of Superintendent of Police McQuaide, who thinks that legitimate courtship should be encouraged in city parks here.

Nearly everybody in Atlanta reads The Sunday American. YOUR advertisement in the next issue will sell goods. Try it!

Loss of Home Makes Mrs. Theo Shonts Ill

NEW YORK, May 29.—Mrs. Hilla D. Shonts, wife of Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough, is in a serious condition as the result of the burning of her country home near Mobile, Ala., April 19 last, when she and her daughters were driven out by the flames.

A statement to this effect was made in the Supreme Court yesterday by Dr. E. B. Ligon, of Mobile, Mrs. Shonts' physician, on an application for the adjournment of a suit brought against Mrs. Shonts on a note.

Americans Victims In London Hotel Raid

LONDON, May 29.—American tourists were among the victims of a robbery at the fashionable Hotel Berkeley in Piccadilly early to-day. Armed burglars bound and gagged two porters, who were acting as watchmen, opened a safe and made off with a great sum of money and jewels.

Scotland Yard detectives were assigned to the case. It is believed the robbers fled to France. The Berkeley is one of the best-known hotels in London and much frequented by American tourists.

Senators Thirsty; No More Ice Water

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Economy, the fetich of the administration, hit the Senate ice water tanks today. There are no more.

If the Senators want ice they must pay for, as well as for something to keep it in.

When the Senators arrived at their offices to-day the various brands of spring water, with their cooling apparatus, had been removed.

16 Are Graduated by Agnes Scott College

Agnes Scott College Wednesday gave sixteen young women diplomas. Besides, degrees, scholarships and prizes were awarded. The following young women were in the class:

Grace Lydia Anderson, Decatur; Olivia Ruth Bozacki, Montgomery, Ala.; Annie Candler, Atlanta; Kate Hutcheson Clark, Montgomery, Ala.; Frances Dukes, Whitman; Mary Lois Enzor, Troy, Ala.; Elizabeth Frances Joyner, Hawkinsville; Janie Wood Daughey, Atlanta; Mary Louise Van-Epps, Decatur; Emma Pope Moss, Marietta; Elvira Eleanor Pinkston, Greenville; Margaret Roberts, Valdosta; Lavalett Kennedy Sloan, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Florence Smith, Atlanta; Helen Maude Smith, Wauhula, Fla.; Laura Belle Powers, Birmingham, Ala.

$1,500 Game Cocks Sentenced to Death

BOSTON, May 29.—Twenty-five game cocks, valued at $1,500, were sentenced to death by Judge Byram here. They will be put to death by the State.

The birds were taken in a raid on a cocking main.

STEVENS JOINS HUNT FOR SLAYER OF HIS WIFE AND DAUGHTER

Aged Veteran, Crushed by Tragedy, Hastens Home From Chattanooga Reunion---Half-breed, Said to Have Attempted Attack on Girl, Sought.

William Stevens, husband and father of the two women who were murdered and their bodies incinerated in their home on the McDonough Road Tuesday night, arrived in Atlanta Thursday morning from Chattanooga in answer to hasty summons sent him by police.

The aged Confederate veteran was met at the train by city detectives and driven immediately to the scene of his devastated home. The old man was led, trembling, from the car to the automobile and driven off to take part in the hunt for the slayer.

It is to Mr. Stevens that the police look for valuable information leading to the murderer. He is the only person alive, besides the missing son, Wade Stevens, who knows the conditions which existd in the home.

Efforts to locate Wade Stevens Wednesday night proved futile. Police authorities have notified those of Chattanooga and Cincinnati, to which cities the boy said he was going to "hobo," to be on the lookout for him. Minute descriptions of Stevens and his companion, "Red" Merchant, who was seen with him at the Terminal Station Tuesday night, have been sent out. Police of Atlanta are making a thorough search of this city for the two boys.

Tells of Attempted Attack.

An important clew, given Sheriff J. A. McCurdy, of DeKalb County, who is in charge of the investigation, was revealed in the statement of a neighbor to the effect that a Mexican halfbreed, formerly employed by Mrs. Stevens, had attempted to attack Nellie Stevens some time ago.

This declaration was made by Miss Josephine McCaulay, 790 Glennwood Avenue, an intimate friend of both the slain mother and daughter. Miss McCaulay said that only a few days ago Mrs. Stevens had told her of shooting at the discharged halfbreed when he appeared at the country home. Mrs. Stevens had said that she fired twice at the man, and that he escaped into the clump of woods adjoining the house. Sheriff McCurdy has ordered a country-wide search made for the halfbreed.

Discovery Wednesday morning that Mr. Stevens had purchased an axe some days ago offers a possible clew to the weapon used by the murderer in crushing the skulls of his victims. The axe is, so far, missing, though the ruins of the burned dwelling and surrounding vicinity have been carefully searched for it.

Axe Apparently Used.

The sharp, knifelike cut across the top of Nellie Stevens' skull seems to bear out the theory that the murderer used the axe to slay his victims.

Possibility that the weapon used by the murderer was thrown into the well near the house has lead Sheriff McCurdy to order the well dragged.

Atlanta police and detective officials have joined with the DeKalb force to solve the mystery. Detective Chief Lanford assigned Mounted Policeman Hamilton, who was a close friend of the Stevens family, and Detective Rosser to work on the case. Sheriff McCurdy obtained this reinforcement Thursday morning when he held a conference with Lanford.

An unique incident of the blaze which burned the Stevens home to ashes was revealed in the finding of fifty-seven chickens dead in a coop fifty feet away. The coop was not even scorched by the heat.

That robbery was the motive of the murderer has been established by the disappearance of jewelry and a large quantity of money which Mrs. Stevens was known to have had in the house at the time.

Woman's Jewels Missing.

Neighbors stated that Mrs. Stevens possessed a diamond ring valued at $400 and two gold watches. These are missing.

Coupled with other theories as to

EDITOR TO TELL WHY HE MADE T. R. CHARGE

George W. Newett to Take Stand To-day in Libel Suit Brought by Roosevelt.

MARQUETTE, MICH., May 29.—George W. Newett, editor of The Ishpeming Iron Ore, which contained an editorial that resulted in a $10,000 libel suit by Theodore Roosevelt, today was prepared to take the witness stand in his own defense.

The testimony of the editor will deal largely with the sources of the information on which he based his charges that the former President "got drunk, and that not infrequently," and that he used profane language.

A trip made by Newett to Florida, during which he met a number of prominent persons who are alleged to have spoken of Roosevelt's alleged over-indulgence in liquor, and similar statements made to him by persons in Michigan, will form the basis of his testimony.

Newett will also tell of various articles which he saw in newspapers and magazines which influenced him to write the editorial now in question.

The Ishpeming editor has not been well for some months, and as soon as the present case is ended he will go to a hospital for an operation.

Georgia Students Select Officers

ATHENS, GA., May 29.—At the annual elecitons by the University of Georgia students yesterday afternoon and last night, Rucker Ginn, of Royston, was elected captain of the baseball team for next year; Steve Crump, of Macon, captain of the track team; Roy David, track team manager; E. C. Westbrook, of Gainesville, president of the 1914 seniors; Frank Holden, of Athens, editor-in-chief of The Red and Black; P. Burford, associate editor; J. A. Johnson, president of the Athletic Association, and Hoyt Whelchel, J. B. Burch and Russell Patterson the trio from which the baseball managers are to be selected.

Delegates Named to Printers' Convention

W. S. Wardlaw and W. C. Caraway will be the representatives of Atlanta Typographical Union, No. 48, at the international convention to be held in Nashville next August.

Four candidates figured in the race for the honor, coveted among the typos, and the two winners are receiving congratulations. Mr. Wardlaw is connected with The Constitution and Mr. Caraway with The Journal.

SLAIN WOMAN'S SISTER THINKS SON INNOCENT

Mrs. Pearl Hartley, Prostrated by Shock, Declares Robbery Was Motive for Crime.

Continued From Page 1.

the murder is one which shows the work that of two negroes who were said to have been seen driving away from the burning home at sunrise Wednesday morning. The men rode in a one-horse wagon, the body of which was filled with oats. Tracks of the horse were found on a spot near the ruins. In the immediate vicinity was discovered a small pile of fresh oats. Human footprints were found nearby.

Despite the assertion that the negroes drove away, Sheriff McCurdy's men made a careful search of the woods surrounding the home, believing it highly probable that the murderer might have hidden therein to watch the burning house, and will scour the woods again to-day. Another theory is that he might have been wounded by Mrs. Stevens before he killed her, and had been forced to drag himself to the woods for escape. That the man may be laying there now is a possibility expressed by the police. The shell found in the shotgun used by Mrs. Stevens was found to have been discharged.

Sister Believes Son Innocent.

In a darkened room in a little house at 33 Dalney Street, with a physician in almost constant attendance, lies a woman prostrated by grief. Absolute quiet has been ordered by the doctor, and the anguish tears at her heart in a silence broken only by her own sobs and the hushed patter of childish footsteps as her children play quietly about the house.

She is Mrs. Pearl Hartley, sister of Mrs. Sarah C. Stevens, whose charred body was found lying beside that of her adopted daughter in the smoking ruins of their farm home seven miles from Atlanta. Prostrated by the shock of the tragedy, with her imagination made vivid by her suffering and grief, Mrs. Hartley is seeing in the darkness of her room the terrible happenings of that night of horror.

Mrs. Hartley's only surcease from suffering came for a few moments late Wednesday afternoon, when, under the influence of opiates administered by her physician, she recovered sufficiently to talk to a Georgian reporter. Mrs. Hartley sobbed audibly throughout the interview, and her eyes, red with weeping and reflecting the anguish that tore at her heart, emphasized her words as she cried for vengeance on the murderer.

"Why do they always murder women?" she cried. "It is terrible. Little girls are murdered when they go onto the street, and now a woman is not safe even in her own home."

Faints at News.

The notifying of Mrs. Hartley of the death of her sister and niece formed one of the most dramatic and pathetic incidents of the entire tragedy. She was downtown Wednesday morning shopping, when word came to her home on Dalney Street that her sister and niece had been murdered. Mrs. Lena Thompson, a neighbor, of 24 Dalney Street, volunteered to go downtown and find Mrs. Hartley and tell her the sad news.

After a search of an hour Mrs. Thompson found Mrs. Hartley in the Kress store on Whitehall Street. As she stood trying to locate the sister of the murdered woman in the crowd of shoppers Mrs. Hartley, warned by intuition that something was wrong, pushed through the crowd and hurried to Mrs. Thompson.

"What is it?" she cried. "What's the matter?"

Mrs. Thompson, seeking to break the news gently, told her that her sister's home had burned down and that she had been badly injured.

"It's worse than that," Mrs. Hartley cried. "I feel it! I know it is worse than that!"

She screamed and fainted in the arms of Mrs. Thompson. She was soon revived and taken to her home. Mrs. Thompson endeavored to calm her on the trip on the street car with the assurance that everything was all right.

As Mrs. Hartley entered her yard, one of her little daughters ran out of the house, tears streaming down her face.

"Oh, mamma," she cried, "Aunt Sarah and Cousin Nellie have been killed!"

With a scream, Mrs. Hartley fell to the ground in a swoon. She was picked up by Mrs. Thompson and members of her family and carried into the house. A physician was called and administered opiates. Under the influence of the medicine she was able to sit up in bed for a few moments late in the afternoon, but collapsed again when she learned that her nephew, the son of the murdered woman, was being sought by the police as the murderer of his mother.

Believes Boy Innocent.

Mrs. Hartley refused to believe the boy could be capable of so diabolical a crime.

"He may have been a bad boy," she said, "but I can not believe he would kill his mother and sister. There must be some mistake."

Mrs. Hartley advanced the theory that the murder may have been committed by some person with robbery as the motive. Mrs. Stevens was an energetic business woman, and up to the time she moved to her farm had been engaged extensively in building operations, mostly in East Atlanta. She had a number of men in her employ, and Mrs. Hartley said she often kept a considerable sum of money in her home. She said she had known her sister to have as much as $500 in her house at one time. Less than a week ago, she said, Mrs. Stevens wrote to her that she was coming to Atlanta to sell some of her property. It can not be learned that she banked the proceeds of this sale, and Mrs. Hartley's theory is that she took the money home with her, that this fact became known to some one, and that she was murdered and the house fired for purposes of robbery.

Up to about six months ago Mrs. Stevens lived in the 500 block Boulevard, and moved to the country because of her failing health. Besides her husband and young son, Mrs. Stevens is survived by six sisters, Mrs. Pearl Hartley, Mrs. L. C. Smith, Mrs. M. A. Golden, Mrs. J. N. Patrick and Miss Lily Whattley, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. C. Sims, of [illegible], Ga., and three brothers, Sergeant Whattley, of the Atlanta police force, and T. C. and R. T. Whattley, of Barnesville, Ga.

$3.50 Recipe Free, For Weak Men

Send Name and Address To-day—You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous.

[illegible]

The Georgian-American Pony Contest VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Thursday, May 29, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.

Vote for ....

Address ....

SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

9 Property Owners In Macon Vice Net

MACON, GA., May 29.—Nine Macon property owners, five of whom are prominent in business and society, have been indicted for leasing houses for immoral purposes. They are J. Clay Murphey, Eden Taylor, Jr., Sam C. Mayer, L. O. Stevens, Sam Dunlap, H. Kessler, Dan O'Conn[illegible], J. W. Fogg and H. D. Kaplan.

These indictments are part of the grand jury's crusade against the restricted district.

DOLLAR CAMERAS.

[illegible]

JACK LONDON'S
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PARADE CLOSES REUNION OF VETERANS

Old Soldiers of the South March Along Chattanooga Streets Under Tattered Battle Flags.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 29.—The twenty-third annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans closed to-day with the veterans' parade, in which the old soldiers of the South marched under the tattered battle flags of half a century ago and under the Stars and Stripes of a reunited country.

Military bands furnished martial music to which the tottering old soldiers, hundreds of them in gray uniforms, tramped through the downtown streets. Grandstands along Market and Broad Streets, the principal thoroughfares traversed, were filled with visitors and Chattanoogans who lustily cheered the old veterans.

General Bennett H. Young, mounted on a Kentucky thoroughbred charger, headed the parade. General J. P. Hickman, of Nashville, commander of the Tennessee Division, was chief marshal.

Exodus of Visitors Begins.

The exodus of visitors began immediately after the parade and throughout the afternoon and night special and regular trains will be leaving the depots every hour.

The reunion festivities will come to a formal close to-night when the Sons of Confederate Veterans give their annual ball to sponsors and maids of honor at Bennett H. Young pavilion.

Several hundred veterans will go to Dalton, Ga., to-morrow to attend a reunion of General Joseph E. Johnston's army that participated in the campaign from Chattanooga to Atlanta. At this time memorial services will be held by Dalton Daughters of the Confederacy, Professor Joseph T. Derry, of Atlanta, being the orator.

To Decorate Federal Graves.

Several hundred of the Confederate veterans will remain in Chattanooga to-morrow and participate in the Grand Army of the Republic Memorial Day exercises at the National Cemetery, where several thousand Federal soldiers are buried.

This afternoon "The Pied Piper of Hamelintown" will be presented as a pageant at Warner Park by several hundred Chattanooga children.

Young Again Commander.

General Bennett H. Young, of Kentucky, commander-in-chief; General Theodore S. Garnett, of Virginia, commander of the Army of Northern Virginia Department; General George P. Harrison, of Alabama, commander of the Army of Tennessee Department, and General K. M. VanZandt, of Texas, commander of the Trans-Mississippi Department, were re-elected, and Jacksonville, Fla., was chosen for the 1914 reunion by the veterans at the principal business session of the reunion late yesterday afternoon. Next year's gathering will be the first reunion held in Florida. Jacksonville defeated Nashville, its nearest competitor, which has had two reunions, by a vote of almost 3 to 1. Houston, Texas, and Tulsa, Okla., received scattering votes. The selection was then made unanimous.

"Turkey Trot" and "Virginia Reel."

A parade by the Sons of Veterans yesterday afternoon and a ball for the veterans at Bennett H. Young Pavilion last night were features that attracted the interest of [illegible] thousands of sponsors, maids of honor and other visitors. At the ball the Virginia reel and quadrille of 50 years ago were danced between snatches of the present-day "turkey trot" and two-steps.

Brussels Increases Army.

BRUSSELS, May 29.—A bill to increase the Belgian standing army [illegible]

YOU MAY SAY WHAT YOU LIKE---

MAZE OF LIES BY CONLEY CLOUD MYSTERY

Police, Despite Conflicting Affidavits, Call Him Strong Witness Against Frank.

Continued From Page 1.

the officers he could not write a word. He refused to be inveigled into making an attempt at handwriting of any sort. He would not put a pencil to paper that the detectives might get a specimen of his penmanship. For a long time they believed he was so ignorant he could not write his own name. Then they found some leases he had signed for watches and knew that he had been lying again.

Just as the Grand Jury was about to sit and it appeared likely that Frank would be indicted, the negro broke his silence for the first time. He told the detectives that it was he who had written the notes, but that he had written them at Frank's dictation on Friday, April 25. Frank had approached him in an aisle at the factory and had asked him to come into the office, he said. He remembered that it was four minutes before 1 o'clock.

That he had been at the factory Saturday he denied emphatically. Between 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon he had been on Peters Street, according to his story.

The detectives ridiculed his story and continued examining. Gradually he broke down under their questioning, and it was established that he had been lying again and that he actually had been in the factory Saturday, presumably at the very time the girl was murdered. This was the first time his presence in the factory on Saturday had been known.

Admitted Hiding in Plant.

He had kept it a most profound secret up to the time it was gouged out of him by the detectives. He weakened further and admitted that he had been hiding down on the first floor as persons went in and out.

He described practically every person that entered or left the factory between 12 and 1 o'clock. But he declared that he did not see Mary Phagan when she came in the building. Out of all who entered or left, the murdered girl and Lemmie Quinn appear to be the only ones he missed seeing, according to his story.

He explained this by saying that he must have fallen asleep for a little while. He saw Miss Corinthia Hall and Mrs. Freeman leave a few minutes before 1 o'clock, but did not see Mary Phagan enter about five minutes after the hour. Neither did he see Lemmie Quinn, who is said to have been at the factory about 12:10.

TO-DAY'S MARKET OPENINGS.

NEW YORK COTTON.

Quotations in cotton futures:

	Open	High	Low	First Call.	Prev. Close.
May	11.28	11.28	11.27	11.28	11.46-47
June	11.35	11.35	11.34	11.34	11.51-53
July	11.46	11.46	11.43	11.46	11.55-56
Aug.	11.30	11.30	11.29	11.29	11.36-37
Sept.					11.16-18
Oct.	11.06	11.07	11.05	11.06	11.10-11
Nov.					11.08-11
Dec.	11.07	11.08	11.06	11.06	11.06-07
Jan.	11.02	11.02	11.01	11.01	11.06-07
Feb.					11.06-08
Mar.	11.10	11.10	11.10	11.10	11.16-18

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Quotations in cotton futures:

	Open	High	Low	First Call.	Prev. Close.
May					12.35-42
June					11.90-93
July	11.95	11.95	11.94	11.94	12.01-02
Aug.	11.55	11.55	11.55	11.55	11.63-64
Sept.					11.35-37
Oct.	11.16	11.16	11.15	11.15	11.21-22
Nov.					11.20-22
Dec.	11.16	11.16	11.15	11.15	11.19-20
Jan.					11.22-24
Feb.					11.20-23
Mar.					11.22-24

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Futures opened easy.

	Opening Range.		2 p. m.	Prev. Close.
May	6.41	@6.39½	6.39½	6.46
May-June	6.42	@6.38	6.39	6.46
June-July	6.38½	@6.34	6.34½	6.41½
July-Aug.	6.36	@6.33½	6.35½	6.39½
Aug.-Sept.	6.26	@6.23½	6.25	6.29½
Sept.-Oct.	6.13	@6.12½	6.12½	6.10
Oct.-Nov.	6.07	@6.06½	6.07	6.10
Nov.-Dec.				6.07
Dec.-Jan.	6.03	@6.03	6.03	6.06
Jan.-Feb.	6.03	@6.02½	6.03	6.06½
Feb.-Mar.	6.03½	@6.01	6.01	6.06½
Mar.-Apr.			6.04½	6.07½

COTTON SEED OIL.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Stock quotations to 10 a. m.:

STOCKS	High.	Low.	10 a.m.	Prev. Close.
Amal. Copper	73⅝	73⅜	73⅜	73
Am. Smelt.	65¼	65¼	65¼	64½
Atchison	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
Am. Can	32¾	32¾	32¾	32⅝
do. pref	92½	92½	92½	92½
Can. Pac.	228	228¼	227¾	230¼
Corn Prod.	[illegible]	10	10	9¾
Dis. Secur.	10½	10½	10½	10½
Gt. West	13¼	13¼	13¼	13
Mo. Pac.	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜
Penn.	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	109½
Reading	160½	160½	160½	160⅜
R. Island	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
Southern Pac.	96½	96½	96½	96⅛
U. Pac.	149½	149½	149½	151½
Utah Cop.	49¼	49¼	49¼	49⅝
U. S. Steel	60¼	60	60¼	60

STOMACH TROUBLES.
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Produces healthy activity of weak and disordered stomachs. An excellent strength builder. Adv.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants, 3c each. Atlanta Floral Co., 555 E. Fair Street.

PONY CONTEST DRAWS ENTRANTS, CERTAIN OF SUCCESS, FROM AFAR

Atlanta children were the first to catch the fire of enthusiasm in The Georgian and American pony contest. The children out in the State and outside Georgia were a little slow at first.

But how they are coming now!

Every mail brings a heap of letters from distant addresses, and the letters are full of "ginger." Every girl or boy seems sure of winning.

Dorothy Davis, of Dothan, Ala., writes: "I have my subscription book, and so I am going to work in earnest now."

"Please send me subscription blanks, etc., so I can win a pony," as O. S. Morton, Jr., writes, is a more frequently used wording.

The flood of mail is becoming a serious problem. Once this week two men in the contest department worked all night answering letters, and then did not catch up entirely with the work. It is hoped, therefore, that contestants who do not receive answers the following day will remember that it is not always possible to go through all the letters, check all the votes and keep up with the routine work of the contest in a day, and be patient.

Names of contestants and their standing follow:

District Number One.

George Rossen 54530
Josephine Simril 27820
Vera Nellie Brantley 21630
Jacob Patterson 17030
Miss Margaret Lewis 11810
Jas. O. Godard ..... 85[illegible]
Hillman McCalla 7850
Janet Oxenham 6755
Edgar Watkins, Jr. 6475
Willie Ivey Wiggins 6215
Hugh B. Luttell 6100
Miss Frankie J. Smith 5665
Andrew May 5595
Miss Louise Thompson 3910
Mollie Lee Kendall 3105
Miss Mildred Stewart 2220
Nellie Martin 2190
Dorothy Stiff 2030
Miss Estelle Sullivan 1860
Pauline Trull 1650
Glenn Moon 1545
James Grubbs 1500
Phillip S. Reid 1405
Thomas M. Price 1385
Wm. Elsie 1145
Lottie Mae Dedman 1150
Eugene Morgan 1100
Wyman Conard 1000
Yoland Gwin 1000
Harold Holsonback 1000
T. L. Heshall, Jr. 1000
Roy Mauldin 1000
Albert Smith 1000
Miss Louise McCrary 1000
Miss Sudie King 1000
Miss Gaynell Phillips 1000
Miss Mary E. Peacock 1000
Robert A. Harden 1000
Miss Edith Clower 1000
Miss Ruth Grogan 1000
H. E. Watkins, Jr. 1000
Miss Annie Phillips 1000
Miss Christa Powers 1000
Cliff Moody 1000
William Ernest 1000
Arthur Pepin 1000
Lillian Smith 1000
Chas. Johnson 1000
Frank Price, Jr. 1000
Louise McAllister 1000
Sidney Clark 1000
Donovan Owens 1000
Morgan Boyer 1000
Chas. Whitner, Jr. 1000
Jack Shinholser 1000

District Number Two.

Miss Robert Harbour 62505
Eugene Willingham, Jr. 20410
J. W. Collins, Jr. 14220
Miss Marjorie McLeod 10875
Miss Lottie McNair 8300
Edmund Hurt 7740
Miss Icele Shaw 7365
Kiele Trussell 5850
Miss Elizabeth Garwood 4765
J. P. Tucker 3930
Miss Edith Gray 3915
Miss Nellie Reynolds 3585
J. Edgar Sheridan 3555
Roy Warwick 3520
Paul M. Clark 2960
Miss Lottie Church 2435
Wm. Wellborn 1850
Clinton Hutchinson 1740
Miss Virginia Walton 1650
Edgar Sweat 1425
Chas. W. Kellogg, Jr. 1250
Max Clein 1215
Robert Wood 1150
J. R. Wood 1120
Martin Comerford 1000
Buck Franks 1000
Wylie Harden 1000
Haley Ray 1000
Miss Lucy Withers 1000
Miss Elizabeth Downing 1000
Robert R. Andrews 1000
Miss Catherine Purser 1000
N. S. Carroll 1000
Sarah Paxton 1000
W. Beazel 1000
Ed Ferguson 1000
Percy Smith 1000
Maurice McGairy 1000

District Number Three.

Willetts Matthews 44050
Charles L. Stevens 41190
Mildred Brickman 25815
J. P. Goets, Jr. 12665
Miss Mary Wells 5070
Miss Mabel Bracewell 3400
Miss Alma Coleman 2331
Miss Evelyn Oxford 1800
Ernest E. Hamorick 1250
Anne S. Slatton 1040
Willie Reynolds 1000
Harry Brown 1000
Joe R. Smith 1000
Howard Grove 1000
Claudia Cochran 1000
Annie Mealor 1000
Marion Wells 1000

District Number Four.

Fannie Mae Cook 80375
Florence Greenoe 49470
Nathaniel Kay 31220
Oscar Eugene Cook 23210
W. H. Hamilton, Jr. 16130
J. Walling Davis 8045
Miss Wilhelmina Tucker 7915
Miss Ida Bloomberg 6390
Ida G. Fox 5965
Nell Reynolds 5460
Lillian Maurenberg 4185
Miss Annie Graham 4060
Annie Slatten 3795
H. L. W. Brown 3740
Howell Conway 3650
Myrtle Jones 3125
Miss Maude L. Berry 2615
Fred Vicery 2600
Miss Marie Toy 2465
Charles Ernest Vernoy 2460
Agnes Shairen 2335
Miss Beatrice Brunson 2175
Miss Meta Mitchell 1870
Louis Whitman 1645
Louis Joel 1625
Guy Quillian 1615
Raymond Smith 1460
Vivian Broom 1450
John Thrasher 1425
Paul Theodown 1420
Roy Young 1400
Estelle Honer 1380
David F. Nowell 1295
William Henderson 1290
Louise Simpson 1290
Mose Gold ..... 125[illegible]
Miss Susie Black 1230
Ralph Rose 1130
Miss Rosamund Humphries 1085
James Eden 1000
Miss L. K. Abbott 1000
Miss Loyle C. Dean 1000
Miss Alice Feldman 1000
Frank Henley 1000
Miss Annie Mae Hilsman 1000
Milton Holcombe 1000
Lynn A. Hubbard 1000
Harry Stone 1000
Miss Sarah Whitaker 1000
Miss Margaret White 1000
Charles Stone 1000
R. H. Brown 1000
Hugh Terrell 1000
Miss Carlotta Burns 1000
Lowell Battle 1000
Miss Lillian L. Brown 1000
Miss Marion Overstreet 1000
Jack Elman 1000
Eugene Bayliss 1000
Sam K. Rece 1000
Esther Hutchins 1000
Valentine Jenkins 1000

District Number Five.

Frank Isom, Jr. 10180
Richard Raines 38305
Herndon Thomas 8325
Emory Ward 7575
Miss Louise Chenning 7490
Miss Lucile Berry 4475
Dick Denton 3800
Miss Margaret Le Fevre 3420
Roy Coleman 2350
Miss Anna Graham 2085
John Baker Long 2070
Jno. B. Long 1970
Miss Mary Holloway 2065
Wm. Hood 1150
Miss Texia Mae Butler 1000
Albert Leake 1000
Merriot Brown Reid 1000
Miss Frances Summers 1000

District Number Six.

William Turner 24490
Miss Beverly Swanton 19435
Edward DeLoach 15665
Miss Susanne Springer 8450
Miss Virginia Jackson 6370
Edgar Wilson 4675
George Nelson Baker 3785
John Lovett 3185
Grady Harris 2340
Gay Reynolds 1880
Miss Ora F. Dozier 1790
Miss Margaret Thornton 1780
E. F. Marquett 1485
Francis Summers 1330
Charlie Hood 1305
Miss Grace Davis 1000
Gregory J. Eaton 1000
Angie C. Newton 1000
Benjamin F. Saffels 1000

District Number Seven.

A. Morrison 13210
James Allen 5435
George H. Melton 4635
Clyde Mitchell 2715
Chas. R. Walker, Jr. 2640
Henry Hull 2405
Phillip Gilstein 1775
Lawrence McGinnis 1170
Joe DuPre 1115
Claude Higgins 1000
Willie Mae Dempsey 1000
Joy Carroway 1000
Miss Alma Hudson 1000
Fannie Bettis 1000

City Carriers and Newsboys.

Mose Brodkin 63080
Ross Greer 51775
Raymond Wilkinson 34085
O. B. Bigger 30755
John Trimble 25700
Harold Hamby 24955
Irvin Willingham 15270
Roy Cook 14205
J. E. Moore 13195
Powell Pendley 11750
Harold Turner 10165
Sidney Ney 8850
Sterling Jordan 6910
Norman Gooch 6825
Olin Neal Bass 6830
Everett J. Cain 6675
Charles Barron ..... 65[illegible]
St. Bernard Veitch 4035
Royal Barbour 3045
Bonnell Bloodworth 2610
Grady Cook 2285
L. M. Harrison 1560
Frank Gatwood 1545
R. S. McConnell 1220
Johnnie Evans 1000

Out-of-Town Agents and Carriers.

John Martin, Jr., Columbus, Ga. 15695
Leon Spence, Carrollton, Ga. 8065
Patrick Jones, Macon 5830
H. K. Everett, Calhoun, Ga. 4955
Ambrose Scarboro, Royston, Ga. 4340
M. E. Dasch, Stone Mountain, Ga. 3930
Chas. Barron, R. F. D. Atlanta 3860
Leon B. Spears, Woodstock, Ga. 3195
Jake Palmer, Murphy, N. C. 3130
Jas. S. Plunkett, Carey Sta., Ga. 2935
Thos. W. Ryles, Gainesville, Ga. 2915
Gladys Danley, Bolton 2710
Smith Fallaw, Opelika, Ala. 2380
Aubrey Hopkins, Anderson, S. C. 2035
Alfred Chappelle, Sparta, Ga. 1455
Robt. Newby, Vienna, Ga. 1380
Jos. Milam, Cartersville, Ga. 1370
H. Esserman, Rome, Ga. 1365
John Toler, New Orleans, La. 1340
James Wilkins, Gaffney, S. C. 1015
Chas. B. Hayes, Lithonia, Ga. 1000
L. Bennett, Brunswick, Ga. 1000
Herman Corliss, LaGrange, Ga. 1000
R. E. Hudson, Unadilla, Ga. 1000
Hugh Farrish, Adel, Ga. 1000
Paul Swint, Gibson, Ga. 1000
N. N. David, Cedartown, Ga. 1000
Robert Mobley, Covington, Ga. 1000

Georgia School Boys and Girls.

Andrew B. Trimble, Lithonia ..... [illegible]
M. Means, Megansville 16180
Virginia McCowen, Marietta Car Line 12550
Lee Bowden, Athens 12515
Ben Steinberg, Cartersville ..... 110[illegible]
Lois Casey, Chattahoochee 9235
Emmie Sparks, Chipley 9155
C. E. Crawford, Chipley 8530
Clifford Henry, Carrollton 8435
Gertrude Moseley, Menlo 7120
Blake Nichols, R. F. D. Atlanta 5680
Chas. E. Keely, Cartersville 5150
Belle Ragsdale, Lithonia 4640
Anna Johnson, Summerville 4505
Will Chapman, Whigham 4590
John Logan, Gainesville 4415
Mary Caldwell, Chipley 4340
Esther Boorstein, Covington 4245
Margaret Danner, Doraville 3820
Terry Strozier, Greenville 3610
Belle Stowe, Toccoa 3305
Clay Burruss, Carnesville 3265
Berry Clein, Columbus 3150
Mary Allen, Juniper 3145
Rives Cary, Barnesville 2765
Reginald Houser, Macon 2665
Maxwell Aubrey, Bolton 2615
Bella Davis, Fayetteville 2340
Wm. Reid, Columbus 2325
Warner Webb, Griffin 2285
Elmer Towns, Social Circle 2250
Patrick Jones, Macon 2125
Reginald Houser, Macon, Ga. 2065
W. L. Mattox, Newnan 2000
Alfred Wilkes, R. F. D. Atlanta 2000
B. C. Elder, Blakely 1970
Jimmy Logan, Grantville 1950
Cary Brezel, Rome 1876
Emory Steele, Commerce 1660
Carl Bragg, Woodcliff ..... 15[illegible]
W. A. Hollis, Columbus ..... 15[illegible]
W. Harrell, Jr., Quitman 1500
Horace McConnell, R. F. D. Atl 1405
Sarah F. Spier, Monroe 1430
Helen Mitchell, Richwood 1380
J. L. Brewer, Egan 1330
Horace McConnell R. F. D. Atlanta 1405
Ruth Aiken, Forrest Park 1290
Paul Jossey, Forsyth 1260
E. A. Heckle, Cornelia 1255
Wm. Tailiaferro, Mansfield 1240
Virginia Young, Roswell, Ga. 1175
Jessie Collier, Barnesville 1170
Gertrude Marshall, Savannah 1150
Bennett Jeffers, Douglasville 1135
Sallie Evans, Douglasville 1110
D. S. Morton, Raymond 1105
Ernest Turney, Chipley 1085
Sidney Newsome, Union Point 1080
H. C. Ogilvie, Savannah 1030
Chas. Harlan, R. F. D. Atlanta 1150
J. P. Craven, Baxley 1075
Clyde Stephens, Barnesville 1075
Robt. Mobley, Jr., Quitman 1065
Miriam Stansell, Gainesville 1065
Robert Davis, Columbus 1050
Eleanor Lindsay, Tucker 1050
H. E. White, Flovilla 1040
Ernest Baker, Washington 1040
Erva Blackstock, Hogansville 1030
E. Scarborough, Macon 1025
Etheridge Bradley, Smyrna 1015
Chas. Clark, Loganville 1010
Jessie Tabor, Loganville 1005
Mattie L. Johns, Loganville 1005
J. C. Smith, Oxford 1050
Brannon Sharp, Commerce 1000
G. W. Davis, Bremen 1000
Cecil McGahee, Lithonia 1000
Sarah Carter, Savannah 1000
Dan Patrick, Conyers 1000
H. H. Redwine, Fayetteville 1000
Felix Reid, Union City 1000
Ralph Little, Commerce 1000
Morris McClure, Jackson 1000
C. V. Turner, Jr., Quitman 1000
G. W. Posey, Jr., Juniper 1000
Lily Wilkes, R. F. D. Atlanta 1000
J. H. Hewlett, Conyers 1000
Rudolph Campbell, Fairburn 1000
A. E. Gilmore, Jr., Tennille 1000
Richard Johnson, Tennille 1000
J. P. Tucker, Jr., R. F. D. Atl. 1000
Edna Jennings, Newnan 1000
Thos. Lamar, Waycross 1000
Evelyn Davis, Baconton 1000
W. B. Dismukes, Mystic 1000
Susie Glenn, Social Circle 1000
E. V. Turner, Jr., Athens 1000
Elsie Cummings, Savannah 1000
Grady W. Griffith, Athens 1000
Amy Davis, Bremen 1000

I nominate, as a candidate in **The Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian** Pony Outfit Contest:

Name ....

Address ....

Nominated by ....

Address ....

GOOD FOR 1,000 VOTES.

Only One Nomination Blank Can be Voted for Any Contestant.

ALWAYS FIRST
The SUNDAY AMERICAN
Order It NOW
Both Phones Main 8000

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results

VOL. XI. NO. 255. ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1913. Copyright, 1906, By The Georgian Co. 2 CENTS PAY NO MORE

EVENING EDITION

STEVENS BOY IS ARRESTED

Phagan Evidence Goes to Detective Burns for Inspection

SWEEPING REFORMS ORDERED IN STREET CAR SERVICE

STEVENS BOY NOT SLAYER, DECLARES FATHER

Son, Held by Chattanooga Police, Was in That City When the Bodies Were Found.

Wade Stevens, son of William Stevens, whose wife and daughter were murdered and whose bodies were found in the charred ruins of their home, seven miles southeast of Atlanta, was arrested in Chattanooga at noon to-day. The DeKalb County Coroner's jury had recommended that the young man be arrested and held for investigation.

The Governor to-day offered a reward of $300 for the arrest of the slayer.

At almost the precise minute when Wade Stevens was arrested in Chattanooga, William Stevens, his father, having just arrived in Atlanta, made a statement to The Georgian completely exonerating the boy. The elder Stevens said his landlady, who knew Wade, had seen him in Chattanooga early Wednesday morning. This was just about the time the crime was discovered and only a few hours after its commission.

Detective John R. Black, of Atlanta, who was in Chattanooga attending the reunion, arrested young Stevens in the reunion city. He wired Chief of Police Beavers and was told to hold the young man pending arrival of requisition papers.

Chief of Police Beavers then announced he would confer with Sheriff McCurdy, of DeKalb County, before taking further steps.

Father Brokenhearted.

The father of the boy, a 70-year-old Confederate veteran, was heartbroken when he arrived in Atlanta at 10:50 o'clock this morning and heard for the first time of the double tragedy.

Stevens left Chattanooga at 3 o'clock this morning, but the train was delayed en route. Several friends went to the Union Depot to meet him, but he came from a rear car and left the station without meeting them.

The only information given him in Chattanooga was that his house had burned. Leaving the depot here, he went direct to the office of Carson & Treadwell, who handled his wife's real estate, where he learned all the details.

One of the firm of Carson & Treadwell told him of the double murder, and that his son, Wade Stevens, was wanted for investigation. The old veteran was dumbfounded. He sank in a chair and remained silent for several minutes, then dramatically expressed belief in the innocence of his son and declared he would spend the remainder of his days hunting the slayer.

Declares Boy Is Innocent.

"All I have to live for now is to try to catch the murderer," he said. "I'll spend the rest of my days hunting him."

While in Chattanooga Stevens boarded at 166 Rossville Avenue. His son by a former marriage, Ed Stevens, also boarded there. The missing son, Wade Stevens, had stopped there previously and is well known to the landlady, who said she saw him in front of her home at 5 o'clock Wednesday morning.

"I believe my boy is innocent of this murder," said Mr. Stevens. "He was bad at times, but he never could have stooped so low as to murder his own mother and sister. He knows nothing about it yet.

[illegible]

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

JACK LONDON'S Latest and Greatest Short Novel The SCARLET PLAGUE Begins in the FREE MAGAZINE GIVEN WITH NEXT SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

Militants Fire Hay And Farm Buildings

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 29.—Having terrorized most of the cities of England, the militant suffragettes now are paying their attentions to the rural districts.

Three fires were reported to-day from farms near Richmond. Haystacks and farm buildings were burned and about the ruins were scattered placards and copies of The Suffragette.

NOTTINGHAM, ENGLAND, May 29.—Suffragettes set fire to the freight sheds in the railroad terminal here to-day. The fire was extinguished after $5,000 damage was done.

Boston Entertains Atlanta Old Guard

BOSTON, May 29.—Members of the Old Guard of Atlanta, in Boston to attend Memorial Day exercises, were guests Thursday of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company.

The Confederates were given an automobile ride to Lexington and Concord and a visit to the estate of Colonel Everett C. Benton, of Belmont. Friday the visitors from the South will go to the State House, place a floral tribute on the sailors' and soldiers' monument on Boston Common and in the afternoon take luncheon with E. W. Kinsley, a distinguished G. A. R. veteran.

Shot His Neighbor; Gets Year in Jail

MACON, GA., May 29.—Mallary Bedingfield, found guilty of shooting at another because of the shooting of his next-door neighbor, Ferd Guttenberger, whom he claims he mistook for a burglar, this morning was sentenced as for a misdemeanor, being given twelve months or a fine of $200. The jury was out five hours and returned its verdict last night at 10 o'clock.

Guttenberger recovered, although a bullet passed through his body.

Tariff Bill Delay Likely To Be Avoided

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Conferences between members of the Senate Finance Committee and members of the lower house who were in charge of various sections of the Underwood tariff bill will be the rule until the bill reaches the floor of the Senate.

The sub-committees were working on the bill to-day in secret session. If agreement can be reached between the tariff experts of the two houses the chances of long delay in conference will be avoided.

Gibson Jury Unable To Agree on Verdict

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 29.—After having been out all night, the jury in the trial of Burton W. Gibson, the New York lawyer charged with strangling Countess Rosa Menschik Szabo on Greenwood Lake July 16, 1912, to secure her estate, was still deadlocked this morning.

It was rumored that the jurors stood 11 to 1 for conviction.

The jury in Gibson's first trial disagreed.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Fair Thursday and Friday.

RAIL BOARD ORDERS CARS FOR RUSH CROWDS

Many Changes in Schedules Also Directed in the State Commission's Mandate.

General improvement in the street car service in Atlanta furnished the Georgia Railway and Power Company was ordered by the State Railroad Commission shortly afternoon Thursday. Practically every line operated by the company is included in the list. The order specifies particularly the service rendered during rush hours.

The order, which will benefit thousands of persons who are compelled to use the street cars, was issued after several conferences between the Railroad Commission and President Arkwright, of the Georgia Railway and Power Company.

On May 5 Chairman Murphey Candler addressed a letter to Mr. Arkwright asking him to make suggestions for the betterment of the service during rush hours. This letter was replied to on May 23 by Mr. Arkwright, his letter going much into detail.

Suggestions made by Mr. Arkwright were considered at sessions of the commission Tuesday and Wednesday, during which time they were in conference with the street railway officials. It is understood that the order of the commission is agreeable to the company. The improvement of service will begin within the next few days.

Improvements Ordered.

Here are the improvements ordered:

ROUTE NO 2—Copenhill to Westview. Rearrangement of schedules so as to space the headway between cars now operated more nearly to four minutes and secure a more oven distribution of the traffic loads. Counts of actual loads at peak points to be made during next five months and filed with the commission, so as to secure accurate information as to whether there is excessive congestion.

ROUTE NO. 4—Inman Park-Georgia Avenue. A three and one-third minute headway during morning and afternoon rush hours, on Inman Par end, with the Georgia Avenue end provided for by increased service on Route No. 5.

ROUTE NO. 5—West Peachtree and South Pryor. Additional cars between Sixth Street crossing on West Peachtree and Bass Street crossing on South Pryor, so as to give, during the morning and afternoon rush hours, a service with five minutes' headway.

ROUTE NO. 6—Forrest Avenue and Capitol Avenue. Actual counts to be made during morning and afternoon rush hours, at two peak points, during next five months, to accurately ascertain degree of congestion, if any, on this route.

ROUTE NO. 8—Fair and Marietta Streets. The afternoon rush hour service on this line has been recently extended from 6:30 to 7 p. m., and schedules now established more regularly sustained. Counts of traffic loads to be made on this route, as directed on No. 6.

ROUTE NO. 10—Whitehall and Peachtree: Increased service so as to provide for cars every three and one-third minutes, and extension of afternoon rush hour service to 9 p. m.

Suburban Service.

ROUTE NO. 17—Main Decatur. Additional tripper cars to Hayes

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

The Interrupted Joy Rider; or, Wifey Was Under the Seat

MACON, GA., May 29.—A master plumber, his pretty young wife and his equally pretty stenographer were the participants in a domestic drama, with a comedy vein, this week.

The man, well known and well to do, aroused his wife's suspicions by requesting a hurried supper Tuesday night. When he declined to tell her where he was going after supper her suspicion was intensified.

When he departed in his automobile his wife was in the back tonneau under a rug.

The auto went to the home of the stenographer, who took the seat beside her employer, and thus they sped out into the country. When five miles out their conversation became so interesting that the wife could not conceal herself longer. Rising, she began wielding a poker.

She severely beat her husband and the pretty stenographer before the machine was stopped and they jumped out.

On the return home the stenographer occupied the rear seat, and the wife sat beside her crestfallen husband.

A divorce suit is expected.

Taft Scores U. S. for "Lamb-Like" Policy

NEW HAVEN, May 29.—Former President Taft delivered his first lecture at Yale on the general topic, "Some Questions of Modern Government." He criticised the short sighted policy of the United States in not maintaining a sufficient army, and attacked the United States Senate for its attitude toward foreign nations.

"The policy of this country seems to be the Lord looks after the children and the drunken men and He ought to look after the United States," said Mr. Taft.

Big American Liner On Rock Off England

LIVERPOOL, May 29.—The American liner Haverford, bound from Liverpool to Philadelphia with a big passenger list, went aground on Daunt Rock in a dense fog to-day while making the port of Queenstown.

A wireless call for help was sent out and tugs were rushed to the assistance of the ship.

Mill Employees of Gov. Foss on Strike

BOSTON, May 29.—Fifteen hundred employees of the Sturtevant Blower Works and the Becker Milling Company's plant, concerns in which Governor Eugene N. Foss is largely interested, went on strike to-day.

The strike practically tied up both plants.

Don't Forget! Friday Is Market Basket Day

This popular feature of The Georgian, which saves the thrifty housewife time, worry and money, appears again Friday.

Profit by Reading It

WILL AGAIN COMMAND CONFEDERATE VETS

General Bennett Young, of Kentucky.

PROGRESSIVE AIDS 2-WARSHIP PLAN

Representative Stephens, on the Naval Affairs Committee, Now Favors Stronger Fleet.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Representative Stephens, Progressive, of California, who has been assigned to the House Naval Affairs Committee, declared to-day he would vote for the construction of two battleships at the next session of Congress.

"I am in favor of a big navy," said Stephens, "and I believe in maintaining the navy in its present efficient status. If the navy officials decide they need two battleships next year, or even more, I shall be in sympathy with whatever they recommend."

Stephens favors the stationing of a battleship force on the Pacific Coast large enough for all emergencies.

Ohio Man Guest of Kaiser at Royal Fete

CLEVELAND, OHIO, May 29.—Paul Werner, of Cleveland, is on his way to New York to sail for Berlin, where he will be the personal guest of Kaiser Wilhelm during the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the ascension of the Kaiser to the throne of Germany.

All of Werner's expenses for the trip were included with the invitation.

JACKSON TO MAKE ATLANTA HIS HOME

Retiring Collector of Revenue Announces He Will Represent Northern Banking Houses.

Henry S. Jackson, whose resignation as Collector of Internal Revenue takes effect July 1, will remain in Atlanta as Southern representative for Chicago, Pittsburg and New York banking houses. At first he will retain his present office in the Inman Building, but later will take a suite in one of Atlanta's new office buildings.

Already Mr. Jackson is transacting financial business. Thursday he negotiated a loan of $150,000 in behalf of an Atlanta building enterprise.

"I shall retain my interest in political affairs," said Mr. Jackson, "and shall continue as Republican national committeeman from Georgia."

Mr. Jackson opposes a reduction of Southern representation in Republican national conventions.

Under Mr. Jackson revenues here increased 25 per cent, against a 3 per cent increase throughout the United States.

Jack London's new story, "The Scarlet Plague," begins in the American Monthly Magazine given free with every copy of next Sunday's American.

BURNS HIMSELF TO MAKE INVESTIGATION OF PHAGAN SLAYING

Noted Detective Gets Evidence Unearthed by His Operatives---Negro Conley Deeper in Suspicion---Statements Conflict in Every Instance.

With the maze of contradictory statements sweeping an avalanche of suspicion upon the head of James Conley, the negro sweeper, the potent information was unearthed Thursday that Detective William J. Burns personally will take charge of the investigation into the Mary Phagan murder case which his operatives have been conducting.

Despite the published report that the Burns operatives had withdrawn from the case, and despite the procedure of the State in prosecuting its case against Leo M. Frank, the pencil factory superintendent, the Burns' investigation will continue and from now on under the famous detectives direction.

This information came from Detective C. W. Tobie, William J. Burns' lieutenant, Thursday morning. It tends to show that Tobie, who has had charge of his agency's investigation here, does not consider the case as closed.

Mr. Tobie went so far as to deny emphatically the published interview with him, in which he was quoted as declaring Frank to be the guilty man.

Takes Evidence to Burns.

"From the evidence so far developed in the Phagan case, guilt is directed at Frank," the detective said with emphasis. "That was my statement. However, I was quoted as saying outright that Frank committed the murder. That was not true."

Mr. Tobie left Atlanta Thursday afternoon. He carried with him the evidence which he has gathered during his two weeks' probe of the case. He is going to New York. He will meet Burns there and place his material into the noted detective's hands. From then on Detective Burns will direct his operatives as to further investigations to be outlined by him.

This information but proves another link in the chain of circumstances which The Georgian has consistently pointed out in its elimination of Frank from possibility of the crime and the more serious incrimination of Conley.

Negro Deeper in Suspicion.

With each cross-examination of the negro by the police in their attempts to secure more evidence against Frank, Conley has only ensnared himself in guilt. His admitted falsehoods in former affidavits tending to throw the blame to Frank in connection with the "murder" notes have been accentuated as incriminating by the unqualified declarations of employees at the pencil factory that Conley is the guilty man.

Three responsible officials of the plant have outlined plausible theories as to how the negro could have committed the crime. These men, Herbert G. Schiff, who is assistant superintendent; E. F. Holloway, timekeeper, and N. V. Darley, general foreman, are acquainted with Conley. Upon their knowledge of him and the opportunity offered for accomplishing the murder they base their statements that he is guilty. They have proven beyond a doubt that Conley was in the factory for several hours on the day of the murder, and connecting with this the negro's contradictory statements as to his whereabouts they have compiled [illegible]

Women Call Riding Astride Ban Silly

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Washington horsewomen consider General J. P. Hickman's order forbidding women to ride astride in the parade of the reunion of Confederate veterans at Chattanooga old-fashioned and out of date.

"I think the order foolish," said Mrs. Burleson, wife of Lieutenant Richard C. Burleson, of Fort Myer. "I am a Southern woman, but the new way of riding cross-saddle is much preferable."

3 in New York Face The Fate of Walker

NEW YORK, May 29.—Three cases of poisoning by the accidental swallowing of bichloride of mercury tablets under circumstances similar to the fatal case of B. Sanders Walker, of Macon, Ga., engaged the attention of New York doctors to-day.

The victims are Mrs. Rae Chesman, wife of a Bronx druggist; Mrs. Lawrance Simmons, of Rockaway Beach, L. I., a bride of three months, and Miss Emma Mamml, of the Bronx.

Scandal Forces Out High British Official

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 29.—Sir Rufus Isaacs, Attorney General of England, has tendered his resignation to Premier Asquith in consequence of the notoriety his name has attained in connection with the Marconi exposures.

The Jewish Express states that the Premier has refused to accept the resignation, but that it has not been withdrawn.

Self-Defense Plea Of Columbus Slayer

COLUMBUS, GA., May 29.—Walter Duke, a well-known Columbus young man, last night shot and killed Perry Argo, who came here recently from Cochran, Ga. Argo died en route to the city hospital. Duke was arrested and locked up to await a preliminary hearing. There were no eyewitnesses to the killing.

Duke claims self-defense. No statement was made by Argo before he died.

MAZE OF LIES BY CONLEY CLOUD MYSTERY

Police, Despite Conflicting Affidavits, Call Him Strong Witness Against Frank.

Continued From Page 1.

laudable explanation of how he killed the Phagan girl.

Give Credence to Story.

The detectives still held firmly to their theory that the negro was the most important witness against Leo M. Frank, in the face of the contradictory stories and lies in which he had been trapped

They were strongly disposed to give full credence to Conley's second affidavit, although the negro's sudden anxiety to talk after three weeks of silence and the maze of falsehood in which he was at once involved served suddenly to shift the responsibility for Mary Phagan's death from Leo Frank to the sullen black man, in the judgment of many who have been following the evidence closely.

Chief Lanford and Detective Harry Scott, of the Pinkertons, announced Thursday morning, however, that they regarded the second affidavit of Conley as the final and conclusive piece of evidence needed in preparing a case against Frank.

Rejected First Affidavit.

Others who have weighed the evidence carefully declare there are many more significant indications that Conley was the slayer than there are reasons to believe that Frank is guilty.

The detectives rejected the first affidavit of Conley, in which he said Frank dictated Friday the notes that were found by the body of the slain girl Sunday morning on the ground that it was absurd and unbelievable to hold the theory that the murder was premeditated.

Yet they accept the second affidavit, which indicates identically the same thing, in that Frank met Conley at Nelson and Forsyth Streets before 11 o'clock Saturday morning, April 26, before the crime was committed, and told the negro to wait for him, later taking Conley to the factory with him, where Conley says that he wrote the notes at Frank's direction.

The negro in his second affidavit suggests no other motive that could have impelled Frank to ask him to come to the factory shortly before noon on Saturday. Conley says that Frank told him to wait secreted on the first floor until he heard a whistle. When he heard the whistle he says he went upstairs and Frank dictated the notes.

Why Many Suspect Conley.

All of this is inescapably suggestive of premeditation on the part of Frank, if Conley's story is to be believed, but the theory of premeditation has been scoffed at by everyone, including Chief Lanford and Harry Scott.

In fact, it never seriously was considered by anyone, say those who are inclined to believe the evidence against Conley greatly outweighs that against Frank. The assertion is freely made that it would be far easier to convict Conley, if the police were so disposed, than it will be to convict Frank. Here are a few reasons advanced:

When the factory superintendent was permitted to go before the Coroner's jury by his attorney, he answered all the questions in a straightforward, unwavering manner, never once being trapped in a lie or misstatement.

In marked contrast is the conduct of Conley ever since his arrest at the time of the inquest three weeks ago. When discovered at the factory, he was washing a shirt which he sought to hide from the person who had found him out.

He was taken into custody and gave his address as 92 Tattnall Street. Investigation disclosed that Conley was lying and that he had not lived on Tattnall Street for months, his actual residence being 172 Rhodes Street.

He was asked to write, and he told the officers he could not write a word. He refused to be inveigled into making an attempt at handwriting of any sort. He would not put a pencil to paper that the detectives might get a specimen of his penmanship. For a long time they believed he was so ignorant he could not write his own name. Then they found some leases he had signed for watches and knew that he had been lying again.

Just as the Grand Jury was about to sit and it appeared likely that Frank would be indicted, the negro broke his silence for the first time. He told the detectives that it was he who had written the notes, but that he had written them at Frank's dictation on Friday, April 25. Frank had approached him in an aisle at the factory and had asked him to come into the office, he said. He remembered that it was four minutes before 1 o'clock.

That he had been at the factory Saturday he denied emphatically. Between 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon he had been on Peters Street, according to his story.

The detectives ridiculed his story and continued examining. Gradually he broke down under their questioning, and it was established that he had been lying again and that he actually had been in the factory Saturday, presumably at the very time the girl was murdered. This was the first time his presence in the factory on Saturday had been known.

Admitted Hiding in Plant.

He had kept it a most profound secret up to the time it was gouged out of him by the detectives. He weakened further and admitted that he had been hiding down on the first floor as persons went in and out.

He described practically every person that entered or left the factory between 12 and 1 o'clock. But he declared that he did not see Mary Phagan when she came in the building. Out of all who entered or left, the murdered girl and Lemmie Quinn appear to be the only ones he missed seeing, according to his story.

He explained this by saying that he must have fallen asleep for a little while. He saw Miss Corinthia Hall and Mrs. Freeman leave a few minutes before 1 o'clock, but did not see Mary Phagan enter about five minutes after the hour. Neither did he see Lemmie Quinn, who is said to have been at the factory about 12:15.

If the negro's final affidavit is taken as nearer the probable truth than his first, those who are acquainted with Frank are of the opinion that there are still most important questions to be answered convincingly. They are these, assuming that Frank is guilty:

"Why should a man of Frank's intelligence—a man who is highly educated and who has won a position of responsibility—virtually make a confidant of another man, especially an ignorant negro, easily broken down by the third degree of the police station?

"Why should a man of sense, if he wished to keep his crime undiscovered, proclaim it to the negro, in his office by the question: 'Why should I hang?'

"Why should he approach this negro more than an hour before this crime was committed?

"Why Resort to Notes?"

"Finally, why should a man of intelligence have recourse to notes at all when he would know they ultimately would serve to fasten the crime on the guilty person rather than to divert suspicion?"

If the detectives follow out their intention of using Conley as a material witness, it is regarded as likely that they will have difficulty in obtaining the acceptance of his affidavit and testimony in view of the many lies in which he has been trapped. The repudiation of the first affidavit, even on the representation that he set the date originally on Friday because of the fear that he would be hanged if admitting he was in the factory Saturday, is thought to render the second affidavit practically worthless, so far as its legal weight is concerned.

The fact that the detectives have corroborated Conley's description in his second affidavit of the persons he saw while he said he was in hiding on the first floor only more firmly establishes in the judgment of many the fact that Conley was at the factory the afternoon of the murder and had as favorable an opportunity to attack and kill Mary Phagan as Leo Frank had.

The corroboration, in their opinion, does not add one jot to the possibility that Frank might have dictated the notes.

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Thursday, May 29, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

STAY ON YOUR FEET

Taking Calomel Means Staying Home for the Day—Take Dodson's Liver Tone and Save a Day's Work.

If an attack of constipation or biliousness hits you, there's no need to take a dose of calomel and spend at least a day getting over the effects of it. All druggists sell the liver tonic, Dodson's Liver Tone, that takes the place of calomel and starts a lazy liver without any bad after-effects.

Dodson's Liver Tone does all the good that calomel ever did, yet it is absolutely harmless to young people and old. It is a pleasant-tasting vegetable liquid that will relieve constipation or sour stomach or other troubles that go along with a lazy liver, without restriction of habit or diet. You don't leave off any of the things you regularly do when you take Dodson's Liver Tone.

All druggists sell Dodson's Liver Tone and give it a strong personal guarantee. They say, "A large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone sells for 50 cents, and we will hand any person back his 50 cents if he tries a bottle and doesn't say that it does all that calomel ever does and does it pleasantly. Get the genuine Dodson's Liver Tone and if you are not pleased with it we will give your money back with a smile."

White City Park Now Open

Save money NOW on Furniture at High's.

Hear Dr. George R. Stuart on "Lop-Sided Folks," Baptist Tabernacle, Friday, May 30. Admission 25c.

FREE, NEXT SUNDAY.
The American Sunday Monthly Magazine, containing the first chapters of Jack London's new story, is GIVEN FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

BETTER SERVICE ON CAR LINES ORDERED

Railroad Commission Directs the Company to Provide for the Rush-Hour Crowds.

Continued From Page 1.

Street, so as to give service to that point with three and one-third minute headway, and from there to Decatur on five minutes headway during morning and afternoon rush hours, with extension of service on ten-minute headway from end of afternoon rush hour period to 9:30 p. m., in lieu of present twenty-minute headway. After 9:30 p. m. the twenty-minute headway will be operated as now.

ROUTE NO. 19—River Line: Extra cars on Sundays during summer months to accommodate extra traffic. Counts of traffic loads to be made on this route week days, as directed on other named routes, to accurately ascertain measure of regular traffic.

ROUTE NO. 20—College Park, East Point and Hapeville: Actual counts of week-day loads at peak points to be made during next five months, to ascertain accurately if there is over-congestion in regular traffic.

ROUTE NO. 23—Buckhead Line: Tripper service previously ordered by the commission to Sixth Street on West Peachtree has been recently extended by the company to Dead Man's Curve, the end of double track, which gives local service this far on a ten-minute headway during rush hours and to that extent relieves congestion on the Buckhead cars. In addition, double-headers in the morning and afternoon hours, for congestion during those hours arising out of construction work in the northern part of the city, are operated and will be continued as necessity demands. Counts, during morning and afternoon rush hours, for the next five months, of actual loads at the peak point of the Buckhead line, have been ordered, and will determine the necessity of further relief on this route.

GEORGIA NEWS IN BRIEF

Griffin Elks Give 'Cue.

JACKSON.—The Jackson members of the Griffin Lodge of Elks gave a barbecue Wednesday at Mallet's Springs.

Jackson Official Ill.

JACKSON.—Judge J. A. McMichael, City Clerk and Treasurer and veteran Justice of the Peace of the Sixth Hundred and Twelfth District of Butts County, is confined to his home.

Superintendent Brittain to Speak.

BAXLEY.—The commencement exercises of the Baxley High School close to-night when the baccalaureate address will be made by Professor M. L. Brittain, State Superintendent of Schools.

White Men Sentenced.

COLUMBUS.—Judge Gilbert has sentenced three white men, W. A. Waters, Joe Smith and William Howard, to serve terms of six months each on the State Farm for violating the prohibition law.

Two Standard Schools.

COLUMBUS.—According to a report issued from the office of M. L. Brittain, State School Superintendent, there are only two public schools in Muscogee County entitled to be rated as standard.

75 Indictments Returned.

COLUMBUS.—The Grand Jury for the May term of the Superior Court has already returned 75 true bills for the term, among them being three for murder and a large number for violating the prohibition law.

A wonderful magazine given FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

SLAIN WOMAN'S SISTER THINKS SON INNOCENT

Mrs. Pearl Hartley, Prostrated by Shock, Declares Robbery Was Motive for Crime.

Continued From Page 1.

yesterday morning. When he drove me from home to the car line Sunday morning when I started to Chattanooga he told me he might be up there before the reunion was over.

"Yesterday afternoon the landlady told me the house had burned down. She knew Wade, and she told me she saw him in front of her house yesterday morning, wearing overalls just as when he is said to have left home. Two boys were with him, but they didn't go in the house. Wade was in Chattanooga when my wife and daughter were murdered, and he couldn't have done it."

Goes to See Ruins.

Leaving Carson & Treadwell's office, Mr. Stevens said he was going to the ruins of his home. He first visited the Patterson undertaking establishment and arranged for the funeral of his wife and daughter. Both bodies will be taken to Meansville, Ga., at 4 o'clock Friday morning, to be buried in the family lot, where Mrs. Stevens' father and mother both have been interred in the last two years.

Lonnie Blevins, 17 years old, who says he left San Francisco for Tampa and from there came to Atlanta, is held at police headquarters to-day. He said he arrived in Atlanta last Friday. He was detained because he could not give a connected story. The police attach little significance to his arrest or his presence in Atlanta.

Tells of Attempted Attack.

An important clew, given Sheriff J. A. McCurdy, of DeKalb County, who is in charge of the investigation, was revealed in the statement of a neighbor to the effect that a Mexican halfbreed, formerly employed by Mrs. Stevens, had attempted to attack Nellie Stevens some time ago.

This declaration was made by Miss Josephine McCaulay, 790 Glennwood Avenue, an intimate friend of both the slain mother and daughter. Miss McCaulay said that only a few days ago Mrs. Stevens had told her of shooting at the discharged halfbreed when he appeared at the country home. Mrs. Stevens had said that she fired twice at the man, and that he escaped into the clump of woods adjoining the house. Sheriff McCurdy has ordered a country-wide search made for the halfbreed.

Discovery Wednesday morning that Mr. Stevens had purchased an axe some days ago offers a possible clew to the weapon used by the murderer in crushing the skulls of his victims. The axe is, so far, missing, though the ruins of the burned dwelling and surrounding vicinity have been carefully searched for it.

Ax Apparently Used.

The sharp, knifelike cut across the top of Nellie Stevens' skull seems to bear out the theory that the murderer used the ax to slay his victims.

Possibility that the weapon used by the murderer was thrown into the well near the house has lead Sheriff McCurdy to order the well dragged.

Atlanta police and detective officials have joined with the DeKalb force to solve the mystery. Detective Chief Lanford assigned Mounted Policeman Hamilton, who was a close friend of the Stevens family, and Detective Rosser to work on the case. Sheriff McCurdy obtained this reinforcement Thursday morning when he held a conference with Lanford.

A unique incident of the blaze which burned the Stevens home to ashes was revealed in the finding of fifty-seven chickens dead in a coop fifty feet away. The coop was not even scorched by the heat.

That robbery was the motive of the murderer has been established by the disappearance of jewelry and a large quantity of money which Mrs. Stevens was known to have had in the house at the time.

Woman's Jewels Missing.

Neighbors stated that Mrs. Stevens possessed a diamond ring valued at $400 and two gold watches. These are missing.

Coupled with other theories as to the murder is one which shows the work that of two negroes who were said to have been seen driving away from the burning home at sunrise Wednesday morning. The men rode in a one-horse wagon, the body of which was filled with oats. Tracks of the horse were found on a spot near the ruins. In the immediate vicinity was discovered a small pile of fresh oats. Human footprints were found nearby.

Despite the assertion that the negroes drove away, Sheriff McCurdy's men made a careful search of the woods surrounding the home, believing it highly probable that the murderer might have hidden therein to watch the burning house, and will scour the woods again to-day. Another theory is that he might have been wounded by Mrs. Stevens before he killed her, and had been forced to drag himself to the woods for escape. That the man may be lying there now is a possibility expressed by the police. The shell found in the shotgun used by Mrs. Stevens was found to have been discharged.

Sister Believes Son Innocent.

In a darkened room in a little house at 33 Dainey Street, with a physician in almost constant attendance, lies a woman prostrated by grief. Absolute quiet has been ordered by the doctor, and the anguish that tears at her heart in a silence broken only by her own sobs and the hushed patter of childish footsteps as her children play quietly about the house.

She is Mrs. Pearl Hartley, sister of Mrs. Sarah C. Stevens, whose charred body was found lying beside that of her adopted daughter, in the smoking ruins of their farm home seven miles from Atlanta. Prostrated by the shock of the tragedy, with her imagination made vivid by her suffering and grief, Mrs. Hartley is seeing in the darkness of her room the terrible happenings of that night of horror.

Mrs. Hartley's only surcease from suffering came for a few moments late Wednesday afternoon, when, under the influence of opiates administered by her physician, she recovered sufficiently to talk to a Georgian reporter. Mrs. Hartley sobbed audibly throughout the interview, and her eyes, red with weeping and reflecting the anguish that tore at her heart, emphasized her words as she cried for vengeance on the murderer.

"Why do they always murder women?" she cried. "It is terrible. Little girls are murdered when they go onto the street, and now a woman is not safe even in her own home."

Faints at News.

The notifying of Mrs. Hartley of the death of her sister and niece formed one of the most dramatic and pathetic incidents of the entire tragedy. She was downtown Wednesday morning shopping, when word came to her home on Dainey Street that her sister and niece had been murdered. Mrs. Lena Thompson, a neighbor, of 24 Dainey Street, volunteered to go downtown and find Mrs. Hartley and tell her the sad news.

After a search of an hour Mrs. Thompson found Mrs. Hartley in the Kress store on Whitehall Street. As she stood trying to locate the sister of the murdered woman in the crowd of shoppers Mrs. Hartley, warned by intuition that something was wrong, pushed through the crowd and hurried to Mrs. Thompson.

"What is it?" she cried. "What's the matter?"

Mrs. Thompson, seeking to break the news gently, told her that her sister's home had burned down and that she had been badly injured.

"It's worse than that," Mrs. Hartley cried; "I feel it! I know it is worse than that!"

She screamed and fainted in the arms of Mrs. Thompson. She was soon revived and taken to her home. Mrs. Thompson endeavored to calm her on the trip on the street car with the assurance that everything was all right.

As Mrs. Hartley entered her yard, one of her little daughters ran out of the house, tears streaming down her face.

"Oh, mamma," she cried, "Aunt Sarah and Cousin Nellie have been killed!"

With a scream, Mrs. Hartley fell to the ground in a swoon. She was picked up by Mrs. Thompson and members of her family and carried into the house. A physician was called and administered opiates. Under the influence of the medicine she was able to sit up in bed for a few moments late in the afternoon, but collapsed again when she learned that her nephew, the son of the murdered woman, was being sought by the police as the murderer of his mother.

Believes Boy Innocent.

Mrs. Hartley refused to believe the boy could be capable of so diabolical a crime.

"He may have been a bad boy," she said, "but I can not believe he would kill his mother and sister. There must be some mistake."

Mrs. Hartley advanced the theory that the murder may have been committed by some person with robbery as the motive. Mrs. Stevens was an energetic business woman, and up to the time she moved to her farm had been engaged extensively in building operations, mostly in East Atlanta. She had a number of men in her employ, and Mrs. Hartley said she often kept a considerable sum of money in her home. She said she had known her sister to have as much as $800 in her house at one time. Less than a week ago, she said, Mrs. Stevens wrote to her that she was coming to Atlanta to sell some of her property. It can not be learned that she banked the proceeds of this sale, and Mrs. Hartley's theory is that she took the money home with her; that this fact became known to some one, and that she was murdered and the house fired for purposes of robbery.

Up to about six months ago Mrs. Stevens lived in the 700 block, Boulevard, and moved to the country because of her failing health. Besides her husband and young son, Mrs. Stevens is survived by six sisters, Mrs. Pearl Hartley, Mrs. L. C. Smith, Mrs. M. A. Golden, Mrs. J. N. Patrick and Miss Lily Whattley, of Atlanta, and Mrs. W. C. Sims, of Meansville, Ga., and three brothers, Sergeant Whattley, of the Atlanta police force, and T. C. and H. T. Whattley, of Barnesville, Ga.

Rosalie Jones Quits Hiking to Fly

Suffragist 'General' in New Role

To Drop Literature From Biplane

"General" Rosalie Jones.

Yellow Circulars Will Announce Speakers for the Cause in New York Decoration Day.

NEW YORK, May 29.—"General" Rosalie Jones has added a new accomplishment to her abilities as a hiker, and on Decoration Day she will fly across Staten Island, distributing suffrage literature from an aeroplane. The general will ascend in a Wright biplane operated by Aeroplanist Brown.

If the wind is favorable her route will be marked by a trail of yellow suffrage flyers, announcing the speakers at the suffrage meeting to be held later at Oakwood Heights.

A group of Barnard girls will be present to welcome the general as she alights.

STOMACH TROUBLES
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Produces healthy activity of weak and disordered stomachs. An excellent strength builder. Adv.

We have **Beautiful Bedding Plants** *3c each.* **Atlanta Floral Co.,** *555 E. Fair Street.*

PARADE CLOSES REUNION OF VETERANS

Old Soldiers of the South March Along Chattanooga Streets Under Tattered Battle Flags.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 29.—The twenty-third annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans closed to-day with the veterans' parade, in which the old soldiers of the South marched under the tattered battle flags of half a century ago and under the Stars and Stripes of a reunited country.

Military bands furnished martial music to which the tottering old soldiers, hundreds of them in gray uniforms, tramped through the downtown streets. Grandstands along Market and Broad Streets, the principal thoroughfares traversed, were filled with visitors and Chattanoogans who lustily cheered the old veterans.

General Bennett H. Young, mounted on a Kentucky thoroughbred charger, headed the parade. General J. P. Hickman, of Nashville, commander of the Tennessee Division, was chief marshal.

Exodus of Visitors Begins.

The exodus of visitors began immediately after the parade and throughout the afternoon and night special and regular trains will be leaving the depots every hour.

The reunion festivities will come to a formal close to-night when the Sons of Confederate Veterans give their annual ball to sponsors and maids of honor at Bennett H. Young pavilion.

Several hundred veterans will go to Dalton, Ga., to-morrow to attend a reunion of General Joseph E. Johnston's army that participated in the campaign from Chattanooga to Atlanta. At this time memorial services will be held by Dalton Daughters of the Confederacy, Professor Joseph T. Derry, of Atlanta, being the orator.

To Decorate Federal Graves.

Several hundred of the Confederate veterans will remain in Chattanooga to-morrow and participate in the Grand Army of the Republic Memorial Day exercises at the National Cemetery, where several thousand Federal soldiers are buried.

This afternoon "The Pied Piper of Hamelintown" will be presented as a pageant at Warner Park by several hundred Chattanooga children.

Young Again Commander.

General Bennett H. Young, of Kentucky, commander-in-chief; General Theodore S. Garnett, of Virginia, commander of the Army of Northern Virginia Department; General George P. Harrison, of Alabama, commander of the Army of Tennessee Department, and General K. M. VanZandt, of Texas, commander of the Trans-Mississippi Department, were re-elected, and Jacksonville, Fla., was chosen for the 1914 reunion by the veterans at the principal business session of the reunion late yesterday afternoon. Next year's gathering will be the first reunion held in Florida. Jacksonville defeated Nashville, its nearest competitor, which has had two reunions, by a vote of almost 2 to 1. Houston, Texas, and Tulsa, Okla., received scattering votes. The selection was then made unanimous.

"Turkey Trot" and "Virginia Reel."

A parade by the Sons of Veterans yesterday afternoon and a ball for the veterans at Bennett H. Young Pavilion last night were features that attracted the interest of the thousands of sponsors, maids of honor and other visitors. At the ball the Virginia reel and quadrille of 50 years ago were danced between snatches of the present-day "turkey trot" and two-step.

JACK LONDON'S *Latest and Greatest Serial Novel* **The SCARLET PLAGUE** *Begins in the* **FREE MAGAZINE GIVEN WITH NEXT SUNDAY'S AMERICAN**

Grounded German Battleship in Peril

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

DANZIG, GERMANY, May 29.—Danzig harbor was all but closed to-day by the German dreadnought Konig Albert, which went aground Monday and which has swung across the mouth of the Vistula River, preventing all but the smallest vessels from entering or leaving.

The position of the warship is dangerous owing to the drifting silt which is threatening to sandlock the ship.

9 Property Owners In Macon Vice Net

MACON, GA., May 29.—Nine Macon property owners, five of whom are prominent in business and society, have been indicted for leasing houses for immoral purposes. They are J. Clay Murphey, Eden Taylor, Jr., Sam C. Moore, L. O. Stevens, Sam Dunlap, H. Kessler, Dan O'Connell, J. W. Ford and H. D. Kaplan.

These indictments are part of the Grand Jury crusade against the restricted district.

$480 FOR WASHINGTON'S HAIR.

NEW YORK, May 29.—A lock of George Washington's hair brought $480 at an auction sale here.

$3.50 Recipe Free, For Weak Men

Send Name and Address To-day—You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous.

I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weakened manhood, failing memory and lame back, brought on by excesses, unnatural drains, or the follies of youth, that has cured so many worn and nervous men right in their own homes—without any additional help or medicine—that I think every man who wishes to regain his manly power and virility, quickly and quietly, should have a copy. So I have determined to send a copy of the prescription free of charge, in a plain, ordinary sealed envelope, to any man who will write me for it.

This prescription comes from a physician who has made a special study of men, and I am convinced it is the surest-acting combination for the cure of deficient manhood and vigor failure ever put together.

I think I owe it to my fellow-men to send them a copy in confidence so that any man anywhere who is weak and discouraged with repeated failures may stop drugging himself with harmful patent medicines, secure what I believe is the quickest acting restorative, up-building, SPOT-TOUCHING remedy ever devised, and so cure himself at home quietly and quickly. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, 4276 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send you a copy of this splendid recipe in a plain, ordinary envelope free of charge. A great many doctors would charge $3.00 to $5.00 for merely writing out a prescription like this—but I send it entirely free.

Every Man Likes Pie

And every man can eat it without taking a moment's thought about digestion when the pie crust is light, flaky, tender as you can make it with

Swift's Silver-Leaf Lard

This recipe makes perfect pie crust. Try it:

Mix ½ teaspoon salt into 1½ cups flour; work in ½ cup Swift's Silver-Leaf Lard, moisten with water, roll out. Spread with tablespoonful Swift's Silver-Leaf Lard, dredge with flour, roll up like jelly roll, pat and roll out, roll up again and cut off enough for lower crust. Roll out remainder for upper crust and when ready for oven put few small dots Silver-Leaf Lard on top.

Shortening that makes good pie crust will make tasty pastry of all kinds. **Swift's Silver-Leaf Lard** is put up in tight covered, new tin pails. Every one bears the Government inspection stamp guaranteeing the purity and wholesomeness of the lard. Buy a pail.

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THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results

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HOME EDITION

BURNS HIMSELF WILL TAKE UP INVESTIGATION OF PHAGAN SLAYING CASE

Noted Detective Gets Evidence Unearthed by His Operatives---Negro Conley Deeper in Suspicion---Statements Conflict in Every Instance.

With the maze of contradictory statements sweeping an avalanche of suspicion upon the head of James Conley, the negro sweeper, the potent information was unearthed Thursday that Detective William J. Burns personally will take charge of the investigation into the Mary Phagan murder case which his operatives have been conducting.

Despite the published report that the Burns operatives had withdrawn from the case, and despite the procedure of the State in prosecuting its case against Leo M. Frank, the pencil factory superintendent, the Burns' investigation will continue and from now on be under the famous detective's direction.

This information came from Detective C. W. Tobie, William J. Burns' lieutenant, Thursday morning. It tends to show that Tobie, who has had charge of his agency's investigation here, does not consider the case as closed.

Mr. Tobie went so far as to deny emphatically the published interview with him, in which he was quoted as declaring Frank to be the guilty man.

Takes Evidence to Burns.

"From the evidence so far developed in the Phagan case, guilt is directed at Frank," the detective said with emphasis. "That was my statement. However, I was quoted as saying outright that Frank committed the murder. That was not true."

Mr. Tobie left Atlanta Thursday afternoon. He carried with him the evidence which he has gathered during his two weeks' probe of the case. He is going to New York. He will meet Burns there and place his material into the noted detective's hands. From then on Detective Burns will direct his operatives as to further investigations to be outlined by him.

This information but proves another link in the chain of circumstances which The Georgian has consistently pointed out in serious incrimination of Conley.

Negro Deeper in Suspicion.

With each cross-examination of the negro by the police in their attempts to secure more evidence against Frank, Conley has only insnared himself in guilt. His admitted falsehoods in former affidavits tending to throw the blame to Frank in connection with the "murder" notes have been accentuated as incriminating by the unqualified declarations of employees at the pencil factory that Conley is the guilty man.

Three responsible officials of the plant have outlined plausible theories as to how the negro could have committed the crime. These men, Herbert G. Schiff, who is assistant superintendent; E. F. Holloway, timekeeper, and N. V. Darley, general foreman, are acquainted with Conley. Upon their knowledge of him and the opportunity offered for accomplishing the murder they base their statements that he is guilty. They have proven beyond a doubt that Conley was in the factory for several hours on the day of the murder, and connecting with this the negro's contradictory statements as to his whereabouts they have compiled a most laudable explanation of how he killed the Phagan girl.

Give Credence to Story.

The detectives still hold firmly to their theory that the negro was the most important witness against Leo M. Frank, in the face of the contradictory stories and lies in which he had been trapped.

They were strongly disposed to give full credence to Conley's second affidavit, although the negro's sudden anxiety to talk after three weeks of silence and the maze of falsehood in which he was at once involved served suddenly to shift the responsibility for Mary Phagan's death from Leo Frank to the sullen black man, in the judgment of many who have been following the evidence closely.

Chief Lanford and Detective Harry Scott, of the Pinkertons, announced Thursday morning, however, that they regarded the second affidavit of Conley as the final and conclusive piece of evidence needed in preparing a case against Frank.

Rejected First Affidavit.

Others who have weighed the evidence carefully declare there are many more significant indications that Conley was the slayer than there are

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

Mercer President Leads War on Frats

MACON, GA., May 29.—President S. Y. Jameson, of Mercer University, will himself, at the factulty meeting this afternoon, introduce a resolution to abolish the Greek letter fraternities at Mercer University. The preamble of his resolution reads:

"Whereas the Baptists, immemorially standing for a State without a king and a church without a bishop, have been apostles of liberty and equality, and whereas Greek letter fraternities are undemocratic in their very constitution as well as management, thereby creating class distinctions based on other grounds than merit and ability; therefore, be it resolved," etc.

It is believed that this sounds the deathknell of fraternities at Mercer.

Gambling in Food Under Senate's Ban

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The essential features of the Cummins bill to tax gambling in "all products of the soil, meats and provisions of all kinds" out of existence will be incorporated in the Underwood tariff bill by the Senate.

The amendment becomes germane to a tariff bill because it is designed, ostensibly, to raise revenue. The tax imposed is so high that no revenue would be collected and gambling operations would be prohibited through taxation.

Negro's Body Hangs In Court House Yard

AUGUSTA, GA., May 29.—What is left of the body of Richard Henry Austin, South Carolina negro desperado, to-day hangs to a tree in the court house square at Hampton, S. C. Before the body was suspended the head, one arm, the fingers and toes had been chopped off.

Austin died last night en route from Savannah to Hampton, having been fatally wounded by his captors near Newington, Ga., Tuesday night.

Austin assaulted a white woman and killed three white men near Hampton before he escaped several weeks ago.

Quarrel With Woman Results in Slaying

CLARKESVILLE, GA., May 29.—J. W. Crone, of near Clayton, Ga., is in jail here to-day charged with the murder of a steel worker from Pennsylvania, at Tallulah Lodge. Crone and a woman at whose house he was living engaged in a quarrel, when the slain man interfered, resulting in a fatal duel between the two men.

Crone claims self-defense. He is 35 years old. The dead man was 55.

Cato Sells of Texas Indian Commissioner

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Cato Sells, Democratic National Committeeman from Texas, will be the next Indian Commissioner.

President Wilson decided on this appointment to-day after a conference with Senators Sheppard and Culberson of Texas.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Fair Thursday and Friday.

JACK LONDON'S Latest and Greatest Short Novel The SCARLET PLAGUE Begins in the FREE MAGAZINE GIVEN WITH NEXT SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

The Interrupted Joy Ride; or, Wifey Was Under the Seat

MACON, GA., May 29.—A master plumber, his pretty young wife and his equally pretty stenographer were the participants in a domestic drama, with a comedy vein, this week.

The man, well known and well to do, aroused his wife's suspicions by requesting a hurried supper Tuesday night. When he declined to tell her where he was going after supper her suspicion was intensified.

When he departed in his automobile his wife was in the back tonneau under a rug.

The auto went to the home of the stenographer, who took the seat beside her employer, and thus they sped out into the country. When five miles out their conversation became so interesting that the wife could not conceal herself longer. Rising, she began wielding a poker.

She severely beat her husband and the pretty stenographer before the machine was stopped and they jumped out.

On the return home the stenographer occupied the rear seat and the wife sat beside her crestfallen husband.

A divorce suit is expected.

Boston Entertains Atlanta Old Guard

BOSTON, May 29.—Members of the Old Guard of Atlanta, in Boston to attend Memorial Day exercises, were guests Thursday of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company.

The Confederates were given an automobile ride to Lexington and Concord and a visit to the estate of Colonel Everett C. Benton, of Belmont. Friday the visitors from the South will go to the State House, place a floral tribute on the sailors' and soldiers' monument on Boston Common and in the afternoon take luncheon with E. W. Kinsley, a distinguished G. A. R. veteran.

Women Call Riding Astride Ban Silly

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Washington horsewomen consider General J. P. Hickman's order forbidding women to ride astride in the parade of the reunion of Confederate veterans at Chattanooga old-fashioned and out of date.

"I think the order foolish," said Mrs. Burleson, wife of Lieutenant Richard C. Burleson, of Fort Myer. "I am a Southern woman, but the new way of riding cross-saddle is much preferable."

3 in New York Face The Fate of Walker

NEW YORK, May 29.—Three cases of poisoning by the accidental swallowing of bichloride of mercury tablets under circumstances similar to the fatal case of B. Sanders Walker, of Macon, Ga., engaged the attention of New York doctors to-day.

The victims are Mrs. Rae Chesman, wife of a Bronx druggist; Mrs. Lawrance Simmons, of Rockaway Beach, L. I., a bride of three months, and Miss Emma Mammi, of the Bronx.

Don't Forget!

Friday Is

Market Basket

Day

This popular feature of The Georgian, which saves the thrifty housewife time, worry and money, appears again Friday.

Profit by Reading It

RAIL BOARD ORDERS CARS FOR RUSH CROWDS

Many Changes in Schedules Also Directed in the State Commission's Mandate.

SUBURBAN, AS WELL AS CITY LINES, TO BENEFIT

Improvements To Be Made Within Next Few Days—Frequent Conferences Held.

General improvement in the street car service in Atlanta furnished by the Georgia Railway and Power Company was ordered by the State Railroad Commission shortly after noon Thursday. Practically every line operated by the company is included in the list. The order specifies particularly the service rendered during rush hours.

The order, which will benefit thousands of persons who are compelled to use the street cars, was issued after several conferences between the Railroad Commission and President Arkwright, of the Georgia Railway and Power Company.

On May 5 Chairman Murphey Candler addressed a letter to Mr. Arkwright asking him to make suggestions for the betterment of the service during rush hours. This letter was replied to on May 23 by Mr. Arkwright, his letter going much into detail.

Suggestions made by Mr. Arkwright were considered at sessions of the commission Tuesday and Wednesday, during which time they were in conference with the street railway officials. It is understood that the order of the commission is agreeable to the company. The improvement of service will begin within the next few days.

Improvements Ordered.

Here are the improvements ordered:

ROUTE NO. 2—Copenhill to Westview. Rearrangement of schedules so as to space the headway between cars now operated more nearly to four minutes and secure a more even distribution of the traffic loads. Counts of actual loads at peak points to be made during next five months and filed with the commission, so as to secure accurate information as to whether there is excessive congestion.

ROUTE NO. 4—Inman Park-Georgia Avenue. A three and one-third minute headway during morning and afternoon rush hours, on Inman Par end, with the Georgia Avenue end provided for by increased service on Route No. 5.

ROUTE NO. 5—West Peachtree and South Pryor. Additional cars between Sixth Street crossing on West Peachtree and Bass Street crossing on South Pryor, so as to give, during the morning and afternoon rush hours, a service with five minutes' headway.

ROUTE NO. 6—Forrest Avenue and Capitol Avenue. Actual counts to be made during morning and afternoon rush hours, at two peak points, during next five months, to accurately ascertain degree of congestion, if any, on this route.

ROUTE NO. 8—Fair and Marietta Streets. The afternoon rush hour service on this line has been recently extended from 6:30 to 7 p. m., and schedules now established more regularly sustained. Counts of traffic loads to be made on this route, as directed on No. 6.

ROUTE NO. 10—Whitehall and Peachtree. Increased service so as to provide for cars every three and one-third minutes, and extension of afternoon rush hour service to 9 p. m.

Suburban Service.

ROUTE NO. 17—Main Decatur: Additional tripper cars to Hayes Street, so as to give service to that point with three and one-third minute headway, and from there to Decatur on five minutes headway during morning and afternoon rush hours, with extension of service on ten-minute headway from end of afternoon rush hour period to 9:30 p. m., in lieu of present twenty-minute headway. After 9:30 p. m. the twenty-minute headway will be operated as now.

ROUTE NO. 19—River Line: Extra cars on Sundays during summer months to accommodate extra traffic. Counts of traffic loads to be

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

1,400 Taken From American Liner on Rocks Off England

LIVERPOOL, May 29.—The American liner Haverford, bound from Liverpool to Philadelphia with 1,400 passengers on board, crashed upon Daunts Rock, outside of Queenstown Harbor, to-day in a thick fog.

A big hole was rammed in the ship's hold and she began to settle. Wireless calls brought help, and all the passengers were taken off.

A wireless message said the ship was in a dangerous condition.

Taft Scores U. S. for "Lamb-Like" Policy

NEW HAVEN, May 29.—Former President Taft delivered his first lecture at Yale on the general topic, "Some Questions of Modern Government." He criticised the short sighted policy of the United States in not maintaining a sufficient army, and attacked the United States Senate for its attitude toward foreign nations.

"The policy of this country seems to be the Lord looks after the children and the drunken men and He ought to look after the United States," said Mr. Taft.

Militants Fire Hay And Farm Buildings

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 29.—Having terrorized most of the cities of England, the militant suffragettes now are paying their attentions to the rural districts.

Three fires were reported to-day from farms near Richmond. Haystacks and farm buildings were burned and about the ruins were scattered placards and copies of The Suffragette.

NOTTINGHAM, ENGLAND, May 29.—Suffragettes set fire to the freight sheds in the railroad terminal here to-day. The fire was extinguished after $5,000 damage was done.

Americans Victims In London Hotel Raid

LONDON, May 29.—American tourists were among the victims of a robbery at the fashionable Hotel Berkeley in Piccadilly early to-day. Armed burglars bound and gagged two porters, who were acting as watchmen, opened a safe and made off with a great sum of money and jewels.

Scotland Yard detectives were assigned to the case. It is believed the robbers fled to France. The Berkeley is one of the best-known hotels in London and much frequented by American tourists.

Self-Defense Plea Of Columbus Slayer

COLUMBUS, GA., May 29.—Walter Duke, a well-known Columbus young man, last night shot and killed Perry Argo, who came here recently from Cochran, Ga. Argo died en route to the city hospital. Duke was arrested and locked up to await a preliminary hearing. There were no eyewitnesses to the killing.

Duke claims self-defense. No statement was made by Argo before he died.

Wanamaker Faces Tariff Fraud Charge

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Attorney General McReynolds to-day announced that the charges of undervaluation of imports against John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, will be laid before the Federal Grand Jury.

The Attorney General conferred with President Wilson to-day after receiving a full report from his agent in Philadelphia, which, he said, fully justified the proposed action of the department.

U. S. Armor Plant at $8,000,000 Urged

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The erection of an armor plate plant by the Government was urged again to-day by Senator Ashurst, of Arizona, despite the testimony of Rear Admiral Twining, chief of the United States Bureau of Ordnance, that an adequate factory would cost $8,000,000.

"The majority of the Democrats in the Senate and House are in favor of such a plant," said Senator Ashurst.

De Palma Qualifies For 500-Mile Race

MOTOR SPEEDWAY, INDIANAPOLIS, May 29.—In a shower that made running exceedingly dangerous, Ralph DePalma, in a Mercer car, qualified for the 500-mile race which starts at 10 o'clock to-morrow. His time for the 2 1-2 miles was 1:57:95, a rate of 76 1-2 miles an hour.

Knipper, in a Henderson car, made the lap in 1:53:81, at the rate of 80 miles an hour.

STEVENS BOY HELD

Innocent, Says Father

Wide Hunt for Slayer

WILLIAM STEVENS, husband and father of the woman and girl whose charred bodies were found in the fire ruins of their home on McDonough Road, and whose deaths are laid to a slayer. Mr. Stevens says his son is innocent.

Aged Veteran, Crushed by Tragedy, Joins in the Search; He Swears Vengeance.

Son in Chattanooga at Hour When Bodies of Mother and Sister Were Found.

Wade Stevens, son of William Stevens, whose wife and daughter were murdered and whose bodies were found in the charred ruins of their home, seven miles southeast of Atlanta, was arrested in Chattanooga at noon to-day. The DeKalb County Coroner's jury had recommended that the young man be arrested and held for investigation.

The Governor to-day offered a reward of $200 for the arrest of the slayer.

At almost the precise minute when Wade Stevens was arrested in Chattanooga, William Stevens, his father, having just arrived in Atlanta, made a statement to The Georgian completely exonerating the boy. The elder Stevens said his landlady, who knew Wade, had seen him in Chattanooga early Wednesday morning. This was just about the time the crime was discovered and only a few hours after its commission.

Detective John R. Black, of Atlanta, who was in Chattanooga attending the reunion, arrested young Stevens in the reunion city. He wired Chief of Police Beavers and was told to hold the young man, pending arrival of requisition papers.

Chief of Police Beavers then announced he would confer with Sheriff McCurdy, of DeKalb County, before taking further steps.

Sheriff McCurdy later asked that Black bring the boy back, and Chief Beavers wired the detective to that effect. The police point out that if the boy took the 8 o'clock train Tuesday night to Chattanooga he of course is eliminated from the case.

Father Brokenhearted.

The father of the boy, a 70-year-old Confederate veteran, was heartbroken when he arrived in Atlanta at 10:50 o'clock this morning and heard for the first time of the double tragedy.

Stevens left Chattanooga at 3 o'clock this morning, but the train was delayed en route. Several friends went to the Union Depot to meet him, but he came from a rear car and left the station without meeting them.

The only information given him in Chattanooga was that his house had burned. Leaving the depot here, he went direct to the office of Carson & Treadwell, who handled his wife's real estate, where he learned all the details.

One of the firm of Carson & Treadwell told him of the double murder and that his son, Wade Stevens, was wanted for investigation. The old veteran was dumfounded. He sank in a chair and remained silent for several minutes, then, dramatically expressed belief in the innocence of his son and declared he would spend the remainder of his days hunting the slayer.

Declares Boy Is Innocent.

"All I have to live for now is to try to catch the murderer," he said. "I'll spend the rest of my days hunting him."

While in Chattanooga Stevens boarded at 166 Rossville Avenue. His son by a former marriage, Ed Stevens, also boarded there. The missing son, Wade Stevens, had stopped there previously and is well known to the landlady, who said she saw him in front of her home at 6 o'clock Wednesday morning.

"I believe my boy is innocent of this murder," said Mr. Stevens. "He was bad at times but he never could have stooped so low as to murder his own mother and sister. He knows nothing about it yet.

"I know he had nothing to do with it, because he was in Chattanooga yesterday morning. When he drove me from home to the car line Sunday morning when I started to Chattanooga he told me he might be up there before the reunion was over.

"Yesterday afternoon the landlady told me the house had burned [illegible]

Continued on Page 2, Column [illegible]

REPRIMAND FOR CAPITAL POLICE

Senate Committee Finds Indifference Was Sole Offense at Suffrage Parade.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—A mild reprimand for the Washington police for permitting alleged rioting during the suffrage parade here on March 3 was contained in a report made public to-day by the special committee investigating the charges. The report, signed by Senators Jones, Dillingham and Pomerene, in part, reads:

"Some of the uniformed and more of the special police acted with apparent indifference, and in this way encouraged the crowd to press in upon the parade. There is not sufficient proof upon which to single out any particular individual for reproof or condemnation, however, and the many officers who proved faithful ought not to be discredited by those who prove faithless to their duties.

"No condition existed and none were threatened that warranted a request for United States troops, and the War Department went to the limit of its ability, if it did not exceed it, in detailing a troop of cavalry from Fort Myer."

The report recommended that legislation should be enacted by Congress giving the Commissioners of the District power to stop traffic on any street along which a permit has been given for a parade.

Mrs. Willet Stamps 'Turkey Trot' as O. K.

MACON, GA., May 29.—Mrs. Hugh M. Willett, of Atlanta, former president of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, declared here to-day while in attendance upon the Sixth District Federated Clubs' convention that the "turkey trot" and other ultra-modern dances are perfectly proper if not carried to excess.

FELDER BRIBERY CHARGE EXPECTED

Believed Beavers Will Try to Have Grand Jury Consider Accusations Against Attorney.

That bribery charges against Colonel Thomas B. Felder and others will be placed before the Fulton County Grand Jury by police officials, was the indication when G. C. February, secretary of Chief of Detectives Lanford, and the person alleged to have been offered $1,000 in bribe money, secured a subpena Thursday afternoon for A. S. Colyar, Jr., to appear before Solicitor General Dorsey and give testimony Friday morning.

The subpena formally summoned Colyar, who was the author of the dictographing of Felder and Mayor Woodward, to appear before the Grand Jury. The preliminary hearing, however, will be in Solicitor Dorsey's office.

That February carried away with him a number of subpena blanks is taken to mean that others will be called upon to testify.

At the hearing of testimony Friday morning it is believed that Lanford and Police Chief Beavers will endeavor to show Solicitor Dorsey the plausibility of their bribery charges and ask that the matter be placed before the Grand Jury.

In line with this action, Chief Beavers called upon Carl Hutcheson, the attorney, again Thursday morning for the list of "protected disorderly houses" which Hutcheson declared he held, and which Hutcheson said he would reveal in an effort to prove that vice under police protection is rife in Atlanta.

Hutcheson three days ago, in answer to Beavers' defi, declared that he would give the police official the list on Thursday. On that day, however, Hutcheson stated the list was not yet prepared. He informed Beavers he would have it ready, though, within a short time.

MAZE OF LIES BY CONLEY CLOUD MYSTERY

Police, Despite Conflicting Affidavits, Call Him Strong Witness Against Frank.

Continued From Page 1.

reasons to believe that Frank is guilty.

The detectives rejected the first affidavit of Conley, in which he said Frank dictated Friday the notes that were found by the body of the slain girl Sunday morning on the ground that it was absurd and unbelievable to hold the theory that the murder was premeditated.

Yet they accept the second affidavit, which indicates identically the same thing, in that Frank met Conley at Nelson and Forsyth Streets before 11 o'clock Saturday morning, April 26, before the crime was committed, and told the negro to wait for him, later taking Conley to the factory with him, where Conley says that he wrote the notes at Frank's direction.

The negro, in his second affidavit suggests no other motive that could have impelled Frank to ask him to come to the factory shortly before noon on Saturday. Conley says that Frank told him to wait secreted on the first floor until he heard a whistle. When he heard the whistle he says he went upstairs and Frank dictated the notes.

Why Many Suspect Conley.

All of this is inescapably suggestive of premeditation on the part of Frank, if Conley's story is to be believed, but the theory of premeditation has been scoffed at by everyone, including Chief Lanford and Harry Scott.

In fact, it never seriously was considered by anyone, say those who are inclined to believe the evidence against Conley greatly outweighs that against Frank. The assertion is freely made that it would be far easier to convict Conley, if the police were so disposed, than it will be to convict Frank. Here are a few reasons advanced:

When the factory superintendent was permitted to go before the Coroner's jury by his attorney, he answered all the questions in a straightforward, unwavering manner, never once being trapped in a lie or misstatement.

In marked contrast is the conduct of Conley ever since his arrest at the time of the inquest three weeks ago. When discovered at the factory, he was washing a shirt which he sought to hide from the person who had found him out.

He was taken into custody and gave his address as 92 Tattnall Street. Investigation disclosed that Conley was lying and that he had not lived on Tattnall Street for months, his actual residence being 172 Rhodes Street.

He was asked to write, and he told the officers he could not write a word. He refused to be inveigled into making an attempt at handwriting of any sort. He would not put a pencil to paper that the detectives might get a specimen of his penmanship. For a long time they believed he was so ignorant he could not write his own name. Then they found some leases he had signed for watches and knew that he had been lying again.

Just as the Grand Jury was about to sit and it appeared likely that Frank would be indicted, the negro broke his silence for the first time. He told the detectives that it was he who had written the notes, but that he had written them at Frank's dictation on Friday, April 25. Frank had approached him in an aisle at the factory and had asked him to come into the office, he said. He remembered that it was four minutes before 1 o'clock.

That he had been at the factory Saturday he denied emphatically. Between 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon he had been on Peters Street, according to his story.

The detectives ridiculed his story and continued examining. Gradually he broke down under their questioning, and it was established that he had been lying again and that he actually had been in the factory Saturday, presumably at the very time the girl was murdered. This was the first time his presence in the factory on Saturday had been known.

He had kept it a most profound secret up to the time it was gouged out of him by the detectives. He weakened further and admitted that he had been hiding down on the first floor as persons went in and out.

He described practically every person that entered or left the factory between 12 and 1 o'clock. But he declared that he did not see Mary Phagan when she came in the building. Out of all who entered or left the murdered girl and Lemmie Quinn appear to be the only ones he missed seeing, according to his story.

He explained this by saying that he must have fallen asleep for a little while. He saw Miss Corinthia Hall and Mrs. Freeman leave a few minutes before 1 o'clock, but did not see Mary Phagan enter about five minutes after the hour. Neither did he see Lemmie Quinn, who is said to have been at the factory about 12:15.

If the negro's final affidavit is taken as nearer the probable truth than his first, those who are acquainted with Frank are of the opinion that there are still most important questions to be answered convincingly. They are these, assuming that Frank is guilty:

"Why should a man of Frank's intelligence—a man who is highly educated and who has won a position of responsibility—virtually make a confidant of another man, especially an ignorant negro, easily broken down by the third degree of the police station?

"Why should a man of sense, if he wished to keep his crime undiscovered, proclaim it to the negro, in his office by the question: 'Why should I hang?'

"Why should he approach this negro more than an hour before this crime was committed?

"Finally, why should a man of intelligence have recourse to notes at all when he would know they ultimately would serve to fasten the crime on the guilty person rather than to divert suspicion?"

If the detectives follow out their intention of using Conley as a material witness, it is regarded as likely that they will have difficulty in obtaining the acceptance of his affidavit and testimony in view of the many lies in which he has been trapped. The repudiation of the first affidavit, even on the representation that he set the date originally on Friday because of the fear that he would be hanged if admitting he was in the factory Saturday, is thought to render the second affidavit practically worthless, so far as its legal weight is concerned.

The fact that the detectives have corroborated Conley's description in his second affidavit of the persons he saw while he said he was in hiding on the first floor only more firmly establishes in the judgment of many the fact that Conley was at the factory the afternoon of the murder and had as favorable an opportunity to attack and kill Mary Phagan as Leo Frank had.

The corroboration, in their opinion, does not add one jot to the possibility that Frank might have dictated the notes.

STAY ON YOUR FEET

Taking Calomel Means Staying Home for the Day—Take Dodson's Liver Tone and Save a Day's Work.

If an attack of constipation or biliousness hits you, there's no need to take a dose of calomel and spend at least a day getting over the effects of it. All druggists sell the liver tonic, Dodson's Liver Tone, that takes the place of calomel and starts a lazy liver without any bad after-effects.

Dodson's Liver Tone does all the good that calomel ever did, yet it is absolutely harmless to young people and old. It is a pleasant-tasting vegetable liquid that will relieve constipation or sour stomach or other troubles that go along with a lazy liver, without restriction of habit or diet. You don't leave off any of the things you regularly do when you take Dodson's Liver Tone.

All druggists sell Dodson's Liver Tone and give it a strong personal guarantee. They say, "A large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone sells for 50 cents, and we will hand any person back his 50 cents if he tries a bottle and doesn't say that it does all that calomel ever does and does it pleasantly." Get the genuine Dodson's Liver Tone and if you are not pleased with it we will give your money back with a smile.

White City Park Now Open

Save money NOW on Furniture at High's.

Hear Dr. George R. Stuart on "Lop-Sided Folks," Baptist Tabernacle, Friday, May 30. Admission 25c.

T e Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.

Vote for ....
Address ....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Thursday, May 29, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.

Vote for ....
Address ....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

MORSE TRYING TO RULE COAST SHIPS

Banker, Pardoned When "Dying," Purchases Steamers for New York-to-South Trade.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Charles W. Morse, convicted of bank wrecking after the 1907 panic and pardoned by President Taft on the ground that he was dying, is not only attempting to secure a monopoly of Hudson River steamship traffic, but is reaching out along the Atlantic Coast.

This became known to-day when it was learned that Morse has bought four lake steamers for coastwise trade between New York and Southern ports and will attempt to become the dominant figure in steamship traffic on the Atlantic Coast he was planning to become when the financial earthquake of 1907 upset his schemes.

The ships are so big they can not be brought through the canal connecting Lakes Erie and Ontario, consequently they will have to be reduced in size. They will be enlarged after they reach this port.

Morse may extend his operations to the Pacific when the Panama Canal is completed.

STOMACH TROUBLES
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Produces healthy activity of weak and disordered stomachs. An excellent strength builder. Adv.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants *3c each.* Atlanta Floral Co., *555 E. Fair Street.*

ODD FELLOWS GO NEXT TO MACON

Grand Lodge Session at Savannah Ends—Atlantan Is Named Grand Representative.

SAVANNAH, GA., May 29.—With the conclusion of business this afternoon the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Georgia adjourned to meet next year at Macon. A feature of today's session was the report of the committee on Odd Fellows' Home, headed by T. S. O'Neil. This report and the agitation to establish the home provoked the liveliest discussion of the meeting. Legislation affecting the conduct of lodges and complaints and grievances were also considered.

Two steamers took the visitors down the Savannah River this afternoon.

The election of Thomas M. Haynes, of Savannah, as grand master, the choice of other officers, including the retiring grand master, W. B. Coleman, of Cedartown, and Dr. L. B. Clarke, of Atlanta, as grand representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, and the competitive degree drill at the Savannah Theater last night, completed the session yesterday.

John W. Bennett, of Waycross, who went into the Grand Lodge with enough strength to elect him without difficulty, moved that Dr. Clarke be elected grand representative, and this was done by acclamation. The other officers are W. B. Sloan, Gainesville, deputy grand master; Frank Harrell, LaGrange, grand warden; T. R. Robertson, LaGrange, grand secretary, and C. A. Vonderluith, Athens, treasurer.

Mrs. Hester Millon, of Thomasville, was elected grand warden of the Rebekah Assembly, defeating Miss Nell Rodrigues, of Macon. The other officers are Mrs. J. W. Gholson, Milledgeville, president; Mrs. Ivy Henderson, Savannah, vice president; Mrs. A. L. Moore, Fitzgerald, secretary, and Mrs. Sarah Luttel, Augusta, treasurer.

Tariff Bill Delay Likely To Be Avoided

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Conferences between members of the Senate Finance Committee and members of the lower house who were in charge of various sections of the Underwood tariff bill will be the rule until the bill reaches the floor of the Senate.

The sub-committees were working on the bill to-day in secret session. If agreement can be reached between the tariff experts of the two houses the chances of long delay in conference will be avoided.

Gibson Jury Unable To Agree on Verdict

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 29.—After having been out all night, the jury in the trial of Burton W. Gibson, the New York lawyer charged with strangling Countess Rosa Menschik Szabo on Greenwood Lake July 16, 1912, to secure her estate, was still deadlocked this morning.

It was rumored that the jurors stood 11 to 1 for conviction.

The jury in Gibson's first trial disagreed.

Scandal Forces Out High British Official

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 29.—Sir Rufus Isaacs, Attorney General of England, has tendered his resignation to Premier Asquith in consequence of the notoriety his name has attained in connection with the Marconi exposures.

The Jewish Express states that the Premier has refused to accept the resignation, but that it has not been

Mill Employees of Gov. Foss on Strike

BOSTON, May 29.—Fifteen hundred employees of the Sturtevant Blower Works and the Becker-Milling Company's plant, concerns in which Governor Eugene N. Foss is largely interested, went on strike to-day.

The strike practically tied up both plants.

A wonderful magazine given FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

SLAIN WOMAN'S SISTER THINKS SON INNOCENT

Mrs. Pearl Hartley, Prostrated by Shock, Declares Robbery Was Motive for Crime.

Continued From Page 1.

She knew Wade, and she told me she saw him in front of her house yesterday morning, wearing overalls just as when he is said to have left home. Two boys were with him, but they didn't go in the house. Wade was in Chattanooga when my wife and daughter were murdered, and he couldn't have done it."

Goes to See Ruins.

Leaving Carson & Treadwell's office, Mr. Stevens said he was going to the ruins of his home. He first visited the Patterson undertaking establishment and arranged for the funeral of his wife and daughter. Both bodies will be taken to Meansville, Ga., at 4 o'clock Friday morning, to be buried in the family lot, where Mrs. Stevens' father and mother both have been interred in the last two years.

Lonnie Blevins, 17 years old, who says he left San Francisco for Tampa and from there came to Atlanta, is held at police headquarters to-day. He said he arrived in Atlanta last Friday. He was detained because he could not give a connected story. The police attach little significance to his arrest or his presence in Atlanta.

Tells of Attempted Attack.

An important clew, given Sheriff J. A. McCurdy, of DeKalb County, who is in charge of the investigation, was revealed in the statement of a neighbor to the effect that a Mexican halfbreed, formerly employed by Mrs. Stevens, had attempted to attack Nellie Stevens some time ago.

This declaration was made by Miss Josephine McCaulay, 790 Glennwood Avenue, an intimate friend of both the slain mother and daughter. Miss McCaulay said that only a few days ago Mrs. Stevens had told her of shooting at the discharged halfbreed when he appeared at the country home. Mrs. Stevens had said that she fired twice at the man, and that he escaped into the clump of woods adjoining the house. Sheriff McCurdy has ordered a country-wide search made for the halfbreed.

Discovery Wednesday morning that Mr. Stevens had purchased an axe some days ago offers a possible clew to the weapon used by the murderer in crushing the skulls of his victims. The axe is, so far, missing, though the ruins of the burned dwelling and surrounding vicinity have been carefully searched for it.

Ax Apparently Used.

The sharp, knifelike cut across the top of Nellie Stevens' skull seems to bear out the theory that the murderer used the ax to slay his victims.

Possibility that the weapon used by the murderer was thrown into the well near the house has lead Sheriff McCurdy to order the well dragged.

Atlanta police and detective officials have joined with the DeKalb force to solve the mystery. Detective Chief Lanford assigned Mounted Policeman Hamilton, who was a close friend of the Stevens family, and Detective Rosser to work on the case. Sheriff McCurdy obtained this reinforcement Thursday morning when he held a conference with Lanford.

A unique incident of the blaze which burned the Stevens home to ashes was revealed in the finding of fifty-seven chickens dead in a coop fifty feet away. The coop was not even scorched by the heat.

That robbery was the motive of the murderer has been established by the disappearance of jewelry and a large quantity of money which Mrs. Stevens was known to have had in the house at the time.

Woman's Jewels Missing.

Neighbors stated that Mrs. Stevens possessed a diamond ring valued at $400 and two gold watches. These are missing.

Coupled with other theories as to the murder is one which shows the work that of two negroes who were said to have been seen driving away from the burning home at sunrise Wednesday morning. The men rode in a one-horse wagon, the body of which was filled with oats. Tracks of the horse were found on a spot near the ruins. In the immediate vicinity was discovered a small pile of fresh oats. Human footprints were found nearby.

Despite the assertion that the negroes drove away, Sheriff McCurdy's men made a careful search of the woods surrounding the home, believing it highly probable that the murderer might have hidden therein to watch the burning house, and will scour the woods again to-day. Another theory is that he might have been wounded by Mrs. Stevens before he killed her, and had been forced to drag himself to the woods for escape. That the man may be lying there now is a possibility expressed by the police. The shell found in the shotgun used by Mrs. Stevens was found to have been discharged.

Does Bible Give Clew?

A search Thursday morning of an old deserted cabin 100 yards from the destroyed Stevens' home, in which Mrs. S. C. Stevens and her adopted daughter, Nellie, were murdered and then cremated, disclosed a Bible containing numerous marked passages, tragically coincident with the reported conduct of her own son toward her. This cabin was occupied at different times by negro servants who worked on the Stevens place. It had been vacant for three weeks.

The Bible reposed on a dust-covered mantel in the dingy shack. On the flyleaf appeared this inscription: "Mrs. S. C. Stevens' book."

In the list of the Ten Commandments, two of them were marked in pencil. They were:

"Thou shalt not kill."

"Honor thy father and thy mother."

Several passages in the book of Exodus were marked, all bearing on the relation of the son to the parents. One of these reads:

"And he that smiteth his father or his mother shall surely be put to death."

Verses of the same chapter were also marked, one reading:

"And he that curseth his father or his mother shall surely be put to death."

"And if any mischief follow, then thou shalt surely give life for life."

Negro Is Sought.

Walter Wilkes, a negro, who occupied the deserted cabin until three weeks ago, is being sought by officers Friday in the general plan of investigating every one on whom suspicion might possibly turn. Where he went after leaving the Stevens' home has not been learned.

The search of the cabin revealed discarded clothing, supposed to have been left by Wilkes. The clothing is said to have been damp. On an old table was also found a caseknife.

In the corner of the room was an old axe. It bore spots, but these are believed to be rust. This is not thought to be the missing Stevens' axe, which was practically new and bright. Sheriff McCurdy said Thursday he believed this axe was at the bottom of the well in the yard of the burned home.

Search is also being made for an unidentified negro who once worked for a Mrs. Nort, said to be a friend of Mrs. Stevens. This negro wrote Mrs. Nort a letter asking her for a recommendation, but she failed to grant his request. Last Saturday the negro is said to have called her up over the telephone and remarked that he didn't need a recommendation anyway, "that he was working for her friend, Mrs. Stevens." No one has been found who knows anything of this negro. He is described as being black and thick.

Gun Shell Is Found.

B. R. Peovy, a farmer who was on the scene of the crime all night, made an extended search of the ruins, and in the room where the charred bodies were found discovered a shotgun shell. The primer was dented, indicating that it had been fired. The single-barreled shotgun found beside the remains of Mrs. Stevens was empty. Peavy also found a discharged revolver cartridge, of .38 caliber. Mrs. Stevens' revolver is said to have been of 32 caliber.

Her revolver is still missing.

The finding of the discharged cartridges has only served to intensify the baffling mystery as to what took place in the murder room. It has given rise to several theories. It has been suggested that there may have been a gun battle between Mrs. Stevens and the assailant. There is still another theory that the murderer may have shot Mrs. Stevens with a revolver, and, as she fell, seized the shotgun, with which she was trying to defend the home, and with it shot the girl to death. Officers are satisfied that Mrs. Stevens had leaped from bed and seized the shotgun to protect herself and little Nellie, but it is a matter of pure speculation as to how the shell came to be discharged.

The time of the tragedy, or at least of the fire, was fixed Thursday in a statement by Farris Simmons, a brakeman of the Southern Railway, who said he passed on his train between 12 and 1 o'clock Wednesday morning and saw the house in flames. The railroad is but a short distance from the burned home. This would make it positive that the murder was committed about midnight or before that hour, and the Stevens boy will merely have to show that he left for Chattanooga before that time.

Suspect Trailed.

Telephone information from Red Oak, a short distance south of Atlanta, was received at the police station Thursday afternoon to the effect that a suspicious stranger, believed to be Dan Walker, the suspected halfbreed Indian who was shot at by Mrs. Stevens several weeks ago when he insulted her adopted daughter, had passed through that place yesterday.

Policeman Clarence Hamilton, who is detailed on the mystery with Detective Rosser, immediately notified Fairburn, Newnan, Palmetto and other towns along the route to be on the lookout for the half-breed and take him into custody, pending instructions from Atlanta.

Sister Believes Son Innocent.

In a darkened room in a little house at 33 Dainey Street, with a physician in almost constant attendance, lies a woman prostrated by grief. Absolute quiet has been ordered by the doctor, and the anguish tears at her heart in a silence broken only by her own sobs and the hushed patter of childish footsteps as her children play quietly about the house.

She is Mrs. Pearl Hartley, sister of Mrs. Sarah C. Stevens, whose charred body was found lying beside that of her adopted daughter in the smoking ruins of their farm home seven miles from Atlanta. Prostrated by the shock of the tragedy, with her imagination made vivid by her suffering and grief, Mrs. Hartley is seeing in the darkness of her room the terrible happenings of that night of horror.

Mrs. Hartley's only surcease from suffering came for a few moments late Wednesday afternoon, when, under the influence of opiates administered by her physician, she recovered sufficiently to talk to a Georgian reporter. Mrs. Hartley sobbed audibly throughout the interview, and her eyes, red with weeping and reflecting the anguish that tore at her heart, emphasized her words as she cried for vengeance on the murderer.

"Why do they always murder women?" she cried. "It is terrible. Little girls are murdered when they go onto the street, and now a woman is not safe even in her own home."

Faints at News.

The notifying of Mrs. Hartley of the death of her sister and niece formed one of the most dramatic and pathetic incidents of the entire tragedy. She was downtown Wednesday morning shopping, when word came to her home on Dainey Street that her sister and niece had been murdered. Mrs. Lena Thompson, a neighbor, of 24 Dainey Street, volunteered to go downtown and find Mrs. Hartley and tell her the sad news.

After a search of an hour Mrs. Thompson found Mrs. Hartley in the Kress store on Whitehall Street. As she stood trying to locate the sister of the murdered woman in the crowd of shoppers Mrs. Hartley, warned by intuition that something was wrong, pushed through the crowd and hurried to Mrs. Thompson.

"What is it?" she cried. "What's the matter?"

Mrs. Thompson, seeking to break the news gently, told her that her sister's home had burned down and that she had been badly injured.

"It's worse than that," Mrs. Hartley cried. "I feel it! I know it is worse than that!"

She screamed and fainted in the arms of Mrs. Thompson. She was soon revived and taken to her home. Mrs. Thompson endeavored to calm her on the trip on the street car with the assurance that everything was all right.

As Mrs. Hartley entered her yard, one of her little daughters ran out of the house, tears streaming down her face.

"Oh, mamma," she cried, "Aunt Sarah and Cousin Nellie have been killed!"

With a scream Mrs. Hartley fell to the ground in a swoon. She was picked up by Mrs. Thompson and members of her family and carried into the house. A physician was called and administered opiates. Under the influence of the medicine she was able to sit up in bed for a few moments late in the afternoon, but collapsed again when she learned that her nephew, the son of the murdered woman, was being sought by the police as the murderer of his mother.

MRS. WILLIAM STEVENS, in two photographs, and below, her daughter, Nellie, who were slain and their bodies incinerated in their lonely country home on McDonough Road. The two women were alone when they met death, their husband and father, a Confederate veteran, being in Chattanooga to attend the reunion. He has hurried home to join in the hunt for the slayer.

BETTER SERVICE ON CAR LINES ORDERED

Railroad Commission Directs the Company to Provide for the Rush-Hour Crowds.

Continued From Page 1.

made on this route week days, as directed on other named routes, to accurately ascertain measure of regular traffic.

ROUTE NO. 20—College Park, East Point and Hapeville: Actual counts of week-day loads at peak points to be made during next five months to ascertain accurately if there is over-congestion in regular traffic.

ROUTE NO. 23—Buckhead (Line) Tripper service previously ordered by the commission to Sixth Street on West Peachtree has been recently extended by the company to Dead Man's Curve, the end of double track, which gives local service this far on a ten-minute headway during rush hours and to that extent relieves congestion on the Buckhead cars. In addition, double-headers in the morning and afternoon hours, for congestion during those hours arising out of construction work in the northern part of the city, are operated and will be continued as necessity demands. Counts, during morning and afternoon rush hours, for the next five months, of actual loads at the peak point of the Buckhead line, have been ordered, and will determine the necessity of further relief on this route.

Grounded German Battleship in Peril

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

DANZIG, GERMANY, May 29.—Danzig harbor was all but closed today by the German dreadnought Koenig Albert, which went aground Monday and which has swung across the mouth of the Vistula River, preventing all but the smallest vessels from entering or leaving.

The position of the warship is dangerous owing to the drifting silt which is threatening to sandlock the ship.

Fear's Wives Were Near, Beer and Dear

CHICAGO, May 29.—That George Fear, who disappeared mysteriously in Chicago recently, and who was alleged to have wives under the names Near, Beer, Fear and Dear, was a Mormon was the explanation made in the County Court yesterday by an investigator who had discovered the case.

Fear is said to have come to Chicago with his various wives to work on an invention. The high cost of living sent him scurrying back to Utah, the investigator told the court.

Recall Clamor Laid To Corrupt Lawyers

WASHINGTON, May 29.—On the shoulders of corrupt lawyers, Senator Charles E. Townsend, of Michigan, speaking before the graduates of the Washington College of Law, placed the burden of blame for the agitation for the recall of judges.

The speaker took to task a class of "shrewd and highly educated lawyers" whom he termed "flaw finders," and declared they were "enemies of decent government."

Break Down the Cost of Living

Your meat bill is far too high—you don't need half the amount of meat you're eating now—cut your meat bill two-thirds and substitute a food that is far more nutritious and costs one-tenth the price—FAUST SPAGHETTI.

A 10c package of FAUST SPAGHETTI contains more real nutrition than 4 lbs. of beef and it is much easier to digest.

FAUST SPAGHETTI

is made from Durum wheat, the cereal so extremely rich in gluten—that element which builds muscle, bone and flesh. FAUST SPAGHETTI is a delicious, savory, appetizing food that can be served in many different ways. Write for free recipe book. Eat less meat—eat FAUST SPAGHETTI, cut down cost of living.

At all Grocers—5c and 10c packages.

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AMERICAN
[O]rder It NOW.
Both Phones Main 8000

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN
Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results
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NIGHT EDITION

STEVENS BOY NOT SLAYER, DECLARES FATHER

Son, Held by Chattanooga Police, Was in That City When the Bodies Were Found.

"Red" Merchant, companion of Wade Stevens, was arrested at Chattanooga by Detective John Black shortly after he took the Stevens boy into custody. Black will leave Chattanooga with the two prisoners at 8 o'clock this evening over the Southern Railway, according to a message to Chief Beavers. Other dispatches received say Black and the two boys have already left.

Wade Stevens, son of William Stevens, whose wife and daughter were murdered and whose bodies were found in the charred ruins of their home, seven miles southeast of Atlanta, was arrested in Chattanooga at noon to-day. The DeKalb County Coroner's jury had recommended that the young man be arrested and held for investigation.

The Governor to-day offered a reward of $200 for the arrest of the slayer.

At almost the precise minute when Wade Stevens was arrested in Chattanooga, William Stevens, his father, having just arrived in Atlanta, made a statement to The Georgian completely exonerating the boy. The elder Stevens said his landlady, who knew Wade, had seen him in Chattanooga early Wednesday morning. This was just about the time the crime was discovered and only a few hours after its commission.

Detective John R. Black, of Atlanta, who was in Chattanooga attending the reunion, arrested young Stevens in the reunion city. He wired Chief of Police Beavers and was told to hold the young man, pending arrival of requisition papers.

Chief of Police Beavers then announced he would confer with Sheriff McCurdy, of DeKalb County, before taking further steps.

Sheriff McCurdy later asked that Black bring the boy back, and Chief Beavers wired the detective to that effect. The police point out that if the boy took the 8 o'clock train Tuesday night to Chattanooga he, of course, is eliminated from the case.

Father Brokenhearted.

The father of the boy, a 70-year-old Confederate veteran, was heartbroken when he arrived in Atlanta at 10:50 o'clock this morning and heard for the first time of the double tragedy.

Stevens left Chattanooga at 3 o'clock this morning, but the train was delayed en route. Several friends went to the Union Depot to meet him, but he came from a rear car and left the station without meeting them.

The only information given him in Chattanooga was that his house had burned. Leaving the depot here, he went direct to the office of Carson & Treadwell, who handled his wife's real estate, where he learned all the details.

One of the firm of Carson & Treadwell told him of the double murder, and that his son, Wade Stevens, was wanted for investigation. The old veteran was dumfounded. He sank in a chair and remained silent for several minutes, then dramatically expressed belief in the innocence of his son and declared he would spend the remainder of his days hunting the slayer.

Declares Boy Is Innocent.

"All I have to live for now is to try to catch the murderer," he said. "I'll spend the rest of my days hunting him."

While in Chattanooga Stevens boarded at 166 Rossville Avenue. His son by a former marriage, Ed Stevens, also boarded there. The missing son, Wade Stevens, had stopped there previously and is well known to the landlady, who said she saw him in front of her home at 6 o'clock Wednesday morning.

"I believe my boy is innocent of this murder," said Mr. Stevens. "He was bad at times, but he never could have stooped so low as to murder his own mother and sister. He knows nothing about it yet.

"I know he had nothing to do with

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

JACK LONDON'S
Latest and Greatest Short Novel
The SCARLET PLAGUE
Begins in the
FREE MAGAZINE
GIVEN WITH NEXT
SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

The Interrupted Joy Ride; or, Wifey Was Under the Seat

MACON, GA., May 29.—A master plumber, his pretty young wife and his equally pretty stenographer were the participants in a domestic drama, with a comedy vein, this week.

The man, well known and well to do, aroused his wife's suspicions by requesting a hurried supper Tuesday night. When he declined to tell her where he was going after supper her suspicion was intensified.

When he departed in his automobile his wife was in the back tonneau under a rug.

The auto went to the home of the stenographer, who took the seat beside her employer, and thus they sped out into the country. When five miles out their conversation became so interesting that the wife could not conceal herself longer. Rising, she began wielding a poker.

She severely beat her husband and the pretty stenographer before the machine was stopped and they jumped out.

On the return home the stenographer occupied the rear seat and the wife sat beside her crestfallen husband.

A divorce suit is expected.

Boston Entertains Atlanta Old Guard

BOSTON, May 29.—Members of the Old Guard of Atlanta, in Boston to attend Memorial Day exercises, were guests Thursday of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company.

The Confederates were given an automobile ride to Lexington and Concord and a visit to the estate of Colonel Everett C. Benton, of Belmont. Friday the visitors from the South will go to the State House, place a floral tribute on the sailors' and soldiers' monument on Boston Common and in the afternoon take luncheon with E. W. Kinsley, a distinguished G. A. R. veteran.

Slayer Released on Self-Defense Plea

COLUMBUS, GA., May 29.—Walter Duke, a well-known Columbus young man, last night shot and killed Perry Argo, who came here recently from Cochran, Ga. Argo died en route to the city hospital. Duke was arrested but this afternoon was released when a Coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide. He claimed self-defense.

Cato Sells of Texas Indian Commissioner

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Cato Sells, Democratic National Committeeman from Texas, will be the next Indian Commissioner.

President Wilson decided on this appointment to-day after a conference with Senators Sheppard and Culberson of Texas.

Don't Forget!
Friday Is
Market Basket
Day
This popular feature of The Georgian, which saves the thrifty housewife time, worry and money, appears again Friday.
Profit by Reading It

RAIL BOARD ORDERS CARS FOR RUSH CROWDS

Many Changes in Schedules Also Directed in the State Commission's Mandate.

General improvement in the street car service in Atlanta furnished by the Georgia Railway and Power Company was ordered by the State Railroad Commission shortly after noon Thursday. Practically every line operated by the company is included in the list. The order specifies particularly the service rendered during rush hours.

The order, which will benefit thousands of persons who are compelled to use the street cars, was issued after several conferences between the Railroad Commission and President Arkwright, of the Georgia Railway and Power Company.

On May 5 Chairman Murphey Candler addressed a letter to Mr. Arkwright asking him to make suggestions for the betterment of the service during rush hours. This letter was replied to on May 23 by Mr. Arkwright, his letter going much into detail.

Suggestions made by Mr. Arkwright were considered at sessions of the commission Tuesday and Wednesday, during which time they were in conference with the street railway officials. It is understood that the order of the commission is agreeable to the company. The improvement of service will begin within the next few days.

Improvements Ordered.

Here are the improvements ordered:

ROUTE NO 2—Copenhill to Westview. Rearrangement of schedules so as to space the headway between cars now operated more nearly to four minutes and secure a more even distribution of the traffic loads. Counts of actual loads at peak points to be made during next five months and filed with the commission, so as to secure accurate information as to whether there is excessive congestion.

ROUTE NO. 4—Inman Park-Georgia Avenue. A three and one-third minute headway during morning and afternoon rush hours, on Inman Par end, with the Georgia Avenue end provided for by increased service on Route No. 5.

ROUTE NO. 5—West Peachtree and South Pryor. Additional cars between Sixth Street crossing on West Peachtree and Bass Street crossing on South Pryor, so as to give, during the morning and afternoon rush hours, a service with five minutes' headway.

ROUTE NO. 6—Forrest Avenue and Capitol Avenue. Actual counts to be made during morning and afternoon rush hours, at two peak points, during next five months, to accurately ascertain degree of congestion, if any, on this route.

ROUTE NO. 8—Fair and Marietta Streets. The afternoon rush hour service on this line has been recently extended from 6:30 to 7 p. m., and schedules now established more regularly sustained. Counts of traffic loads to be made on this route, as directed on No. 6.

ROUTE NO. 10—Whitehall and Peachtree: Increased service so as to provide for cars every three and one-third minutes, and extension of afternoon rush hour service to 9 p. m.

Suburban Service.

ROUTE NO. 17—Main Decatur: Additional tripper cars to Hayes Street, so as to give service to that point with three and one-third minute headway, and from there to Decatur on five minutes headway during morning and afternoon rush hours, with extension of service on ten-minute headway from end of afternoon rush hour period to 9:30 p. m., in lieu of present twenty-minute headway. After 9:30 p. m. the twenty-minute headway will be operated as now.

ROUTE NO. 19—River Line: Extra cars on Sundays, during summer months to accommodate extra traffic. Counts of traffic loads to be

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

RACING

AT TORONTO:

FIRST—Three-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs: Knights Differ 120 (Knapp), 8.80, 3.80, 2.80, won; Airey 115 (G. Burns), 10.20, 4.10, second; Joe Stein 112 (Turner), 2.70, third. Time 1:14 3-5. Also ran: Burnt Candle, Morpeth, Chippewayan, Tom Sayers and Mediator.

SECOND—Two-years-olds, fillies, 4½ furlongs: Sky Rocket 108 (Moody), 10.50, 4.90, 3.30, won; Lyric Muse 106 (Clements), 3.80, 2.50, second; Miss Gayle 115 (Turner), 2.10, third. Time :56. Also ran: Meissen, Perogoine.

THIRD—Fillies, 3-year-olds, mile and sixteenth: xSarolta 117 (J. Wilson), 6.90, 3.20, 4.30, won; Lindesta 117 (G. Burns), 5.80, 4.80, second; Rix Ondraminda 110 (Gray), no betting. Third, Time 1:51 1-5. Also ran: Maid of Frome, Auster, Elfain, Holly Brook. xGiddings entry.

FOURTH—Selling, 6 furlongs: Magazine 113 (J. Wilson), 8.30, 3.70, 3.40, won; Royal Message 112 (Bruce), 3.80, 3.70, second; Right Easy 98 (Doronde), 5.30, third. Time 1:13 3-5. Also ran: Miccosukee, Fern L., Carrillon, Black River, LeTourna, Dr. Neel, Rye Straw, Stentor.

AT LOUISVILLE:

FIRST—Purse, 5 furlongs: Rosa Mundi 109 (Steele), 8.80, 5.20, 3.50, won; Meshach 112 (Borel), 8.60, 5.20, second; Mack Nes 112 (Buxton), 5.60, third. Time 1:01 3-5. Also ran: Mockery, Holton, Honey Mine, Buzz Around, Mary Pickford, Old Tramp, First Degree.

SECOND—Purse, 5 furlongs: Tattler 112 (Martin), 25.10, 11.50, 10.50, won; Tiktok 112 (McCabe), 5.70, 4.30, second; Harboard 112 (Kirschbaum), 6.70, third. Time 1:01 1-5. Jack Crowdus, Lindar, Rose Ring, F. A. Stone, Lady Innocence, First Cherry, Cooster, Ada Kennedy also ran.

THIRD—Mile and sixteenth: Prastorian 109 (Buxton), 4.90, 2.90, 2.50, won; Supervisor 113 (McCabe), 3.70, 3.00, second; Captain Bravo 111 (Peak), 3.30, third. Time 1:46 2-5. Also ran: Winifred D., Mockler, Star O'Ryan, Beautiful.

AT MONTREAL:

FIRST—Purse $300, 4 furlongs: Rummage 102 (Wordon), 3, 4-5, 2-5, won; Booth 101 (Alley), 6-5, 2-5, 1-4, second; Tom Hancock 108 (Knight), 3-2, 1-2, 3-10, third. Time 1:01 4-5. Also ran: Agnes Dale, Red Rajah and Lucky Ike.

SECOND—Purse, 5 furlongs: Elma 109 (Washer), 5-3, even, 1-2, won; Oriental Pearl 110 (Franklin), 4, 2, even, second; Swift Sure 97 (Alley), 3, 2, even, third. Time 1:08 3-5. Also ran: Lasaja, Michael Rice, Silicic, Gagnant, Etta Day and Ossaba.

THIRD—Purse $800, 2-year-olds and up, 5 furlongs: Louis Descognets 107 (Davenport), 6, 2, even, won; Gay 105 (Hecht), 3, 6-5, 3-5, second; Tiny Tim 107 (Hanover), 6-5, 2-5, out, third. Time 1:09. Also ran: Monkey Booby, Duke of Bridgewater, Richard Gentyr.

FOURTH—$300, 3-year-olds and up, 5 furlongs: Dahomey Boy 106 (Killingsworth), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, won; Johnny Wise 107 (Gordon), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Fairchild 106 (Franklin), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 3 to 2, third. Time 105 2-5. Blanche Frances, Seawell, Boana, Elsie Herndon also ran.

FIFTH—About 5 furlongs: Jim L. 112 (McAdams), 6, 2, out, won; Golden Ruby 110 (Washer), 8-5, 2-5, out, second; Gilpian 112 (Mondon), 2, 3-5, out, third. Time 1:08. Also ran: Austin Sturtevant, Chilton Trance, Defy.

SIXTH—About 5 furlongs: Henotic 109 (Wils), 3 to 2, 3 to 5, out, won; Thirty Forty 111 (Merinol), 3 to 1, even, out, second; Lelaloha 109 (Gordon), 2 to 1, even, out, third. Time 1:10. Creuse, Marigold, Donwell, Penang also ran.

AT ELECTRIC PARK:

FIRST—Four-year-olds and up, selling, about 6½ furlongs: Casque 112 (Bauer), 3.60, 2.40, 2.30, won; Horace E. 107 (Duenler), 2.70, 3.10, second; Washakie 115 (Fenney), 7.90, third. Time 1:27. Also ran: Inclement, Tom Cat, Racinex, Judge Landis.

SECOND—Selling, 3-year-olds and up, 4½ furlongs: Our Muggett 119 (Doyle), 14.30, 7.10, 6.30, won; Inspired 110 (Bauer), 12.40, 6.90, second; Black Silk 110 (Johnston), 7.30, third. Time :58 3-5. Also ran: Carroll, Higher Up, Gold Check, Jim Ray, Sylvan Dell, Shillalah.

THIRD—About 5 furlongs: Panama 102 (Sterling), 23.50, 8.00, 5.30, won; Thelma J. 102 (Alex), 3.50, 2.90, second; Kedron 102 (Jackson), 6.60, third. Time 1:02. Also ran: Galea, Trenta, Solda, Molma, Trascinia, Sweet Spices.

FOURTH—4 furlongs: Rock Rest 105 (Doyal (Mal), 6.70, 3.70, 2.70, won, Merry Chase 103 (Dennier), 5.20, 3.90, second; Bryn 103 (Sterling), 4.60, third. Time :58 1-5. George G. Hall, Dipper, Morizo, Excalibur also ran.

RACE ENTRIES ON PAGE 13.

Mrs. Willet Stamps 'Turkey Trot' as O. K.

MACON, GA., May 29.—Mrs. Hugh M. Willet, of Atlanta, former president of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, declared here to-day while in attendance upon the Sixth District Federated Clubs' convention that the "turkey trot" and other ultra-modern dances are perfectly proper if not carried to excess.

Lawyer Gibson Jury Disagrees

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 29.—The Gibson jury disagreed and was discharged.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Fair Thursday and Friday.

BURNS JOINS IN HUNT FOR PHAGAN SLAYER

All Evidence Gathered by His Operatives Sent to the Noted Detective.

James Conley, the negro sweeper at the National Pencil Factory who has turned suspicion on himself with a maze of contradictory statements, was put through a gruelling third degree examination at police headquarters this afternoon. Pinkerton Detective Harry Scott said as the grilling began before Chief Beavers and Chief Lanford that he expected to glean important information. Scott had interviewed factory employees and was convinced that there were many things to be cleared up before the negro's second affidavit, on which the police rely so much, could be accepted.

With the maze of contradictory statements sweeping an avalanche of suspicion upon the head of James Conley, the negro sweeper, the potent information was unearthed Thursday that Detective William J. Burns personally will take charge of the investigation into the Mary Phagan murder case which his operatives have been conducting.

Despite the published report that the Burns operatives had withdrawn from the case, and despite the procedure of the State in prosecuting its case against Leo M. Frank, the pencil factory superintendent, the Burns investigation will continue and from now on be under the famous detective's direction.

This information came from Detective C. W. Tobie, William J. Burns' lieutenant, Thursday morning. It tends to show that Tobie, who has had charge of his agency's investigation here, does not consider the case as closed.

Mr. Tobie went so far as to deny emphatically the published interview with him, in which he was quoted as declaring Frank to be the guilty man.

Takes Evidence to Burns.

"From the evidence so far developed in the Phagan case, guilt is directed at Frank," the detective said with emphasis. "That was my statement. However, I was quoted as saying outright that Frank committed the murder. That was not true."

Mr. Tobie left Atlanta Thursday afternoon. He carried with him the evidence which he has gathered during his two weeks' probe of the case. He is going to New York. He will meet Burns there and place his material into the noted detective's hands. From then on Detective Burns will direct his operatives as to further investigations to be outlined by him.

This information but proves another link in the chain of circumstances which The Georgian has consistently pointed out in serious incrimination of Conley.

Negro Deeper in Suspicion.

With each cross-examination of the negro by the police in their attempts to secure more evidence against Frank, Conley has only insnared himself in guilt. His admitted falsehoods in former affidavits tending to throw the blame to Frank in connection with the "murder" notes have been accentuated as incriminating by the unqualified declarations of employees at the pencil factory that Conley is the guilty man.

Three responsible officials of the plant have outlined plausible theories as to how the negro could have committed the crime. These men, Herbert G. Schiff, who is assistant superintendent; E. F. Holloway, timekeeper, and N. V. Darley, general foreman, are acquainted with Conley. Upon their knowledge of him and the opportunity offered for accomplishing the murder they base their statements that he is guilty. They have proven beyond a doubt that Conley was in the factory for several hours on the day of the murder, and connecting with this the negro's contradictory statements as to his whereabouts they have compiled a most laudable explanation of how he killed the Phagan girl.

The detectives still hold firmly to

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

BASEBALL

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

AT BIRMINGHAM—

NEW ORLEANS	1	-
BIRMINGHAM	1	-

NATIONAL LEAGUE

AT NEW YORK—

PHILADELPHIA	0 2 0 2 0 2 0 0 0	-
NEW YORK	1 0 0 0 2 0 1 2 0	-

Alexander and Killifer; Demaree and Myers. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

AT PITTSBURG—

CHICAGO	0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0	4	8	2
PITTSBURG	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3	5	10	1

Humphreys and Archer; Robinson and Simon. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

AT CHICAGO—

CINCINNATI	0 0 0 1 3	-
ST LOUIS	0 0 1 4 0	-

Packard and Clark; Perritt and MacLean. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.

Boston-Brooklyn, no game; rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

AT PHILADELPHIA—

NEW YORK	1 0 2 2 0 0 0 0	-
PHILADELPHIA	1 1 0 0 0 2 1 0	-

Keating and Sweeney; Brown and Lapp. Umpires, Evans and Hart.

AT WASHINGTON—

BOSTON	0 0 0 1 0 0 0	-
WASHINGTON	1 0 3 0 1 0 0	-

O'Brien and Carrigan; Mullen and Henry. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Egan.

AT CLEVELAND—

ST. LOUIS	0 2 0	-
CLEVELAND	0 1 0	-

Stone and Alexander; Falkenburg and Carisch. Umpires, Dineen and Ferguson.

AT ST. LOUIS—

DETROIT	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-
CHICAGO	0 0 0 0 0 1 1	-

Willet and Stanage; Russell and Schalk. Umpires, Connolly and Hildebrand.

All other games off, rain.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

TOLEDO—
0 1 0 . . . . . . -
LOUISVILLE—
0 2 2 . . . . . . -

George and Livingstone; Smith and Clemons. Umpires, Murray and Handiboe.

AT KANSAS CITY—
MILWAUKEE—
0 0 0 . . . . . . -
KANSAS CITY—
0 2 1 . . . . . . -

Cutting and Hughes; Morgan and O'Connor. Umpires, Johnston and Connally.

AT MINNEAPOLIS—
ST. PAUL—
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 2 1
MINNEAPOLIS—
0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 X - 3 5 0

Karger and Miller; Burns and Owens. Umpires, Irwin and Westervelt.

Indianapolis-Columbus, no game; rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

AT ROCHESTER—
MONTREAL—
3 1 0 . . . . . . -
ROCHESTER—
1 0 7 . . . . . . -

Dale and Burns; Quinn and Williams. Umpires, Hughes and Nallin.

AT BUFFALO—
TORONTO—
2 0 0 0 0 0 . . . -
BUFFALO—
0 0 0 1 1 0 . . . -

Brown and Graham; Gervais and Gowdy. Umpires, Carpenter and Bierhalter.

AT BALTIMORE—
NEWARK—
1 1 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 - 6 12 1
BALTIMORE—
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 - 1 4 3

Atcheson and Higgins; Shamkey and Egan. Umpires, Quigley and Finneran.

Jersey City-Providence not scheduled.

To Double Fair Grounds.

DALTON.—The Whitfield Fair Association is planning to purchase additional land to add to the inclosed fair grounds, which, if put through, will practically double the present holdings.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

AT ALBANY—
CHARLESTON—
0 . . . . -
ALBANY—
0 . . . . -

AT COLUMBUS—
MACON—
0 . . . . -
COLUMBUS—
0 . . . . -

AT SAVANNAH—
JACKSONVILLE—
0 0 0 0 1 0 . . . -
SAVANNAH—
0 1 1 0 0 2 . . . -

Groover and Hawkins; Poole and Geibel. Umpires, Pender and Glatts.

Negro's Body Hangs In Court House Yard

AUGUSTA, GA., May 29.—What is left of the body of Richard Henry Austin, South Carolina negro desperado, to-day hangs to a tree in the court house square at Hampton, S. C. Before the body was suspended the head, one arm, the fingers and toes had been chopped off.

Austin died last night en route from Savannah to Hampton, having been fatally wounded by his captors near Newington, Ga., Tuesday night.

Austin assaulted a white woman and killed three white men near Hampton before he escaped several weeks ago.

Gambling in Food Under Senate's Ban

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The essential features of the Cummins bill to tax gambling in "all products of the soil, meats and provisions of all kinds" out of existence will be incorporated in the Underwood tariff bill by the Senate.

The amendment becomes germane to a tariff bill because it is designed, ostensibly, to raise revenue. The tax imposed is so high that no revenue would be collected and gambling operations would be prohibited through taxation.

$480 FOR WASHINGTON'S HAIR.

NEW YORK, May 29.—A lock of George Washington's hair brought $480 at an auction sale here.

BOTH TEAMS SCORE ONE IN FIRST INNING

Brady Faces Case on Mound in Opening Battle of Series at Poncy Park.

Score by innings:

Montgomery	100	0
Atlanta	110	

PONCE DE LEON BALL PARK, May 29.—The Crackers and the Billikens met here this afternoon in the first of their four-game series.

Both Montgomery and Atlanta scored one run each in the first inning.

Bill Smith sent in Brady and Chapman to do the battery work for Atlanta, and Johnny Dobbs selected Case and Gribbens to represent Montgomery.

THE GAME.

FIRST INNING.

Walker walked. Wares sacrificed, Brady to Agler. Manning singled to right and Walker scored. Sloan fouled to Smith. Kutina grounded to Bisland and Manning was forced at second. ONE RUN, ONE HIT.

Long singled through Manning. Welchonce grounded to Knaupp and Long was forced at second to Wares. Alperman out, Manning to Kutina, and Welchonce went to second. [illegible] through Wares and Welchonce went to third. Welchonce and Bailey worked a double steal, Welchonce scoring and Bailey going to second. The latter took third on Wares' wild return to the plate. Smith flied to Jantzen in deep left. ONE RUN, TWO HITS.

SECOND INNING.

Jantzen went out, Alperman to Agler. Knaupp flied to Smith. Gribbens flied to Bailey. NO RUNS, NO HITS.

Bisland flied to Jantzen. Agler singled over Case's head. Chapman flied to Sloan. Brady singled to right and Agler went to third. Long was there in the pinch with a timely single to center and Agler tallied. Welchonce out, Kutina to Case. ONE RUN, THREE HITS.

THIRD INNING.

Case went out, Alperman to Agler. Walker grounded out, Bisland to Agler. Bisland took Wares' grounder and threw him out to Agler. NO RUNS, NO HITS.

Alperman flied to Sloan. Bailey popped to Knaupp. Smith fanned. NO RUNS, NO HITS.

Taft Scores U. S. for "Lamb-Like" Policy

NEW HAVEN, May 29.—Former President Taft delivered his first lecture at Yale on the general topic "Some Questions of Modern Government." He criticised the short-sighted policy of the United States in not maintaining a sufficient army, and attacked the United States Senate for its attitude toward foreign nations.

"The policy of this country seems to be the Lord looks after the children and the drunken men and He ought to look after the United States," said Mr. Taft.

Wanamaker Faces Tariff-Fraud Charge

WASHINGTON, May 29.—Attorney General McReynolds to-day announced that the charges of undervaluation of imports against John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, will be laid before the Federal Grand Jury.

The Attorney General conferred with President Wilson to-day after receiving a full report from his agent in Philadelphia, which he said fully justified the proposed action of the department.

U. S. Armor Plant at $8,000,000 Urged

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The erection of an armor plate plant by the Government was urged again to-day by Senator Ashurst, of Arizona, despite the testimony of Rear Admiral Twining, chief of the United States Bureau of Ordnance, that an adequate factory would cost $8,000,000.

"The majority of the Democrats in the Senate and House are in favor of such a plant," said Senator Ashurst.

MAZE OF LIES BY CONLEY CLOUD MYSTERY

Police, Despite Conflicting Affidavits, Call Him Strong Witness Against Frank.

Continued From Page 1.

their theory that the negro was the most important witness against Leo M. Frank, in the face of the contradictory stories and lies in which he had been trapped.

They were strongly disposed to give full credence to Conley's second affidavit, although the negro's sudden anxiety to talk after three weeks of silence and the maze of falsehood in which he was at once involved served suddenly to shift the responsibility for Mary Phagan's death from Leo Frank to the sullen black man, in the judgment of many who have been following the evidence closely.

Chief Lanford and Detective Harry Scott, of the Pinkertons, announced Thursday morning, however, that they regarded the second affidavit of Conley as the final and conclusive piece of evidence needed in preparing a case against Frank.

Rejected First Affidavit.

Others who have weighed the evidence carefully declare there are many more significant indications that Conley was the slayer than there are reasons to believe that Frank is guilty.

The detectives rejected the first affidavit of Conley, in which he said Frank dictated Friday the notes that were found by the body of the slain girl Sunday morning on the ground that it was absurd and unbelievable to hold the theory that the murder was premeditated.

Yet they accept the second affidavit, which indicates identically the same thing, in that Frank met Conley at Nelson and Forsyth Streets before 11 o'clock Saturday morning, April 26, before the crime was committed, and told the negro to wait for him, later taking Conley to the factory with him, where Conley says that he wrote the notes at Frank's direction.

The negro in his second affidavit suggests no other motive that could have impelled Frank to ask him to come to the factory shortly before noon on Saturday. Conley says that Frank told him to wait secreted on the first floor until he heard a whistle. When he heard the whistle he says he went upstairs and Frank dictated the notes.

Why Many Suspect Conley.

All of this is inescapably suggestive of premeditation on the part of Frank, if Conley's story is to be believed, but the theory of premeditation has been scoffed at by everyone, including Chief Lanford and Harry Scott.

In fact, it never seriously was considered by anyone, say those who are inclined to believe the evidence against Conley greatly outweighs that against Frank. The assertion is freely made that it would be far easier to convict Conley, if the police were so disposed, than it will be to convict Frank. Here are a few reasons advanced:

When the factory superintendent was permitted to go before the Coroner's jury by his attorney, he answered all the questions in a straightforward, unwavering manner, never once being trapped in a lie or misstatement.

In marked contrast is the conduct of Conley ever since his arrest at the time of the inquest three weeks ago. When discovered at the factory, he was washing a shirt which he sought to hide from the person who had found him out.

He was taken into custody and gave his address as 92 Tattnall Street. Investigation disclosed that Conley was lying and that he had not lived on Tattnall Street for months, his actual residence being 172 Rhodes Street.

He was asked to write, and he told the officers he could not write a word. He refused to be inveigled into making an attempt at handwriting of any sort. He would not put a pencil to paper that the detectives might get a specimen of his penmanship. For a long time they believed he was so ignorant he could not write his own name. Then they found some leases he had signed for watches and knew that he had been lying again.

Just as the Grand Jury was about to sit and it appeared likely that Frank would be indicted, the negro broke his silence for the first time. He told the detectives that it was he who had written the notes, but that he had written them at Frank's dictation on Friday, April 25. Frank had approached him in an aisle at the factory and had asked him to come into the office, he said. He remembered that it was four minutes before 1 o'clock.

That he had been at the factory Saturday he denied emphatically. Between 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon he had been on Peters Street, according to his story.

The detectives ridiculed his story and continued examining. Gradually he broke down under their questioning, and it was established that he had been lying again and that he actually had been in the factory Saturday, presumably at the very time the girl was murdered. This was the first time his presence in the factory on Saturday had been known.

He had kept it a most profound secret up to the time it was gouged out of him by the detectives. He weakened further and admitted that he had been hiding down on the first floor as persons went in and out.

He described practically every person that entered or left the factory between 12 and 1 o'clock. But he declared that he did not see Mary Phagan when she came in the building. Out of all who entered or left, the murdered girl and Lemmie Quinn appear to be the only ones he missed seeing, according to his story.

He explained this by saying that he must have fallen asleep for a little while. He saw Miss Corinthia Hall and Mrs. Freeman leave a few minutes before 1 o'clock, but did not see Mary Phagan enter about five minutes after the hour. Neither did he see Lemmie Quinn, who is said to have been at the factory about 12:15.

If the negro's final affidavit is taken as nearer the probable truth than his first, those who are acquainted with Frank are of the opinion that there are still most important questions to be answered convincingly. They are these, assuming that Frank is guilty:

"Why should a man of Frank's intelligence—a man who is highly educated and who has won a position of responsibility—virtually make a confidant of another man, especially an ignorant negro, easily broken down by the third degree of the police station?

"Why should a man of sense, if he wished to keep his crime undiscovered, proclaim it to the negro, in his office by the question: 'Why should I hang?'

"Why should he approach this negro more than an hour before this crime was committed?"

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Thursday, May 29, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 13, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

MORSE TRYING TO RULE COAST SHIPS

Banker, Pardoned When "Dying," Purchases Steamers for New York-to-South Trade.

NEW YORK, May 29.—Charles W. Morse, convicted of bank wrecking after the 1907 panic and pardoned by President Taft on the ground that he was dying, is not only attempting to secure a monopoly of Hudson River steamship traffic, but is reaching out along the Atlantic Coast.

This became known to-day when it was learned that Morse has bought four lake steamers for coastwise trade between New York and Southern ports and will attempt to become the dominant figure in steamship traffic on the Atlantic Coast he was planning to become when the financial earthquake of 1907 upset his schemes.

The ships are so big they can not be brought through the canal connecting Lakes Erie and Ontario, consequently they will have to be reduced in size. They will be enlarged after they reach this port.

Morse may extend his operations to the Pacific when the Panama Canal is completed.

FELDER BRIBERY CHARGE EXPECTED

Believed Beavers Will Try to Have Grand Jury Consider Accusations Against Attorney.

That bribery charges against Colonel Thomas B. Felder and others will be placed before the Fulton County Grand Jury by police officials, was the indication when G. C. February, secretary of Chief of Detectives Lanford, and the person alleged to have been offered $1,000 in bribe money, secured a subpena Thursday afternoon for A. S. Colyar, Jr., to appear before Solicitor General Dorsey and give testimony Friday morning.

The subpena formally summoned Colyar, who was the author of the dictographing of Felder and Mayor Woodward, to appear before the Grand Jury. The preliminary hearing, however, will be in Solicitor Dorsey's office.

That February carried away with him a number of subpena blanks is taken to mean that others will be called upon to testify.

At the hearing of testimony Friday morning it is believed that Lanford and Police Chief Beavers will endeavor to show Solicitor Dorsey the plausibility of their bribery charges and ask that the matter be placed before the Grand Jury.

In line with this action, Chief Beavers called upon Carl Hutcheson, the attorney, again Thursday morning for the list of "protected disorderly houses" which Hutcheson declared he held, and which Hutcheson said he would reveal in an effort to prove that vice under police protection is rife in Atlanta.

Hutcheson three days ago, in answer to Beavers' defi, declared that he would give the police official the list on Thursday. On that day, however, Hutcheson stated the list was not yet prepared. He informed Beavers he would have it ready, though, within a short time.

Colyar was formally released Thursday of the $1,000 bonds under which he was given his liberty following forgery charges made against him by a Knoxville, Tenn., woman.

Colyar's release followed the failure of the Knoxville police authorities to send a man to Atlanta to take him back at the time specified by Police Chief Beavers.

Shot His Neighbor; Gets Year in Jail

MACON, GA., May 29.—Mallary Bodingfield, found guilty of shooting at another because of the shooting of his next-door neighbor, Ferd Guttenberger, whom he claims he mistook for a burglar, this morning was sentenced as for a misdemeanor, being given twelve months in jail.

Guttenberger recovered, although a bullet passed through his body.

Gibson Jury Unable To Agree on Verdict

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 29.—After having been out all night, the jury in the trial of Burton W. Gibson, the New York lawyer charged with strangling Countess Rosa Menschik Szabo on Greenwood Lake July 16, 1912, to secure her estate, was still deadlocked this morning.

It was rumored that the jurors stood 11 to 1 for conviction.

The jury in Gibson's first trial disagreed.

Scandal Forces Out High British Official

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 29.—Sir Rufus Isaacs, Attorney General of England, has tendered his resignation to Premier Asquith in consequence of the notoriety his name has attained in connection with the Marconi exposures.

The Jewish Express states that the Premier has refused to accept the resignation, but that it has not been

Mill Employees of Gov. Foss on Strike

BOSTON, May 29.—Fifteen hundred employees of the Sturtevant Blower Works and the Hecker Milling Company's plant, concerns in which Governor Eugene N. Foss is largely interested, went on strike to-day.

The strike practically tied up both plants.

A wonderful magazine given FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

SLAIN WOMAN'S SISTER THINKS SON INNOCENT

Mrs. Pearl Hartley, Prostrated by Shock, Declares Robbery Was Motive for Crime.

Continued From Page 1.

M., because he was in Chattanooga yesterday morning. When he drove me from home to the car line Sunday morning when I started to Chattanooga he told me he might be up there before the reunion was over.

"Yesterday afternoon the landlady told me the house had burned down. She knew Wade, and she told me she saw him in front of her house yesterday morning, wearing overalls just as when he is said to have left home. Two boys were with him, but they didn't go in the house. Wade was in Chattanooga when my wife and daughter were murdered, and he couldn't have done it."

Goes to See Ruins.

Leaving Carson & Treadwell's office, Mr. Stevens said he was going to the ruins of his home. He first visited the Patterson undertaking establishment and arranged for the funeral of his wife and daughter. Both bodies will be taken to Meansville, Ga., at 4 o'clock Friday morning, to be buried in the family lot, where Mrs. Stevens' father and mother both have been interred in the last two years.

Lonnie Blevins, 17 years old, who says he left San Francisco for Tampa and from there came to Atlanta, is held at police headquarters to-day. He said he arrived in Atlanta last Friday. He was detained because he could not give a connected story. The police attach little significance to his arrest or his presence in Atlanta.

Tells of Attempted Attack.

An important clew, given Sheriff J. A. McCurdy, of DeKalb County, who is in charge of the investigation, was revealed in the statement of a neighbor to the effect that a Mexican halfbreed, formerly employed by Mrs. Stevens, had attempted to attack Nellie Stevens some time ago.

This declaration was made by Miss Josephine McCaulay, 790 Glennwood Avenue, an intimate friend of both the slain mother and daughter. Miss McCaulay said that only a few days ago Mrs. Stevens had told her of shooting at the discharged halfbreed when he appeared at the country home. Mrs. Stevens had said that she fired twice at the man, and that he escaped into the clump of woods adjoining the house. Sheriff McCurdy has ordered a country-wide search made for the halfbreed.

Discovery Wednesday morning that Mr. Stevens had purchased an axe some days ago offers a possible clew to the weapon used by the murderer in crushing the skulls of his victims. The axe is, so far, missing, though the ruins of the burned dwelling and surrounding vicinity have been carefully searched for it.

Ax Apparently Used.

The sharp, knifelike cut across the top of Nellie Stevens' skull seems to bear out the theory that the murderer used the ax to slay his victims.

Possibility that the weapon, used by the murderer was thrown into the well near the house has lead Sheriff McCurdy to order the well dragged.

Atlanta police and detective officials have joined with the DeKalb force to solve the mystery. Detective Chief Lanford assigned Mounted Policeman Hamilton, who was a close friend of the Stevens family, and Detective Rosser to work on the case. Sheriff McCurdy obtained this reinforcement Thursday morning when he held a conference with Lanford.

A unique incident of the blaze which burned the Stevens home to ashes was revealed in the finding of fifty-seven chickens dead in a coop fifty feet away. The coop was not even scorched by the heat.

That robbery was the motive of the murderer has been established by the disappearance of jewelry and a large quantity of money which Mrs. Stevens was known to have had in the house at the time.

Woman's Jewels Missing.

Neighbors stated that Mrs. Stevens possessed a diamond ring valued at $400 and two gold watches. These are missing.

Coupled with other theories as to the murder is one which shows the work that of two negroes who were said to have been seen driving away from the burning home at sunrise Wednesday morning. The men rode in a one-horse wagon, the body of which was filled with oats. Tracks of the horse were found on a spot near the ruins. In the immediate vicinity was discovered a small pile of fresh oats. Human footprints were found nearby.

Despite the assertion that the negroes drove away, Sheriff McCurdy's men made a careful search of the woods surrounding the home, believing it highly probable that the murderer might have hidden therein to watch the burning house, and will scour the woods again to-day. Another theory is that he might have been wounded by Mrs. Stevens before he killed her, and had been forced to drag himself to the woods for escape. That the man may be lying there now is a possibility expressed by the police. The shell found in the shotgun used by Mrs. Stevens was found to have been discharged.

Does Bible Give Clew?

A search Thursday morning of an old deserted cabin 100 yards from the destroyed Stevens' home, in which Mrs. S. C. Stevens and her adopted daughter, Nellie, were murdered and then cremated, disclosed a Bible containing numerous marked passages, tragically coincident with the reported conduct of her own son toward her. This cabin was occupied at different times by negro servants who worked on the Stevens place. It had been vacant for three weeks.

The Bible reposed on a dust-covered mantel in the dingy shack. On the flyleaf appeared this inscription: "Mrs. S. C. Stevens' book."

In the list of the Ten Commandments, two of them were marked in pencil. They were:

"Thou shalt not kill."

"Honor thy father and thy mother."

Several passages in the book of Exodus were marked, all bearing on the relation of the son to the parents. One of these reads:

"And he that smiteth his father or his mother shall surely be put to death."

Verses of the same chapter were also marked, one reading:

"And he that curseth his father or his mother shall surely be put to death."

"And if any mischief follow, then thou shalt surely give life for life."

Negro Is Sought.

Walter Wilkes, a negro, who occupied the deserted cabin until three weeks ago, is being sought by officers Thursday in the general plan of investigating every one on whom suspicion might possibly turn. Where he went after leaving the Stevens home has not been learned.

The search of the cabin revealed discarded clothing, supposed to have been left by Wilkes. The clothing is said to have been damp. On an old table was also found a caseknife.

In the corner of the room was an old ax. It bore spots, but these are believed to be rust. This is not thought to be the missing Stevens ax, which was practically new and bright. Sheriff McCurdy said Thursday he believed this ax was at the bottom of the well in the yard of the burned home.

Search is also being made for an unidentified negro who once worked for a Mrs. Nort, said to be a friend of Mrs. Stevens. This negro wrote Mrs. Nort a letter asking her for a recommendation, but she failed to grant his request. Last Saturday the negro is said to have called her up over the telephone and remarked that he didn't need a recommendation anyway, "that he was working for her friend, Mrs. Stevens." No one has been found who knows anything of this negro. He is described as being black and thick.

Gun Shell Is Found.

B. R. Peavy, a farmer who was on the scene of the crime all night, made an extended search of the ruins, and in the room where the charred bodies were found discovered a shotgun shell. The primer was dented, indicating that it had been fired. The single-barreled shotgun found beside the remains of Mrs. Stevens was empty. Peavy also found a discharged revolver cartridge, of .38 caliber. Mrs. Stevens' revolver is said to have been of 32 caliber.

Her revolver is still missing.

The finding of the discharged cartridges has only served to intensify the baffling mystery as to what took place in the murder room. It has given rise to several theories. It has been suggested that there may have been a gun battle between Mrs. Stevens and the assailant. There is still another theory that the murderer may have shot Mrs. Stevens with a revolver, and, as she fell, seized the shotgun, with which she was trying to defend the home, and with it shot the girl to death. Officers are satisfied that Mrs. Stevens had leaped from bed and seized the shotgun to protect herself and little Nellie, but it is a matter of pure speculation as to how the shell came to be discharged.

The time of the tragedy, or at least of the fire, was fixed Thursday in a statement by Farris Simmons, a brakeman of the Southern Railway, who said he passed on his train between 12 and 1 o'clock Wednesday morning and saw the house in flames. The railroad is but a short distance from the burned home. This would make it positive that the murder was committed about midnight or before that hour, and the Stevens boy will merely have to show that he left for Chattanooga before that time.

Suspect Trailed.

Telephone information from Red Oak, a short distance south of Atlanta, was received at the police station Thursday afternoon to the effect that a suspicious stranger, believed to be Dan Walker, the suspected half-breed Indian who was shot at by Mrs. Stevens several weeks ago when he insulted her adopted daughter, had passed through that place yesterday.

Policeman Clarence Hamilton, who is detailed on the mystery with Detective Rosser, immediately notified Fairburn, Newnan, Palmetto and other towns along the route to be on the lookout for the half-breed and take him into custody, pending instructions from Atlanta.

Sister Believes Son Innocent.

In a darkened room in a little house at 33 Dainey Street, with a physician in almost constant attendance, lies a woman prostrated by grief. Absolute quiet has been ordered by the doctor, and the anguish tears at her heart in a silence broken only by her own sobs and the hushed patter of childish footsteps as her children play quietly about the house.

She is Mrs. Pearl Hartley, sister of Mrs. Sarah C. Stevens, whose charred body was found lying beside that of her adopted daughter in the smoking ruins of their farm home seven miles from Atlanta. Prostrated by the shock of the tragedy, with her imagination made vivid by her suffering and grief, Mrs. Hartley is seeing in the darkness of her room the terrible happenings of that night of horror.

Mrs. Hartley's only surcease from suffering came for a few moments late Wednesday afternoon, when, under the influence of opiates administered by her physician, she recovered sufficiently to talk to a Georgian reporter. Mrs. Hartley sobbed audibly throughout the interview, and her eyes, red with weeping and reflecting the anguish that tore at her heart, emphasized her words as she cried for vengeance on the murderer.

"Why do they always murder women?" she cried. "It is terrible. Little girls are murdered when they go onto the street, and now a woman is not safe even in her own home."

Faints at News.

The notifying of Mrs. Hartley of the death of her sister and niece formed one of the most dramatic and pathetic incidents of the entire tragedy. She was downtown Wednesday morning shopping, when word came to her home on Dainey Street that her sister and niece had been murdered. Mrs. Lena Thompson, a neighbor, of 24 Dainey Street, volunteered to go downtown and find Mrs. Hartley and tell her the sad news.

After a search of an hour Mrs. Thompson found Mrs. Hartley in the Kress store on Whitehall Street. As she stood trying to locate the sister of the murdered woman in the crowd of shoppers Mrs. Hartley, warned by intuition that something was wrong, pushed through the crowd and hurried to Mrs. Thompson.

"What is it?" she cried. "What's the matter?"

Mrs. Thompson, seeking to break the news gently, told her that her sister's home had burned down and that she had been badly injured.

"It's worse than that," Mrs. Hartley cried. "I feel it! I know it is worse than that!"

She screamed and fainted in the arms of Mrs. Thompson. She was soon revived and taken to her home. Mrs. Thompson endeavored to calm her on the trip on the street car with the assurance that everything was all right.

As Mrs. Hartley entered her yard, one of her little daughters ran out of the house, tears streaming down her face.

"Oh, mamma," she cried, "Aunt Sarah and Cousin Nellie have been killed!"

With a scream, Mrs. Hartley fell to the ground in a swoon. She was picked up by Mrs. Thompson and members of her family, and carried into the house. A physician was called and administered opiates. Under the influence of the medicine she was able to sit up in bed for a few moments late in the afternoon, but collapsed again when she learned that her nephew, the son of the murdered woman, was being sought by the police as the murderer of his mother.

WILLIAM STEVENS, husband and father of the woman and girl whose charred bodies were found in the fire ruins of their home on McDonough Road, and whose deaths are laid to a slayer. Mr. Stevess says his son is innocent.

BETTER SERVICE ON CAR LINES ORDERED

Railroad Commission Directs the Company to Provide for the Rush-Hour Crowds.

Continued From Page 1.

made on this route week days, as directed on other named routes, to accurately ascertain measure of regular traffic.

ROUTE NO. 20—College Park, East Point and Hapeville: Actual counts of week-day loads at peak points to be made during next five months, to ascertain accurately if there is over-congestion in regular traffic.

ROUTE NO. 23—Buckhead Line: Tripper service previously ordered by the commission to Sixth Street on West Peachtree has been recently extended by the company to Dead Man's Curve, the end of double track, which gives local service this far on a ten-minute headway during rush hours and to that extent relieves congestion on the Buckhead cars. In addition, double-headers in the morning and afternoon hours, for congestion during those hours arising out of construction work in the northern part of the city, are operated and will be continued as necessity demands. Counts, during morning and afternoon rush hours, for the next five months, of actual loads at the peak point of the Buckhead line, have been ordered, and will determine the necessity of further relief on this route.

Grounded German Battleship in Peril

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

DANZIG, GERMANY, May 29.—Danzig harbor was all but closed to-day by the German dreadnought Koenig Albert, which went aground Monday and which has swung across the mouth of the Vistula River, preventing all but the smallest vessels from entering or leaving.

The position of the warship is dangerous owing to the drifting silt which is threatening to sandlock the ship.

Fear's Wives Were Near, Beer and Dear

CHICAGO, May 29.—That George Fear, who disappeared mysteriously in Chicago recently, and who was alleged to have wives under the names Near, Beer, Fear and Dear, was a Mormon was the explanation made in the County Court yesterday by an investigator who had discovered the case.

Fear is said to have come to Chicago with his various wives to work on an invention. The high cost of living sent him scurrying back to Utah, the investigator told the court.

Recall Clamor Laid To Corrupt Lawyers

WASHINGTON, May 29.—On the shoulders of corrupt lawyers, Senator Charles E. Townsend, of Michigan, speaking before the graduates of the Washington College of Law, placed the burden of blame for the agitation for the recall of judges.

The speaker took to task a class of "shrewd and highly educated lawyers" whom he termed "flaw finders," and declared they were "enemies of decent government."

Militants Fire Hay And Farm Buildings

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 29.—Having terrorized most of the cities of England, the militant suffragettes now are paying their attentions to the rural districts.

Three fires were reported to-day from farms near Richmond. Haystacks and farm buildings were burned and about the ruins were scattered placards and copies of The Suffragette.

NOTTINGHAM, ENGLAND, May 29.—Suffragettes set fire to the freight sheds in the railroad terminal here to-day. The fire was extinguished after $5,000 damage was done.

OD[...] NEX[...]

Grand Lodge Ses[...] Ends—Atlantan [...] Grand Representa[...]

SAVANNAH, GA., May 29.—[...] the conclusion of business this afternoon the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Georgia adjourned to meet next year at Macon. A feature of to-day's session was the report of the committee on Odd Fellows' Home, headed by T. S. O'Neil. This report and the agitation to establish the home provoked the liveliest discussion of the meeting. Legislation affecting the conduct of lodges and complaints and grievences were also considered.

Two steamers took the visitors down the Savannah River this afternoon.

The election of Thomas M. Haynes, of Savannah, as grand master, the choice of other officers, including the retiring grand master, W. B. Coleman, of Cedartown, and Dr. L. B. Clarke, of Atlanta, as grand representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, and the competitive degree drill at the Savannah Theater last night, completed the session yesterday.

John W. Bennett, of Waycross, who went into the Grand Lodge with enough strength to elect him without difficulty, moved that Dr. Clarke be elected grand representative, and this was done by acclamation. The other officers are W. B. Sloan, Gainesville, deputy grand master; Frank Harrell, LaGrange, grand warden; T. R. Robertson, LaGrange, grand secretary, and C. A. Vonderluith, Athens, treasurer.

Mrs. Hester Millon, of Thomasville, was elected grand warden of the Rebekah Assembly, defeating Miss Nell Rodrigues, of Macon. The other officers are Mrs. J. W. Gholson, Milledgeville, president; Mrs. Ivy Henderson, Savannah, vice president; Mrs. A. L. Moore, Fitzgerald, secretary, and Mrs. Sarah Lutici, Augusta, treasurer.

1,400 Taken From American Liner on Rocks Off England

LIVERPOOL, May 29.—The American liner Haverford, bound from Liverpool to Philadelphia with 1,400 passengers on board, crashed upon Daunts Rock, outside of Queenstown Harbor, to-day in a thick fog.

A big hole was rammed in the ship's hold and she began to settle. Wireless calls brought help, and all the passengers were taken off.

A wireless message said the ship was in a dangerous condition.

Americans Victims In London Hotel Raid

LONDON, May 29.—American tourists were among the victims of a robbery at the fashionable Hotel Berkeley in Piccadilly early to-day. Armed burglars bound and gagged two porters, who were acting as watchmen, opened a safe and made off with a great sum of money and jewels.

Scotland Yard detectives were assigned to the case. It is believed the robbers fled to France. The Berkeley is one of the best-known hotels in London and much frequented by American tourists.

STAY ON YOUR FEET

Taking Calomel Means Staying Home for the Day—Take Dodson's Liver Tone and Save a Day's Work.

If an attack of constipation or biliousness hits you, there's no need to take a dose of calomel and spend at least a day getting over the effects of it. All druggists sell the liver tonic, Dodson's Liver Tone, that takes the place of calomel and starts a lazy liver without any bad after-effects.

Dodson's Liver Tone does all the good that calomel ever did, yet it is absolutely harmless to young people and old. It is a pleasant-tasting vegetable liquid that will relieve constipation or sour stomach or other troubles that go along with a lazy liver, without restriction of habit or diet. You don't leave off any of the things you regularly do when you take Dodson's Liver Tone.

All druggists sell Dodson's Liver Tone and give it a strong personal guarantee. They say, "A large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone sells for 50 cents, and we will hand any person back his 50 cents if he tries a bottle and doesn't say that it does all that calomel ever does and does it pleasantly. Get the genuine Dodson's Liver Tone and if you are not pleased with it we will give your money back with a smile."

White City Park Now Open

Save money NOW on Furniture at High's.

Hear Dr. George R. Stuart on "Lop-Sided Folks," Baptist Tabernacle, Friday, May 30. Admission 25c.

STOMACH TROUBLES
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Produces healthy activity of weak and disordered stomachs. An excellent strength builder. Adv.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants 3c each. Atlanta Floral Co., 555 E. Fair Street.

Break Down the Cost of Living

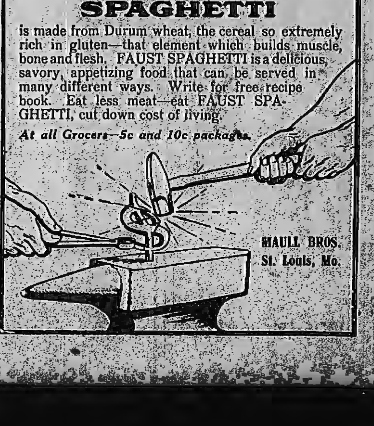
Your meat bill is far too high—you don't need half the amount of meat you're eating now—cut your meat bill two-thirds and substitute a food that is far more nutritious and costs one-tenth the price—FAUST SPAGHETTI.

A 10c package of FAUST SPAGHETTI contains more real nutrition than 4 lbs. of beef and it is much easier to digest.

FAUST SPAGHETTI

is made from Durum wheat, the cereal so extremely rich in gluten—that element which builds muscle, bone and flesh. FAUST SPAGHETTI is a delicious, savory, appetizing food that can be served in many different ways. Write for free recipe book. Eat less meat—eat FAUST SPAGHETTI, cut down cost of living.

At all Grocers—5c and 10c packages.



MAULL BROS.
St. Louis, Mo.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER DEAD IN FIRE

Coroner's Jury Orders Strangely Missing Son Held

ALWAYS FIRST
THE SUNDAY AMERICAN
Order It NOW—
Both Phones Main 8000

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results

VOL. XI. NO. 254. ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1913. Copyright, 1913, By The Georgian Co. 2 CENTS FAT NO MORE

EXTRA

CONLEY WAS IN FACTORY ON DAY OF SLAYING

Police Secure Admission From Negro Sweeper During Examination for Phagan Clews.

James Conley, negro sweeper, in an affidavit made Wednesday, said that he was lying when he said he went to the National Pencil Factory on Friday. He said that he made the statement that it was Friday when Frank (as he says) told him to write the death notes, because he was afraid he would be accused of the murder of Mary Phagan if he told the truth.

He said he felt that if he said he was there Saturday the police would connect him with the murder. Conley said he got up between 9 and 9:30 o'clock Saturday morning, he knew the time because he looked at the clock on the Atlanta University from his front door. He returned indoors and had breakfast.

He got three silver dollars from his wife to exchange for paper money so that she would not lose it. He continued:

"I told my wife I was going to Peters Street. I went toPeters Street and stopped at a beer saloon at Peters and Haynes Streets. I bought two beers in there, drank one myself and gave another to a man named Bob. I stayed in the barroom three or four minutes and then walked back to the pool table and shot dice with four men. One of them was named Joe Hobs and one Bob Williams. I won 90 cents.

Drank Some Whisky.

"I don't know how long we had been shooting, but I think it was about fifteen minutes. I left there and went to Erler saloon on Peters Street. I bought a glass of beer there. I walked back to the rear of the place, rolled a cigarette, came back and bought a half pint of whisky. I drank part of the whisky. I started from there to the Capital City Laundry to see my mother.

"I met Mr. Frank at the corner of Forsyth and Nelson Streets. He stopped me and asked me where I was going. I told him I was going to the Capital City Laundry to see my mother. He said, 'Wait 'til I come back.'

"He said he was going to see Mr. Montague. He was gone about 20 minutes. He came back and told me to come to the factory, that he wanted to see me. I went with him, walking behind him. He stopped at the Curtis drug store at Mitchell and Forsyth and got a drink. I waited for him outside. Frank had a bundle in his hand.

"After we got to the factory he put the bundle in the trash barrel right near the steps. He put a box there for me to sit on and other boxes back further in the factory. He told me to sit there until he whistled. He told me not to let Darley see me.

Tells of Seeing Dagley.

"Along came a woman down stairs, Miss Mattie, I think her name was. She had on a dark suit and a raincoat. She carried a parasol. (This was Miss Mattie Smith). Then Darley came down stairs. He wore a grey suit and had no hat. He stopped Miss Mattie at the front door. She was wiping her eyes like she was crying. I heard him say, 'Don't worry; I will see that you get that next week.'

"She went out and he went back up the steps. In a few minutes he came back down and left. Then came Holloway down stairs about five minutes after Darley left. Holloway stood on the sidewalk five or six minutes and then came back.

"Then a negro drove up to the factory in a wagon. He went upstairs. He had some bills in his hand. Holloway came back with the negro, who was peging. The negro drove away and Holloway went back upstairs.

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

JACK LONDON'S
Latest and Greatest Short Novel
The SCARLET PLAGUE
Begins in the
FREE MAGAZINE
GIVEN WITH NEXT
SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

Try Macon Man for Shooting Neighbor

MACON, GA., May 28.—Mallary Bedingfield, a prominent Macon business man, is on trial in Superior Court to-day, charged with assault with intent to murder, because of the shooting last November of his next-door neighbor, Fred Guttenberger, an orchestra leader, whom he mistook for a burglar.

Mr. and Mrs. Guttenberger were the principal witnesses for the State. Mr. Bedingfield told the jury that he fired toward the ground and one of the bullets deflected, striking Mr. Guttenberger.

Georgia Millionaire Weds Sister-in-Law

NEW YORK, May 28.—Thomas McMillan, Savannah millionaire, member of the firm of McMillan Brothers, manufacturers of copper turpentine stills, was married to-day to Miss Mamie Bliss, of Savannah, sister of his first wife and for the last seven years, since her sister's death, in charge of the McMillan household.

The bride was visiting her sister, Mrs. Edmund Usina, in this city, when Mr. McMillan met her here. The wedding came as a surprise.

Gen. Lomax, Dixie War Veteran, Dead

WASHINGTON, May 28.—General Lindsay Lunsford Lomax, Confederate officer in the war between the States, died at Providence Hospital to-day. He was 78 years old. Funeral services will be held to-morrow at his old home in Warrenton, Va.

General Lomax was taken to the hospital about two weeks ago with a fractured hip, the result of a fall while visiting his daughter in Warrenton.

Wilson Would End Party Conventions

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The abolition of political conventions for nominating purposes and the elimination of the electoral college were advocated by President Wilson to-day in a talk with Representative Britten, of Illinois.

The President told the Congressman that he long has favored the shortening of the ballot and he believes the abolition of the electoral college would accomplish this purpose.

Athletic Preacher Saves Child's Life

TAMPA, FLA., May 28.—The Rev. J. E. Skinner, athletic pastor of the Palm Avenue Baptist Church, saved the life of 8-year-old Alberta Robinson at a church picnic at Sulphur Springs, when the child, with 20 or 40 others, was in bathing. She slipped from the shallow part of the pool into water more than twenty feet deep and had gone down twice when Rev. Mr. Skinner reached her. She was resuscitated.

Bride Given $2 in 2 Months Asks Divorce

Asserting that since she was married two months ago her husband, L. P. Ellison, had contributed only $2 to her support, Mrs. Flora Ellison has filed suit for divorce and alimony.

She obtained a ne exeat bond of $200, requiring Ellison to remain in the State until the hearing, set for June 7. She alleged that he had threatened to leave the State if she sued.

A wonderful magazine given FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

GEN. YOUNG REELECTED VETERANS' COMMANDER

Miss Ruth Johnson, of Cleveland, Tenn., maid of honor for Tennessee Division, Sons of Confederate Veterans, and below, Miss Katherine Tudhunter, of Lexington, Mo., maid of honor for Missouri Division, United Confederate Veterans.

Alabama Monument Dedicated At Confederate Reunion.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 28. General Bennett Young was re-elected commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans here late this afternoon.

The only aspirant to the office held by General Young was General K. M. VanZandt, of San Antonio, Texas, who had a fairly formidable following.

General Irvine Walker, chairman of the committee appointed at the Macon reunion to co-operate with a committee of the Grand Army of the Republic in regard to a joint peace Jubilee of the two organizations, submitted a report recommending that at least 10,000 Confederate veterans attend.

The dedicatory exercises of the Alabama and Florida monuments this morning drew thousands of veterans and the attendance at the morning session was unusually light.

Action by the veterans on a resolution asking the Federal Government to purchase Johnson's island in Lake Erie, near Sandusky, Ohio, will be taken Thursday morning, according to a committee report submitted today. Thousands of Confederate veterans who died in Northern prisons are buried there and a monument has been erected to them on the island by the women of the South, at a cost of $30,000. It is stated that the island will be obliterated as a historic point unless immediate action is taken to preserve it.

Major W. P. Gorman, a Birmingham veteran, who fell yesterday and sustained a fractured skull, lies at the point of death at a local hospital today.

Jack London's new story, "The Scarlet Plague," begins in the American Monthly Magazine given free with every copy of next Sunday's American.

JACK LONDON'S
Latest and Greatest Short Novel
The SCARLET PLAGUE
Begins in the
FREE MAGAZINE
GIVEN WITH NEXT
SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

Oil Flows to Blacksmith Forge; Town In Ruins; 3 Dead

TULSA, OKLA., May 28.—Four hundred gallons of gasoline from an overturned tank trickled down the main street of Kiefer late yesterday.

Forty feet away a tiny stream ran into the village blacksmith shop and the gasoline touches the red hot coals of the smith's forge.

There was a series of low rumbling explosions, a blinding flash of flame and on the ground lay eight persons, badly burned.

An hour later the building and yards of a lumber company and six homes were in ruins.

Three of the injured men died in Tulsa last night.

Kidnaps Sixth Child; Has 'Parental Mania'

NEW YORK, May 28.—The entire police force of Greater New York is searching to-day for Anna Boyarsky, aged 16, who is suffering from "parental mania," and who is at large somewhere with a kidnaped child in her possession—the sixth she has stolen in two years.

The victim is Frieda Lieberwitz, aged 4, whose parents live next door to Anna's mother in Brooklyn.

Clyde Ship Calls Help by Wireless

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 28.—The Clyde line freight steamer, Katahdin, is lying disabled off the North Carolina coast, according to an interrupted wireless message received here.

An electrical storm put the wireless station out of commission as the message was being received, and the nature and extent of the Katahdin's injuries could not be ascertained.

To Legalize Hotel Register Marriages

TALLAHASSEE, FLA., May 28.—Senator Himes' common marriage bill, providing that any man and woman who register at a hotel as man and wife are duly married, passed the Senate by an overwhelming majority.

The measure is expected to pass the House without opposition.

Two Georgians Get Army Commissions

WEST POINT, N. Y., May 28.—Ninety-two new officers will be added to Uncle Sam's army on June 12 by the graduation of the first class of the corps of cadets at the United States Military Academy.

Two Georgians are in the class: David B. Falk and Allen G. Thurman.

'Grape Juice' Habit Spreads to Thieves

COLUMBUS, GA., May 28.—Following the example set by Secretary of State William J. Bryan, burglars who entered Armor & Company's place, in this city, only drank grape juice while lunching on bologna sausage and other edibles they found in the place.

Only one case of the grape juice was molested.

Suffrage Bill Near Passage in Illinois

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., May 28.—The bill giving women in Illinois the ballot to-day needed only thirteen votes in the House in order to pass.

Suffrage advocates are busy trying to line up this number of votes.

BODIES OF MOTHER AND GIRL IN RUINS OF HOME; SON HUNTED

Coroner's Jury Decides Pair Were Murdered, and Recommended That Missing Son Be Apprehended and Held for Investigation; Jewels Gone

T. H. P. Pincher, a justice of the peace in DeKalb County, held an inquest over the charred bodies of Mrs. B. C. Stevens and her adopted daughter, Nellie Stevens, Wednesday afternoon. The jury decided the two women had been murdered and recommended that Wade Stevens, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Stevens, who is missing, be apprehended and held for investigation.

The inquest was held at the ruins of the Stevens home.

The jury made a search of the ruins and found that a $400 diamond ring worn by Mrs. Stevens, the two gold watches worn by Mrs. Stevens and the girl, and two revolvers were missing.

Miss Josephine McCauley, of 791 Glenwood Avenue, said Mrs. Stevens told her, a short while ago, that she had had a half-breed Indian working around the house, but had discharged him because he made insulting remarks to Miss Nellie Stevens. He had returned two nights later and prowled about the house, when Mrs. Stevens shot at him.

Two Found in Burned Home.

That the mother and girl whose charred remains were found in the ruins of their home seven miles southeast of Atlanta early Wednesday morning were murdered and the house set afire by the murderer in an effort to obliterate all evidence of the deed was the astounding declaration made by Sheriff J. A. McCurdy after an investigation of the tragedy.

Positive identifications of the two women as Mrs. B. C. Stevens, 40 years old, wife of William Stevens, a 70-year-old Confederate veteran now in Chattanooga, at the reunion, and their adopted daughter, Nellie Stevens, 18 years old, were made by neighbors.

Conditions leading up to the theory that the deaths were the result of murder are these:

The charred bodies of the women were found lying in the center of a bed room in the rear of the cottage. Near at hand were the remains of a shotgun.

Mrs. Stevens' skull had been crushed in. A hoe found in what had been the hallway leading from the room is believed to have been the instrument used to strike the woman as she arose from her bed, with the shotgun, to meet the intruder.

That the door of the room was open at the time of the encounter is believed to add another link to prove the affair a murder.

The method in which the daughter met her death could not be ascertained, owing to the charred condition of her body.

Son Quarreled With Mother.

Inquiry among the neighbors developed the fact that Wade Stevens, the 16-year-old son, who disappeared from his home Tuesday afternoon, had quarreled with his mother and sister.

Mrs. L. G. Self, who lives a short distance from the Stevens home, told Sheriff McCurdy that the boy had a tiff with his parent because she would not permit him to come to Atlanta during the absence of his father.

Mrs. Self stated that Nellie Stevens had appeared at her home with a package of Wade's clothing, which she asked Mrs. Self to keep that night to prevent the boy from disobeying his mother and leaving the house.

This statement, coupled with others to the effect that Wade Stevens had on numerous occasions acted in an infractious manner—at one time snatching $45 from his mother's hand and running away—have led Sheriff McCurdy to start a hunt for him in order that he may be questioned in connection with the murder.

The house was burned during the night. Its ruins were first discovered at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning by J. A. Nelms, who was passing the scene in a milk wagon. Nelms, after viewing the smoking embers of the building, summoned J. L. Cowan, a neighbor, and notified the county police.

When Sheriff McCurdy arrived on the scene the remains of the two women already had been found by Nelms and Cowan. Mrs. Stevens was identified by her false teeth.

When the bodies had been taken out of the ruins they were examined—Mrs. Stevens' skull was seen to have been crushed in.

It was this fact that first led the authorities to suspect foul play. Careful examination of the surrounding embers in the place where the bodies were found brought to light a shotgun barrel, the stock and woodwork of which had been burned off.

The weapon was seen to have been close to the positions where the bodies were discovered.

Slain as They Left Beds.

That the women had left their beds before they met their deaths was another conclusion drawn by Sheriff McCurdy. The bodies lay in the center of the door while the iron frames of the beds were over in a corner of the room.

The door to the room was open, its half demolished frame still stands in the ruins. Just outside the door the hoe was found.

Sheriff McCurdy's theory is that the murderer fled through the door, casting the hoe with which he had slain the women in the hall. That the plan to set fire to the house and burn the bodies to hide the crime came as a second thought.

The house was about 50 yards from the road in a clump of trees. It is in a lonely spot and the nearest neighbor is beyond earshot. That the screams of the women would not have been heard is safe to conclude.

Girl's Skull Crushed.

Another development that tends to show murder, came with the discovery that the skull of Nellie Stevens had been fractured, also. A charred stick, across the top of the head, showed possibility that a knifelike weapon had been used, striking with such force as to cleave the bone.

The positions of the bodies in the ruins tend to bear this theory out—that the murderer had struck the girl with his hoe after crushing Mrs. Stevens' skull.

Mrs. Stevens' skull, it was shown, was crushed in by a blow directed at her from in front. Her body was found just three feet from the doorway. Directly behind this lay the body of Nellie Stevens.

It is thought that Mrs. Stevens, when she took up the shotgun and started toward the door at the sound of the intruder, was followed by her daughter. When the older woman opened the door, Nellie was directly behind her. The murderer then, if he stood just within the doorway, with hoe in hand, struck Mrs. Stevens first. With a second blow he felled the girl beside her.

Open Knife Under Girl's Body.

The gun barrel was found close to the bodies of the women and the hoe was found out in the hallway.

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

POLICE EXPECT NEGRO CONLEY TO CONFESS

Sweeper, Under Fire of Questions, Admits Being in Factory on Day of Slaying.

Continued From Page 1.

"In a few minutes he came down and left the building for good. Then came another lady. She works on the fourth floor for Arthur White. She was upstairs six or seven minutes. Then she came back down with her money. She stood by me and tore open the envelope and counted the money. Then she left the building and for about fifteen minutes there was no one passing me.

Heard Frank Whistle.

"I sat down on the box and put my head against the trash barrel and stretched my feet out with my hat in my lap. I don't know whether I went to sleep or not. The next thing I knew I heard Frank's whistle twice, just like this (imitating whistle). I went upstairs. The double doors were closed. Frank was standing at the top of the steps. He said, 'I see you heard me, all right,' and I said 'Yes.'

"Frank grabbed me by the arm very tight and his hand was trembling. It was just like he was walking down the street with a lady. He carried me through the first office into his private office, came back and shut the door into the outer office. Then he came back to where I was. He didn't say anything but grabbed up a box of sulphur matches and went into the outer office. When he came back he pulled out a round chair.

"He brought the chair for me to sit in. Then he closed the door and asked me to address a letter 'Dear Brother.' Then he asked me to write some things for him. I don't remember all of it, but I remember one of them was this: 'That long tall black negro did it by hisself.' I wrote these things at his dictation. Then Mr. Frank patted me on the back and said that I was a good boy. Then he handed me a box of cigarettes and I took them."

Vital Evidence Kept Secret.

From this point the negro's statement was similar to the affidavit published a few days ago. The negro said that he left the factory between five and ten minutes after 1 o'clock, went back to Peters Street and then went home.

Chief Lanford read the above which he said was about half of the affidavit. The chief said that he had only given out the unimportant details, leaving it to be inferred that Conley had given vital evidence.

Harry Scott intimated that the negro's affidavit Wednesday morning had practically cleared the mystery and was the most important bit of evidence in the hands of the State.

At 2:45 o'clock the negro was taken into the chief's office for another sweating.

Admission that he was in the National Pencil factory on the day of the murder of Mary Phagan was gained from Conley, after cross-examination by detectives at police headquarters.

The negro, who became the center of attention with his amazing story that Leo Frank had told him to write the death notes, changed his narrative again to-day. Confronted by E. F. Holloway, a foreman in the plant, he admitted having been in the factory after having steadily maintained that he was on Peters Street between 10 and 2 o'clock that fatal Saturday and at home all other hours of the day.

Says Confession Is Near.

Holloway, after leaving the secret grilling at which the admission was obtained, declared he was sure it was only a matter of hours before Conley would confess. He asserted that if he had been allowed to put questions to Conley he could have gotten important information.

The police questions were, of course, all put with the idea of gaining information against Frank.

Chief Lanford had announced that he would go before Judge Roan with a request for an order allowing him to confront Frank with the negro, so that Conley's statement would be admissible in court. Lanford, however, failed to carry out his plans, although he would not admit they had been abandoned.

Later Chief Beavers said that the plan to confront Frank with Conley would not be carried out to-day and that its wisdom was doubtful, as, of course, Frank could not be compelled to answer any questions.

Refuse to Admit Suspicion.

The police refused to admit that suspicion was turning or should be turned to Conley, who has told one falsehood after another since his arrest. They tried resolutely to construe every one of his statements as against Frank and would not admit that the continued contradictions of the negro made his value as a witness next to nothing.

The police declared that Conley had been asked to write the contents of the death notes and had spelled night watch" as it was in the note, "night witch," and "self" with the "l" and "e" transposed as in the notes. What all this shows, in view of the fact that the same officials had announced that they had conclusive evidence by "experts" and that Frank wrote the notes, is not plain.

Conley was also confronted by General Foreman N. V. Darley in the presence of Detectives Black, Scott and Lanford and the negro made important admissions that will no doubt force him to admit his guilt.

Conley admitted that he sat at the elevator shaft on the first floor at 12:30 on the afternoon of the murder and saw Darley in company with Miss Smith descend the stairs. Conley described Miss Smith as wearing a raincoat and Darley with his coat on with no hat. Darley stated that both descriptions were absolutely correct in every particular. Strange to say, neither Darley nor Miss Smith saw the negro, for he was seated in the shadow of the steps and never made a sound.

Conley said that after Darley came down stairs with Miss Smith he walked to the door with her and then returned and ascended the stairs. This Darley says is true.

Shortly after this Mrs. Albert White went into the factory to see her husband and get some money to buy a dress. Her husband, Albert White, was at work on the fourth floor with the assistant foreman and machinist, Harry Denham. Mrs. White says that she saw a negro who sat immovable at the foot of the elevator shaft as she entered the factory.

She could not identify him because of the indistinct light. But as Conley admitted he was there five minutes before it is reasonable to believe that it was Conley that Mrs. White passed.

According to the statement of E. F. Holloway Conley had no business in the factory on the day of the murder, which was a holiday. Holloway says that the negro denied being there when questioned by him. Now Conley admits that he was there.

Holloway believes that had not Darley escorted Miss Mattie Smith down stairs that she and not Mary Phagan would have been the victim.

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON, WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 12, 1913.

Vote for ....
Address ....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Wednesday, May 28, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 12, 1913.

Vote for ....
Address ....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

WILSON OPPOSES CURRENCY FRILLS

President Reported to Have Told House Leaders to Use Common Sense.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—President Wilson has confided to House leaders, according to information obtained to-day, that he wants currency reform legislation next month conducted along common sense lines. He believes too much expert opinion will tend to becloud fundamental questions.

Prominent New York City bankers are said to have approved the essentials of a draft of the bill, although not being willing to accept all the details.

The President, it is stated, will be satisfied if they agree on the main features.

Only two members of the Cabinet, Bryan and McAdoo, have been consulted, according to reliable information. The former is said to have contributed several valuable ideas to the bill on the issuance of notes by reserve associations.

Conner Begs for Additional Funds

J. J. Conner, State Commissioner of Agriculture, in his annual report to Governor Brown, declares better facilities in his department are imperative. He said the annual appropriation to the department was fixed by the Legislature of 1874 at $10,000, and that the growth of the department demands that this amount be supplemented by $5,000.

"In operating the law with respect to the inspection of gasoline, benzine, naphtha and other products of petroleum I find that some hardships are worked on certain classes of industries in the State," he said. "I recommend that merely nominal fees be collected for the inspection of these products where they are used only for manufacturing purposes.

"During my service I have felt very much cramped in getting out department bulletins and publications."

He commends the work of the State food inspector and suggests that the office of an assistant be created.

He recommends that the salary of the State oil inspector be increased from $1,200 to $2,000 a year.

He urges that the next Legislature add at least $30,000 to the veterinary department to combat cholera among hogs and tuberculosis among cattle.

Woman Badly Hurt By Fighting Cats

GADSDEN, ALA., May 28.—When Mrs. J. A. Bacon, 50 years old, attempted to separate two house cats that were fighting on the back porch of her home, both attacked her, inflicting more than 100 wounds on her throat, chest and arms. Her husband and daughter fought ten minutes before they subdued the cats.

Some of the wounds on Mrs. Bacon's throat are half an inch deep. A physician spent four hours sewing up the gashes.

Only Italy Leads U. S. In Aviators' Deaths

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The United States has more accidental deaths among Government aviators than any other nation, save Italy, official figures show.

England is third and France fourth. It is pointed out, however, that American aviators average nearly twice the number of hours and miles covered.

MRS. EDESON IMPROVES.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., May 28.—The condition of Mrs. Robert Edeson, wife of the actor, who is confined in a hospital here, to-day was reported improved.

ODD FELLOWS OF STATE IN SESSION

Establishment of Fraternity Home Question Before Savannah Grand Lodge Meeting.

SAVANNAH, GA., May 28.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Georgia met in annual convention in Savannah to-day, when Mayor Richard J. Davant delivered the address of welcome for the city, and Thomas Hoynes, deputy grand master, for the Savannah lodges. Response was made by Grand Master W. S. Coleman, of Cedartown. Following the public exercises the Grand Lodge went into executive session.

Simultaneously the Daughters of Rebekah, the woman's auxiliary of the Odd Fellows, met in grand assembly at Odd Fellows' Hall. A good deal of politics is to come up during the sessions of the assembly. It is rumored that there is to be a fight for grand warden, for which Mrs. R. J. Winters, of Atlanta, is a candidate.

Whether or not Georgia is to have an Odd Fellows' home is one of the questions to be decided by the Grand Lodge. At the Gainesville meeting last year a committee was appointed to investigate and report at this meeting. Under the present arrangement the Odd Fellows have a pension plan, but it is said that this is not satisfactory.

There are 2,500 Odd Fellows and 300 Rebekahs present.

34 Get Diplomas From Bessie Tift

FORSYTH, GA., May 28.—With the delivery of the prizes and the conferring of the degrees upon the 34 graduates, commencement exercises at Bessie Tift College came to a close and each departing train has been filled with girls returning to their homes.

At the morning exercises the medals were awarded by Dr. A. Chamblee, of Forsyth. The medal for general excellence in the junior class was won by Miss Annie Re Gamble, of Forsyth; for excellence in voice, by Miss Gladys Askew, of Arlington; for general excellence in piano, by Miss Kathleen Morris; for the best production in a current number of the Bessie Tift Journal, by Miss Florrie Hollis, of Forsyth; for domestic arts, by Miss Ethel Hall, of Forsyth, and for excellence in domestic science, by Miss Louise Marshall, of Tennille.

The baccalaureate address was delivered by Rev. Alex W. Bealer, of Eastman. The diplomas were delivered by Dr. C. H. S. Jackson, president of the college.

American Wins in English Golf Meet

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

ST. ANDREWS, SCOTLAND, May 28.—W. Heinrich Schmidt, of Worcester, Mass., once again demonstrated his golfing prowess when he to-day defeated Captain A. V. Hambro, of the Royal St. George's Club, one up.

Harold Weber, of Toledo, Ohio, the other American who survived the first three days, was eliminated to-day.

Senate Can Quiz McAdoo on Tariff

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Perry Belmont has called the attention of the leaders of the Senate to an act of 1789 which he says gives Congress the right to summon Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo before it and ask for a statement as to his opinion of the effect of the tariff law on the revenues of the country.

Mr. Belmont will urge the Senate leaders to call Mr. McAdoo and ask for the benefit of his opinion.

Atlanta Teachers' Tests, August 15-16

Superintendent of Schools Slaton announced Tuesday that an examination will be conducted August 15 and 16 for applicants for positions in the city schools.

All teachers who propose to take re-enforcing examinations, all who desire to improve on old records and all new applicants are invited to appear for the examination in August.

A wonderful magazine given FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

BODIES OF TWO WOMEN FOUND IN FIRE RUINS

Sheriff Suspects Victims in Tragedy in Lonely Country Home Were Slain.

Continued From Page 1.

An open knife was found under the girl's body.

That the door was open at the time the women met their deaths was established by the fact that the doorknob was discovered in the ashes inside the room. The door opened on the inside and, therefore, the knob would have fallen in the room if the door had been opened.

The testimony of Nelms, the milk wagon driver, who was first on the scene, is considered of great importance in describing the positions of the bodies and the weapons found. Nelms Wednesday morning, in telling of the tragedy, said:

"When I saw the smoking embers of the building, as I was driving by, I hastened up. At first I did not suspect that anybody was dead.

Finds Two Bodies.

"I looked about in the ruins, however, and soon discovered through the smoke what looked to be a body. I walked through the ashes to the spot, and sure enough there was a human form. I looked about and soon found another form. Both were charred and beyond recognition.

"I didn't wait to look further, but ran over to the next house, about 200 yards away, and got Mr. Cowan and telephoned the police. Cowan and I came back and together we hunted over the ruins until the police came. We found the shotgun, the iron part of the hoe just outside the room, the knife under the girl's body and the doorknob. We didn't touch a thing, though."

With the arrival of Sheriff McCurdy came also Police Chief Beavers and Police Sergeant Whatley, of Atlanta. Mr. Whatley is a brother of Mrs. Stevens.

Excitement ran high as crowds of persons from the surrounding country arrived at the scene.

Boy Had Quarreled.

Mrs. L. G. Self's statement to the police authorities regarding the visit of Nellie Stevens to her home with Wade Stevens' clothing, directed suspicion to the boy.

"Nellie came to my house in the late afternoon," said Mrs. Self. "She carried a bundle of men's clothing with her and asked me to keep the clothes that night. She said that her brother and her mother had had an altercation.

"It seems that Wade wanted to leave home and his mother had objected. From what Nellie said, I understood that hot words had been passed. Nellie said that she had slipped out of the room quietly and bundled Wade's clothes and taken them away in order that the boy could not leave."

Saw Boy in Atlanta.

Charles B. McWilliams, 483 Leggett Avenue, East Atlanta, declared Wednesday afternoon that he had met Wade Stevens and another boy named "Red" Merchant at Five Points at 8 o'clock Tuesday night.

McWilliams said the boys expressed their intention of leaving the city that night—that they were going to catch a W. & A. train and go to Chattanooga and Cincinnati. McWilliams said the boys were dressed in overalls and had no money.

He declared that he accompanied them to the Terminal Station and waited there with them until fifteen minutes before their train was due to leave. Then he left them.

Prowler Routed Two Weeks Ago.

That an attempt was made to burglarize the Stevens home two weeks ago was the statement made by a neighbor to Sheriff McCurdy.

The person said that Mrs. Stevens had told of hearing a noise in the rear of the house one night and that upon going out to investigate it, saw a man jump from the back porch to the ground and run off into the woods.

Mrs. Stevens shot at the retreating form with the same gun which was found near her body in the ruins. Police authorities place much importance in this information as a possible clew to the murderer.

Evidences that a horse had stood for some time Tuesday night about 50 yards from the house were discovered. Hoof prints were found where the animal had kicked up the turf. Also traces of a person's footsteps were discovered nearby, which, from the great distance they were apart, proved that the person was running. These footprints lead from the house towards the woods nearby and are so plain as to be easily followed.

Chief of Police Beavers sent the following telegram to Fred W. Hill, Chief of Police at Chattanooga, carrying word of the tragedy to William Stevens, the husband and father of the murdered women:

"Please locate William Stevens, care U. C. V. Advise him that his house has been destroyed by fire and that his wife and daughter were burned to death. Tell him to return immediately."

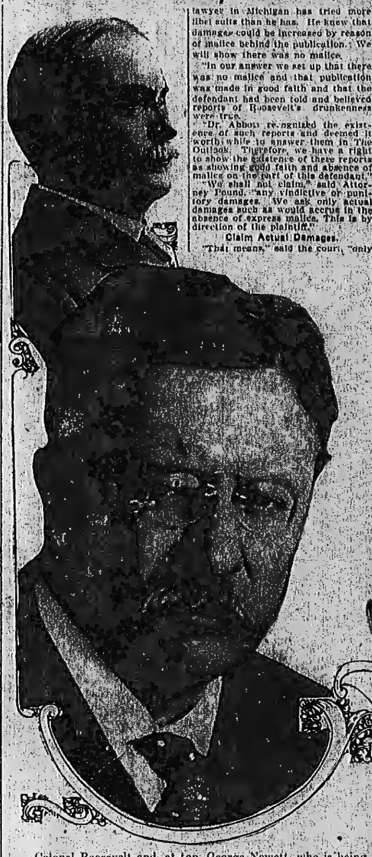
Trustees to Learn Of Mercer Friction

MACON, GA., May 28.—The trustees of Mercer University on Monday afternoon will receive a special committee's report of an investigation of alleged friction among President S. Y. Jameson, the faculty, the student body and the prudential committee. This committee had an exhaustive hearing several months ago, but its report was formulated and reserved until the trustees met.

President Jameson has declined the presidency of Ouachita College, at Arkadelphia, Ark.

Jack London's new story, "The Scarlet Plague," begins in the American Monthly Magazine given free with every copy of next Sunday's American.

'T. R. Averted War With Japan'
Witness Says Fleet Turned Trick
Defense's Mainstay Faces Jail



Colonel Roosevelt and, at top, George Newett, who is being sued for libel; at the bottom Judge Flannagan, who is presiding.

Deposition, Said to Accuse Roosevelt of Being Drunk, Will Be Read to Jury.

MARQUETTE, MICH., May 28.—That there was very serious danger of war with Japan during the administration of Theodore Roosevelt and that the Chief Executive met the danger and averted war by sending a fleet around the world was the statement of John Callan O'Laughlin, a Washington correspondent of a Chicago newspaper and a commissioner to the Tokio Exposition, appointed by President Roosevelt.

O'Laughlin was a witness for the Colonel in Roosevelt's $10,000 libel suit against George Newett, editor of The Ishpeming Iron Ore.

"Did you seriously mean that there was danger of war with Japan during Roosevelt's administration?" asked Attorney Belden, who was cross-examining O'Laughlin.

"There was very serious danger," replied the witness.

Settled Question "Right."

"Colonel Roosevelt met that danger. "Obviously Japan would not start with a fleet in the Pacific waters. We settled the immigration question right then."

The witness emphasized the word "right."

O'Laughlin was asked by Attorney Belden if he had been an emissary to arrange for the reception of Roosevelt by the Pope and the King of Italy when the Colonel was in Rome. O'Laughlin said he had not.

The jury was sent from the room while the attorneys argued on the admitting of testimony concerning published reports about Colonel Roosevelt's drinking. Attorney Belden said that the defense wished to show that reports that Roosevelt drank were general in 1912.

"Did Not Deny Reports."

"We shall show," he said, "that this defendant heard those reports and that this plaintiff did not deny them. Roosevelt has been the most talked of man in this country, and if reports of his drinking have been so common as we shall show, he could not be damaged in any sum by the publication of such a report in a little country paper.

"The question of Roosevelt's reputation is vital in this case—his reputation in Marquette County, in this country and in the civilized world. In the plaintiff's bill, he asserts that his reputation for sobriety is well known throughout the 48 States of this country, and that his reputation for sobriety was good before the publication of this article by the defendant."

Disclaims Any Malice.

"Mr. Pound is an able lawyer. No lawyer in Michigan has tried more libel suits than he has. He knew that damages could be increased by reason of malice behind the publication. We will show there was no malice.

"In our answer we set up that there was no malice and that publication was made in good faith and that the defendant had been told and believed reports of Roosevelt's drunkenness were true.

"Dr. Abbott recognized the existence of such reports and deemed it worth while to answer them in The Outlook. Therefore, we have a right to show the existence of there reports as showing good faith and absence of malice on the part of this defendant."

"We shall not claim," said Attorney Pound, "any vindictive or punitory damages. We ask only actual damages such as would accrue in the absence of express malice. This is by direction of the plaintiff."

Claim Actual Damages.

"That means," said the court, "only actual damages, which my be 6 cents or $60,000."

"That is correct," said Mr. Pound.

"Then," said Attorney Belden, "in the absence of the demand for a retraction no damages may be asked by way of punishment. But counsel has already charged malice to this jury and we can not eliminate these impressions from their minds. Therefore, we have a right to show there was no malice and we purpose to offer testimony of men of standing to show this general reputation.

"Precedents are few, for men of Roosevelt's standing and prominence have seldom brought such suits, but we have a somewhat parallel case in that of Dailey vs. Kalamazoo Publishing Company in the Supreme Court."

Cites Parallel Case.

He then cited the case.

Colonel Roosevelt held a whispered conference with Attorney Van Benschoten.

"Mr. Belden and ourselves are not very far apart," said Van Benschoten, addressing the court. "Newspapers, however, do not always tell the truth and reports can not be admitted unless it is first shown that Mr. Newett had read the newspaper or heard the report in question. If Mr. Newett takes the stand and swears he had heard or read such reports and believed them to be true, they would become pertinent."

Scores Defense's Stand.

"The result of the contention of Mr. Belden," said Attorney Pound, "would be that a reputation as pure as that of St. Paul could be blasted by a lot of irresponsible gossip mongers. Counsel is not entitled to this testimony, anyhow. He can not mitigate and justify at the same time. The two things are incompatible.

"The presumption of law, as your honor has said, is that the character of every man is all right. No affirmative proof of character is required. The Supreme Court has also held that unless the truth of the published charges is proved the good faith or lack of malice of the published can by no means mitigate actual damages."

Judge Flannagan interrupted to say:

"Counsel will please confine himself to the two questions here at issue, which are:

State's Points at Issue.

"'May defense introduce evidence of reports and reputation to demonstrate his good faith.'

"'May defendant introduce evidence of reports and reputation by way of mitigating damages.'"

"I shall so confine myself," said Mr. Pound.

"I shall show your honor the King of England sued a newspaper for libel for claiming that the King was a bigamist because, while prince, he married a daughter of an admiral of the fleet, before he married Queen Mary.

"Would it have been a defense to say that defendant knew nothing of the facts, but had heard rumors to that effect? The court held it would not."

At this point Judge Flannagan adjourned court until 2 p.m.

T. R. Coins New Expression.

"Bully, plus," was the new expression coined by Colonel Roosevelt this morning to describe his state of physical well-being, following a long walk along the shores of Lake Superior and a hearty breakfast. He arose early and appeared in excellent spirits when court opened.

John Callan O'Laughlin, Washington correspondent for a Chicago newspaper, the first witness called, devoted the early part of his testimony to answering questions relative to the intimacy of his friendship with the former President.

Prior to the examination of O'Laughlin the counsel for the defense spent three hours going over 200 depositions they expect to present, and discussing the points they hope to bring out in support of the editorial in which Newett stated that Roosevelt "was drunk, not infrequently." Judge Flannagan also announced there will be no session of the court on Memorial Day, but that a full day's work would be done Saturday.

Known Him Many Years.

O'Laughlin testified that he came to know Colonel Roosevelt when the latter was Assistant Secretary of the Navy in 1897, that Roosevelt dissuaded him from enlisting at the time of the Spanish-American War because he (O'Laughlin) "was married and had no money to keep his wife," and that during the seven years Roosevelt was President he saw him morning, noon and night and at the shaving hour. It was Roosevelt's custom, he explained, to receive callers while he was being shaved each morning.

Following the expiration of the Colonel's term as President, the correspondent continued, he met him at Khartoum upon his return to civilization from Africa; accompanied him on the greater part of his Continental tour, and upon his return to the United States met him frequently until the New York campaign in 1910 and the swing around the country in 1912, when he was with the Colonel's campaign party. His testimony regarding Roosevelt's drinking follows:

Denies Seeing Him Drunk.

Q. From that acquaintance what can you say as to whether or not you ever saw him under the influence of liquor?—A. Not only have I never seen him under the influence of liquor, but such a suggestion seems to me silly.

Q. Ever see him drink?—A. I have seen him drink a small stem glass of champagne at dinners. He never drank more than one glass.

Q. What is the Gridiron Club?—A. An organization of newspaper men in Washington, organized to receive distinguished men. It gives two dinners a year.

Q. Are there official dinners in Washington?—A. Four dinners and five receptions given by the president are official.

Q. Is liquor served at these?—A. At the dinners—seldom at the receptions during Mr. Roosevelt's term.

A wordy skirmish between counsel on the two sides in the case, in which Judge Flannagan entered, was caused by an objection to one of Attorney Pound's questions. Judge Flannagan ordered Attorney Pound to beg Attorney Andrews' pardon. The cross-examination of O'Laughlin was by Attorney Belden, chief counsel for Newett.

Main Witness Faces Arrest.

James Martin Miller, depended upon as the chief witness for the defense, will not appear on the stand, it was learned to-day. Instead a deposition by him will be read to the jury.

When it was announced that Miller would testify at the trial that Colonel Roosevelt was intoxicated at a dinner given for former Speaker Cannon, a telegram came to Marquette requesting that Miller be arrested and detained until an officer could arrive from New York, where a charge of grand larceny had been made against him.

It was then announced that Miller's deposition would be read in court, and that Miller would remain at his home in Minot, N. Dak.

FREE, NEXT SUNDAY.

The American Sunday Monthly Magazine, containing the first chapters of Jack London's new story, is GIVEN FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

JACK LONDON'S *Latest and Greatest Short Novel* **The SCARLET PLAGUE** *Begins in the* **FREE MAGAZINE GIVEN WITH NEXT SUNDAY'S AMERICAN**

MISSIONARIES IN JAPAN DECRY ALIEN LAW

Strong Protest Against Oriental Exclusion Is Sent Protestant Churches in America.

NEW YORK, May 28.—The attitude of the American missionaries in Japan toward the California alien bill is contained in the following resolution received here to-day by the Rev. Charles H. McFarland, secretary of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, the strongest Protestant organization in the United States.

As American missionaries resident in Tokio, Yokohama and vicinity, we have viewed with deep solicitude the news concerning the proposed land legislation in California and deprecate any discrimination against the Japanese lest it mar the friendship between Japan and America and work injury to both countries. Therefore,

Resolved, That we appeal to our missionary constituency in the name of our home land, to the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, to the Federation of Churches in California, and to Christian public sentiment of the nation in favor of just legislation.

That we express our sincere appreciation of the earnest efforts of the President of the United States and the leading men of both countries and record our firm belief that the true public sentiment of both lands will support them in securing an equitable and mutually satisfactory settlement.

Hammerstein Quits London Opera Field

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 28.—Oscar Hammerstein's operatic connection with London was severed to-day with the sale of his interest in the London Opera House to E. A. V. Stanley, chairman of the syndicate which had leased the building.

The sale was made in the name of Arthur Hammerstein, a son of Oscar, and was consummated with 48 hours after the Hammersteins had paid a $240,000 mortgage on the opera house.

Family Has Heard Nothing of Martin

MEMPHIS, May 28.—Despite rumors that Joseph W. Martin, president of the Martin-Phillips Company, whose mysterious disappearance in London was followed by the failure of the company, had communicated with his family, his relatives still deny that they have any information as to his whereabouts.

The family about two weeks ago settled debts of the firm of Martin-Phillips Company amounting to about $180,000. Following this action it was rumored that Martin would return.

Gibson Slaying Case Near Jury's Hands

NEWBURGH, N. Y., May 28.—Summing up began here to-day in the trial of Attorney Burton W. Gibson, charged with strangling Countess Rosa Menschik Szabo on Greenwood Lake on July 16 last to secure her estate.

Justice Tompkins announced to counsel that he was very anxious to have the case in the jury's hands before night.

Sulzer Ends Waste Of Seized Liquors

ALBANY, N. Y., May 28.—Thus many a gallon of liquor has failed in its mission as the result of raids conducted by the State Department of Excise, which for years has destroyed liquors seized, has been pointed out by the excise department.

Under a new law recently signed by Governor Sulzer confiscated liquors will be sold at auction.

FREE, NEXT SUNDAY.

The American Sunday Monthly Magazine, containing the first chapters of Jack London's new story, is GIVEN FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the specific remedy for that tired feeling so common in the spring or upon the return of warm weather. It purifies and enriches the blood.

Get it to-day in usual liquid form or in the tablets called Sarsatabs.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants, *3c each.* Atlanta Floral Co., *555 E. Fair Street.*

White City Park Now Open

WOMAN WRITES IN DEFENSE OF LEO M. FRANK

Mrs. Rebecca Brannon Declares Her Belief in Innocence of Factory Superintendent.

Mrs. Rebecca C. Brannon, 356 Forrest Avenue, a well known Atlanta woman, has written a letter to The Georgian in defense of Leo M. Frank. Mrs. Brannon, in her communication, avows a strong belief in the pencil factory superintendent's innocence, and denounces the hardships which the law has thrust upon him.

In line with its policy to present all sides of the Phagan case, The Georgian herewith prints Mrs. Brannon's letter:

In the name of God, humanity, and justice, I beg the public to suspend judgment in the case of Mr. Leo M. Frank, indicted for the murder of Mary Phagan, until he has had a fair trial before a jury of his peers.

I consider Mr. Frank an innocent man. Is it because he is a Jew that the negro's word is taken as gospel truth, and reflection cast on his testimony? From the first, pap seemed to be put in Newt Lee's mouth, as well as that of Conley, to make them say or hint that Mr. Frank was suspected by them of committing the crime.

Calls It Persecution.

What negro, with dread of lynching or summary justice being meted out to him, would not swear to a lie, and put the crime on another if he could thereby escape the consequences of his crime? And even so late as Saturday the negro Conley admitted he wrote the notes found beside the murdered girl, as he said, at the suggestion of Mr. Frank.

Is it not inconceivable to think that an astute man, planning with finesse, to kill a little girl who might possibly call for her pay envelope the following day, would take into his confidence the sweeper Conley and have him write what he contemplated putting in a note he intended to lay before her mutilated body, when he shall have murdered her the next day, and exclaiming, "There is no reason why I should hang for it!"

Oh, no! Gentlemen, this is entirely too unlikely a thing for a man of his astuteness and caliber to have done or said. There has been some colossal blunder on the part of the city detectives in rounding up the quarry.

It looks very like persecuting this man simply because he is a Jew. I like to see fair play and justice. This is the first time a Jew has ever been in any serious trouble in Atlanta, and see how ready is every one to believe the worst of him.

In the first place, Mr. Frank, in his deposition, told the hour he reached his home for dinner and supper, was seen by a number of reputable people assembled at his home that evening. He had on the same business suit he had on at his office that day and which he wore at the Coroner's inquest. If he had murdered the girl he must have had some scratches or blood marks on his person, as it was said at the time Mary Phagan had struggled with her assailant.

Cites Weak Link.

One very weak link in the State's chain of evidence is the fact that Newt Lee testified that he made a complete round of the building every half hour, yet he failed to notice the bloodstains on the floor of the metal room in making all those rounds, and then strangely went down the trap door to the basement at 3:30 on a flimsy excuse—flimsy, I say, because no one being there to prevent it, if he really wanted to go to the toilet he surely would have used the one on the upper floor in preference to going down the trap door at 3:30 to the basement closet, and in a dimly lighted place, in which he could scarcely see his hand before his face, and at an angle that the detectives at first said they could not see how he made the discovery of the body. He claimed to have made the find.

Another thing the detectives said was that blood was still flowing from the body when they first discovered it—rigor mortis had not taken place, two facts that in my mind are irrefutable proofs that that girl was not murdered at 12 m., at 4 or at 6 o'clock in the evening, which would have been the case if Mr. Frank had murdered the little girl any time between 12 m. and 6 p. m.

I do not know Mr. Frank, but that he is a Jew he holds my especial interest and esteem, for the Jews are good, law-abiding people.

Calls Frank Innocent.

He must be a leader among his people, as he is the president of the B'nai Brith Association of Atlanta. This society is the highest Jewish organization in the world, and you can not persuade me to believe that such a splendid lot of level headed men as the Jews of Atlanta would select a moral degenerate to head their organization.

I believe Mr. Frank innocent and confidently look for his complete vindication when tried by an impartial jury of his countrymen, when the mesh of lies shall have been swept away, that at present shroud the case. Meanwhile, all my sympathies are with him.

FREE, NEXT SUNDAY.

The American Sunday Monthly Magazine, containing the first chapters of Jack London's new story, is GIVEN FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

Class of 19 Girls Graduated by Miss Hanna's School
Classic Dances Will Feature Commencement Play

Top, Miss Tommie Bryan, one of the girls who will dance in the Hanna School commencement exercises. Below, Miss Theodora Warfield.

'Endymion,' Adapted From Keats' Poem, To Be Staged at the Grand.

A class of nineteen girls will be graduated from Miss Hanna's School at 8:30 Wednesday night. The members of the class are:

Misses Eva Caroline Doyle, Frances Robena Shaw, Margaret Lucille Callahan, Marie Louise Cox, and Mary Frances Harper, who receive full course diplomas; Misses Marie Bruce Cobb, Louise Lois Donaldson, Sara Martha Liddell, Mattie Evelyn Nesbitt, Julia Margaret Callahan, Helen Jeff Atkissen, Winnie Davis, Couch, Mary Bradley, Lyra Jane Seymour, Sara Louise Thrash, Ruby Allen Anchors, Mattie Lou Morris, Frances Marion Wardlaw, and Frances Louise Kilpatrick, who have taken special courses. All are Atlanta girls.

The class officers are: Miss Mary Harper, President; Miss Mary Bradley, Vice President; Miss Marie Cox, Secretary, and Miss Frances Wardlaw, Treasurer.

The graduating exercises will be held at the Grand Theater. Immediately after the presentation of diplomas, and adaptation by Miss Hanna from Keat's poem, "Endymion" will be presented by the pupils of the school. There are over one hundred girls in the cast, the leading roles being taken by seniors. A number of graceful dances will be given during the action of the play, the scenes of which are laid in ancient Greece.

Miss Thelma Harrell, one of last year's graduates, will appear in several Grecian dances, while Miss Mamie Clyburn will sing three solos.

A feature of the performance will be an original ballet dance by Miss Theodora Warfield, who made such a hit in the Kirmess last year.

Thursday night at 8:30 the alumnae and the senior class of Miss Hanna's School will have a banquet at the Piedmont Hotel. About 200 guests are expected at the banquet, which will be followed by a dance.

This has been one of the most successful years of the school. It is one of the oldest in Atlanta, and some of the most prominent women in Georgia are among its alumnae.

Jack London's new story, "The Scarlet Plague," begins in the American Monthly Magazine given free with every copy of next Sunday's American.

70 to Graduate at Mercer University

MACON, GA., May 28.—Seventy young men, mostly Georgians, will graduate from Mercer University next week.

The degree of bachelor of arts will be given to 45, two will receive diplomas in pharmacy, and 23 in law.

The commencement exercises will start Sunday morning. Rev. W. W. Arnold, of Buena Vista, will preach the annual sermon. On Tuesday Dr. John E. White, of Atlanta, will deliver the literary address.

Call Custom Broken By Cabinet Women

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The Cabinet women have gone on strike against the old system of calling prevalent in Washington. They will return calls only in Senatorial, diplomatic and Supreme Court circles.

Mrs. Daniels, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, one of the women in rebellion, faced the necessity of making 300 calls in acknowledgment of the visits of Washington women.

MINISTER'S WIFE ACCUSED AS SIREN

Woman in Alienation Suit Charges She Enticed Wealthy Grain Dealer From His Home.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, May 28.—Mrs. Mae Free Patterson, wife of the Rev. Gerard F. Patterson, pastor of the Church of the Incarnation, in the fashionable East End district, has been made defendant in a $10,000 alienation suit.

The action was brought by Mrs. Margaret Lloyd because of the alleged loss of the affections of her husband, Martin Van Voorhees Lloyd, a wealthy grain dealer. Mrs. Patterson is a cousin of Charles Free, vice president of the Southern Pacific Railway.

The suit charges that Mrs. Patterson enticed Lloyd from his home, that she wined and dined with Lloyd in public places, entertained him at her home and went with him to cafes, grill rooms, ball games, horse races and other places of amusement and "with her artifices, blandishments and coquetry and with malicious purpose deprived the plaintiff of her husband's society and affection."

The Lloyds have been separated since November 6, 1912.

Mystery in Death Of Woman in Lake

MINNEAPOLIS, May 28.—The body of the woman supposed to have been Mrs. George F. Gebhart, of Chicago, who committed suicide by leaping from a rowboat in Lake Comp yesterday, was taken from the lake today.

Raymond Burnham, a salesman, whose address was scribbled on a note by the woman before she rowed out into the lake, has left the Andrews Hotel, Minneapolis, where he had been living.

SCHOOL FETE POSTPONED.

The entertainment which was to have been given by the Pryor Street School this week has been postponed until Monday night and Tuesday afternoon, June 2 and 3.

White City Park Now Open

CHIEF BEAVERS TO RENEW HIS VICE WAR

Declares That He Will "Clean Out" Disorderly Places When Hutcheson Furnishes List.

Renewed crusades to clean out vice in Atlanta have been precipitated by the publication Tuesday of an open letter to Chief of Police Beavers by Carl Hutcheson, an Atlanta attorney.

Chief Beavers called up Hutcheson with a demand for his information, asking names, addresses and character of occupants, and declared Wednesday that he would proceed to clean up if the requested information was furnished.

Hutcheson is now preparing a list of the places which he declared are immoral and told the chief he would place the list in Beavers' hands three days hence. Hutcheson was asked by the chief to swear to the character of the inmates of each house he names and to sign his name to his affidavit, and will be called as a witness in prosecuting the landlords.

"We will have some clean-up sure," said Chief Beavers Wednesday. "When I get Hutcheson's information I will prove that I am giving no protection to anybody. I would be glad to have every one report to me any resort that they might know of. It will help in the crusade. I will take speedy action against them all."

Dorsey to Confer With Felder.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey declared Wednesday that he would confer with Colonel T. B. Felder relative to the proposed Grand Jury probe of his corruption charges against police officials and the counter charges of bribery made against him by the police.

Colonel Felder would not comment on the affair at all, other than to say he was not yet ready to issue his statement substantiating his sensational charges.

Detective Chief Lanford issued a signed statement proposing to send Colyar handcuffed to Knoxville and Colonel Felder in charge of a detective to Columbia, S. C.

Lanford's Contribution.

"I will make this proposition to Colonel Felder," he said. "I will handcuff A. S. Colyar and send him back to Knoxville, Tenn., without requisition papers, if he (Colonel Felder) will accompany one of my men to Columbia, S. C., waiving requisition papers. Thereby I will get rid of two nuisances."

Colonel Felder issued the following statement relative to the proposed Grand Jury investigation:

"No investigation would be too exhaustive. I would be pleased to go before any committee, organization or tribunal. I have done nothing wrong. There is nothing in my whole professional career of which I am ashamed. I wish an investigation would be started."

Dutro, Postmaster In Memphis, Indicted

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 28.—L. W. Dutro, postmaster here under the last three Republican administrations, today was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury.

He is charged with soliciting campaign funds from Government employees in the Federal building in Memphis.

Jack London's new story, "The Scarlet Plague," begins in the American Monthly Magazine given free with every copy of next Sunday's American.

JACK LONDON'S
Latest and Greatest Short Novel
The SCARLET PLAGUE
Begins in the
FREE MAGAZINE GIVEN WITH NEXT SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

A wonderful magazine given FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

The Oldest Statue of the Saviour

A remarkable article about the wonderful sculpture found in one of the Christian tombs in Asia.

Exclusive in the Sunday American

Are You Growing As Atlanta Grows?

There are 2,000 new homes built in and around Atlanta every year.

This is the statement of the lumber mill men of Atlanta. Ask them.

1,200 of these new homes are built each year within the city limits.

This is the statement of the city tax assessors. Ask them.

With Atlanta growing at the rate of 15,000 new population every year, these figures are conservative.

Do you know what this means?

By just the percentage that Atlanta increases in population each year, by just that percentage grows the DEMAND FOR PEACHTREE HOMES.

In a year or two every available choice building lot will have been snapped up, and when you try to get one of them, you will find you will have to pay two or three times the present price.

If you want to grow with Atlanta--

If you want one of the prettiest home lots in Atlanta in the HIGHEST CLASS RESIDENCE SECTION the city offers, and--

At ROCK BOTTOM PRICE and on attractive terms--

Buy Now-In

Peachtree Heights Park

And Watch Its Value Grow!

GO AND LOOK AT THIS PROPERTY---see for yourself---see the natural beauty of it, the well paved roads and driveways, the cement sidewalks, the parks, the many home advantages it offers, then---

See Your Own Real Estate Agent About It.

Or, see us.

One of our men will be glad to show it to you.

We are willing to rest on your judgment.

E. Rivers Realty Co.

8 West Alabama Street

Lewis-Seabrook Co., Advertising.

"HANG GUILTY MAN," SAYS FRANK

"I don't know who is guilty, but I do know that the man who murdered Mary Phagan ought to be hanged."

Leo M. Frank made this statement to Sheriff C. W. Mangum, when he made his tour of the prison Friday. Mangum said this was the only statement or reference to the cime Frank had made since he had been in the Tower. He said Frank looked him squarely in the eye and talked like an innocent man.

EXTRA

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit---GEORGIAN WANT ADS---Use for Results

VOL. XI. NO. 256. ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1913. 2 CENTS PAY NO MORE

NIGHT EDITION

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CONLEY RE-ENACTS IN PLANT PART HE SAYS HE TOOK IN SLAYING

With Detectives Looking On, Negro Shows How He Carried Girl's Body to Basement at Direction, as He Swears, of His Employer, Leo Frank.

As a sensational climax to the confession of his part of the Mary Phagan tragedy, Jim Conley, negro sweeper, was taken to the National encil Factory Friday afternoon, where he enacted by movement every detail of the events that took place in the building of mystery after the death of the little girl.

With the detectives noting every sentence that fell from the ready lips of the negro, Conley started from the exact point at the top of the stairs on the second floor where he says Leo Frank met him, and went through the grim drama with a realism that convinced all who listened and watched that he at last was telling the whole truth.

He reproduced the conversations that passed between him and Frank. He lay down full length at the rear of the metal room to show precisely how the body of the little girl lay when he first saw it. He lay partly on his face, with his right leg slightly drawn up, to portray the position of the dead girl when he first saw her as he was led to the rear of the building, as he says, by Leo Frank.

He reproduced the conversations that passed between him and Frank. He lay down full length at the rear of the metal room to show precisely how the body of the little girl lay when he first saw it. He lay partly on his face, with his right leg slightly drawn up, to portray the position of the dead girl when he first saw her as he was led to the rear of the building, as he says, by Leo Frank.

Show How Body Laid.

Later in the basement he lay down again to show the detectives just how the body was dropped to the ground as though it had been a sack of salt. The negro lay on his face. His right arm was curled up under his body. The left arm was partly under his body, but straight. His feet pointed toward the rear door and his head toward the front of the building.

The announcement that this spectacular reproduction of the crime was to take place was made at the end of another third degree session in the office of Chief Lanford. The negro was put in Chief Beavers' automobile. All the curtains were drawn and the utmost secrecy was maintained. Only those in authority in the factory were aware that the tragedy was to be reenacted, step by step.

Conley was handcuffed to Chief Beavers when he stepped from the car. Many of the employees, at leisure during the noon hour, were congregated at the foot of the stairs on the first floor when the strange procession filed up the stairs. The city detectives had come on foot. Chief Lanford and Chief Beavers, with the negro, arrived a few minutes later.

Some of the employees, curious to learn the latest development in the mystery, attempted to follow. They were turned back with orders not to come inside and the doors were barred against them. Guided by the negro, Herbort Schiff and E. F. Holloway, the party of detectives and newspaper men started on the tour which was to reproduce the tragedy, detail by detail, from the moment Conley declares that he met Frank at the top of the stairs until the two returned to Frank's office where Conley again wrote the notes, as at Frank's dictation, and repeated the conversation that he swears took place between them.

Besides Chief Beavers and Chief Lanford, there were in the party Detective Harry Scott, of the Pinkertons, and City Detectives Coker and Campbell.

"Where did you first see Frank when he whistled to you twice?" Conley was asked as soon as he had reached the second floor.

Details Every Move.

"Right here," he replied the negro, pointing to the top of the steps.

From this point the negro went on detailing every movement and every fragment of conversation that he remembered until he left the building.

"He asked me if I wanted to make some money right quick and I told him I did," said Conley. "Then he said he hed picked up a girl back there who had hit her head against something and he wanted me to bring her body to the elevator."

The negro at this point walked back toward the rear of the second floor, all of the officers following him. He pointed out to the officers the exact point where he had found the body, lying partly doubled up near the men's toilet.

"When I got back here, I got scared and hollered to Mr. Frank and said that the girl was dead," the negro continued. "He was standing in that doorway right there. He told me to get a sack and put her body in that."

The dozen men in the party, gripped by the realistic reproduction of the tragedy, followed Conley as he walked to a cotton box in the middle of the second floor and picked out a sack of cotton bagging.

Tells of Seeing Cord.

"This is jus' like that I got that day except that this has got a little more cotton in it and the other one was slit," said the negro, holding the bagging up for the inspection of the officers.

"I went back and raised her up and slipped the bagging under her like this," said the negro, illustrating. "Then I raised her head and shoulders and pulled the bagging up so that I could put it over my shoulder."

Here the negro told for the first time of seeing the cord which was used in the strangling of the little girl.

"The cord was lying right there," said Conley. "It was right by the body, but I didn't notice that it was around her neck. I didn't think that

Continued on Page Two, Column Five.

40,000 SEE GIANTS AND PHILLIES MEET

All Records For Attendance Broken at the Polo Grounds Memorial Day.

POLO GROUNDS, NEW YORK, May 30.—All records for attendance were broken at this afternoon's game between the Giants and Phillies.

Every available seat was taken before the game started and it is estimated a crowd of 40,000 was in the inclosure. Thousands of others stood outside the grounds, unable to get in.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT ROCHESTER—

MONTREAL—
2 0 0 0 0 0 0 . . . . .

ROCHESTER—
1 1 1 0 0 0 0 . . . . .

Mattern and Madden; Hughes and Jacklitsch. Umpires, Hayes and Nallin.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT BUFFALO—

TORONTO—
0 0 0 4 . . . .

BUFFALO—
0 1 0 1 . . . .

Hearne and Graham; Mains and Gowdy. Umpires, Carpenter and Bierhalter.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT PROVIDENCE—

BALTIMORE—
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 5 3

PROVIDENCE—
0 0 2 1 0 2 0 0 X - 5 8 1

Danforth and Egan; Bailey and Kocher. Umpires, Kelley and Mullins.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT JERSEY CITY—

NEWARK—
0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 - 4 9 2

JERSEY CITY—
0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 X - 6 10 1

Shack and Higgins; Davis and Blair. Umpires, Quigley and Finneran.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

AT ALBANY—

CHARLESTON—
0 0 . . . .

ALBANY—
0 0 . . . .

Taylor and White; Bremmerhoof and Wells. Umpire, Moran.

AT SAVANNAH—

JACKSONVILLE—
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . . . . .

SAVANNAH—
0 0 0 2 4 1 0 . . . . .

47 Indictments in Vice War at Macon

MACON, GA., May 30.—Eleven more women, a total of 33, of the restricted district have been indicted by the Grand Jury for operating disorderly houses. Fourteen Macon men, more than half of them prominent in business and society, have also been indicted for renting the houses.

A special term of the Superior Court will be held in June to try these cases.

RACE RESULTS

AT TORONTO.

First—Six furlongs: Daylight, 112 (Turner), 4.90, 3.20, 2.90, won; Mausoleus, 104 (J. Wilson), 3.20, 2.30; General Ban Ledi, 108 (R. Shilling), 2.40, third. Time, 1:15. Clan Alpine, Queen Sain, Constituent, Bryndor, Maddal also ran.

SECOND—Victoria stake, five furlongs: xSouthern Maid 118 (Moody), 2.60, 2.30, out, won; Miss Gayle 110 (J. Wilson), 5.90, out, second; xRecoil 118 (Knapp), out, third. Time 1:00 4-5. x—Davis entry. Willie Waddell, Fussy Wussy also ran.

THIRD—Three-year-olds and up, six furlongs: Sherwood 111 (J. Wilson), 5.10, 2.80, out, won; xCalgary 118 (Knapp), 2.80, out, second; xMoving Picture 108 (Moody), out, third. Time 1:13. Crisco, Mediator also ran.

AT ELECTRIC PARK.

FIRST—Three-year-olds and up, 4½ furlongs: Shreve 113 (Alex), 16.80, 5.10, 3.60, won; Steeleliff 111 (Bairvin), 3.00, 2.70, second; Sam Barber 108 (Dennier), 2.50, third. Time :59. Pons, Neville, Refugita, Mohawk, Queen, Bryn also ran.

SECOND—Three-year-olds and up, selling, mile: Ollie 114 (Pickens), 8.10, 3.30, 3.00, won; Bara Dance 109 (Dennler), 4.30, 3.20, second; Hammon Pass 114 (Doyle), 3.10, third. Time 1:45. Ton Cat, Touch Me, Bay Cliff, Cat, Deborah, Cynosure, Old Hank also ran.

AT LOUISVILLE.

FIRST—Five furlongs: Bob Blank 108 (Ganz), 4.30, 3.60, 2.90, won; Aladon 108 (Martin), 12.90, 7.60, second; Dr. Samuel 108 (Musgrave), 3.80, third. Time 1:01 3-5. Father Riley, Boller, Hacol, Pulsation, Marie Mac, Lambs Tail, David Craig also ran.

SECOND—Purse, 5 furlongs: Frances 112 (Buxton), 20.90, 12.70, 7.00, won; Harwood 116 (Peak), 10.60, 6.60, second; Bushy Head 98 (McDonald), 5.60, third. Time 1:01. Also ran: Charles Cannell, Violet May, Korfhage, Irish Ann, Eustace, Caution, Ruffles and Birdman.

THIRD—Purse, 6 furlongs: Theresa Gill 95 (Martin), 7.20, 3.50, 3.10, won; Kiya 95 (McDonald), 11.00, 6.90, second; Amoret 117 (Buxton), 4.80, third. Time 1:12 3-5. Also ran: Cedarbrook, Helene, James Dockery, Coppertown, Wilhite, Chapultepec, Little Baker, Sir Marion, Husky Lad.

AT MONTREAL.

FIRST—Three-year-olds and up, about 5 furlongs: Thirty Forty 111 Mondol 3, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, won; Janus 108 (Hecht), 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Agnes May 111 (Washer), 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time 1:13 1-5. Quincy Belle, Spar Pole, Creuse, Margold also ran.

SECOND—Purse $300, 2-year-olds and up, about 5 furlongs: Starry 109 (Herrman), 8, 3, even, won; Isabella Casse 109 (Griffin), 2 to 3, 2 to 5, out, second; Miss Dulin 109 (Bergen), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, third. Time 1:11 1-5. Lathorpe, Turkey Trot, Ridgeland, Tackle, Penang also ran.

THIRD—Three-year-olds and up, about 5 furlongs: Booby 107 (Washer), 5, 3, 2, won; Johnny Wise 109 (Bergen), 4, 6 to 5, out, second; Oriental Pearl 107 (Franklin), 3, 4 to 5, out, third. Time 1:12. Belle Chilton, Minstrae, Phipolena also ran.

AT BELMONT.

FIRST—Selling, 2-year-olds, six furlongs: Ella Bryson 109 (Hanover), 4, 2, even, won; Lysander 100 (Wolf), 4, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Perthshire 114 (Troxler), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, out, third. Time 1:13 4-5. Sickle, Ivabel, Moncrief, Ambrose, Sleuth, Bunch of Keys, Trifler, Lawsuit also ran.

Friedmann's 'Cure' Barred in New York

NEW YORK, May 30.—Dr. Frederick F. Friedmann, the German discoverer of turtle vaccine for tuberculosis, has been barred from inoculating persons in this city, by a resolution of the Board of Health.

In addition, the board amended the sanitary code to make turtle vaccine come within its prohibitory scope. The board holds that use of the vaccine is dangerous.

$50,000 Hotel of Ex-Atlantan Burns

MOBILE, ALA., May 30.—The Hygeia Hotel and five cottages at Citronelle, Ala., 35 miles from Mobile, a tourist resort, burned to-day, with a loss of $50,000. All guests escaped. The loss is partly covered by insurance. The property was owned by R. R. Moyers, formerly of Atlanta, who had just spent a large sum for improvements.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

BILLS FIGHT CRACKERS FOR 2ND GAME

E. Brown Opposes Dent on Slab. Atlanta Scores in Opening Inning.

By W. S. Farnsworth.

PONCE DE LEON BALL PARK, May 30.—Harold Hangover and his sneeze ball breaking a dozen different ways would have failed to throw an iota of fear into the hides of B. Smith's horsehide wallers on the local green this afternoon.

Of course the Oshkosh gent failed to draw a local assignment this afternoon, but Johnny Dobbs' staff of slingers were on the job, and they were in for an inglorious thumping, too. At least so said the heavy artillery of the aforementioned B. Smith.

On yester eve the Billikens eased their way to a victory over the Poncy Prides, but as Tommy Long piped when he picked up his bludgeon to smite the first offering:

"'Tis a long alley that has no ash can."

THE GAME.

FIRST INNING.

Walker went out, Smith to Agler. Wares out, Alperman to Agler. Manning out, Smith to Agler. NO HITS, NO RUNS.

Long smashed the pill to deep center for three bases. Welchonce singled to left, scoring Long. Alperman lined out to Wares. Welchonce went out in a chase from Brown to Wares to Kutina to Wares to Kutina to Knaupp. Bailey singled to left. Smith filed to right. THREE HITS, ONE RUN.

SECOND INNING.

Sloan singled to left. Kutina walked. Jantzen bunted out, Dent to Agler. Sloan went to third and Kutina to second. Knaupp walked. Gribbens filed to right. Sloan was doubled at the plate. ONE HIT, NO RUNS.

Bisland filed out to Sloan. Agler fanned. Chapman grounded out, Knaupp to Kutina. NO HITS, NO RUNS.

THIRD INNING.

E. Brown tripled to right. Smith let the throw get by him and Brown scored on Smith's error. Walker singled past third. Wares sacrificed, Dent to Agler. Walker went to second. Manning singled to center, scoring Walker. Sloan popped to Smith. Manning out trying to steal, Chapman to Alperman. THREE HITS, TWO RUNS.

Dent grounded out, E. Brown to Kutina. Long filed to Jantzen. Welchonce fanned. NO HITS, NO RUNS.

FOURTH INNING.

Kutina went out, Alperman to Agler. Jantzen filed to Long. Knaupp walked. Gribbens singled to right and Knaupp went to third. Gribbens went out trying to steal, Chapman to Alperman. ONE HIT, NO RUNS.

Mrs. Pankhurst Once More Gains Freedom

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, May 30.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst was this afternoon released from Holloway jail. She had gone on a hunger strike since she was rearrested.

The suffragette leader was removed to the home of a friend in an ambulance.

Results and score by innings of all morning games played to-day in the American, National and International Leagues and American Association will be found on the Sporting Pages.

BASEBALL

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

FIRST GAME.

AT BIRMINGHAM—

NEW ORLEANS . . . . 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 - . .
BIRMINGHAM . . . . 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - . .

Brenton and Adams; Prough and Mayer. Umpires, Hart and Boyd.

FIRST GAME.

AT NASHVILLE—

MOBILE . . . . 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 - 2 7 0
NASHVILLE . . . . 0 6 0 0 0 0 1 0 X - 7 9 2

Hogg and Schmidt; Beck and Gibson. Umpires, Rudderham and Breitenstein.

FIRST GAME.

AT CHATTANOOGA—

MEMPHIS . . . . 0 3 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 - 5 10 0
CHATTANOOGA . . . . . . 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 - 4 7 2

Harrell, Parsons and Snell; Sommers and Street. Umpires, Steckdale and Fifield.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT NEW YORK—

PHILADELPHIA . . . . . . 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 1 8 0
NEW YORK . . . . 0 0 1 0 4 0 0 0 X - 5 11 0

Chalmers, Mayer and Doolin; Tesreau and Meyers. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT CHICAGO—

CINCINNATI . . . . 0 1 0 0 0 . . . .
ST LOUIS . . . . 2 0 0 3 1 . . . .

Benton and Clarke; Steele and McLean. Umpires, Rigler and Byron.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT BOSTON—

BROOKLYN . . . . 2 0 1 0 0 0 2 . . . .
BOSTON . . . . 0 1 0 0 5 0 0 . . . .

Curtis and Erwin; Rudolph and Whaling. Brennan and Eason.

Chicago-Pittsburg, no game; rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT PHILADELPHIA—

NEW YORK . . . . 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 1 - 4 7 2
PHILADELPHIA . . . . . . 2 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 X - 7 11 1

Fisher and Sweeney and Gossett; Houck, Schultz, Bender and Lapp. Umpires, Evans and Hart.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT WASHINGTON—

BOSTON . . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 1 8 0
WASHINGTON . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 4 1

Collins and Carrigan; Johnson and Ainsmith and Williams. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Egan.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT CLEVELAND—

ST. LOUIS . . . . 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 - . .
CLEVELAND . . . . 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 1 0 - . .

Wellman and Alexander; Mitchell and O'Neill. Umpires, Dineen and Ferguson.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT ST. LOUIS—

DETROIT . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 . . . .
CHICAGO . . . . 1 2 2 0 2 . . . .

Dauss and McKee; Cicotte and Schalk. Umpires, Connolly and Hildebrand.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT LOUISVILLE—

TOLEDO—
1 0 0 2 . . . .

LOUISVILLE—
0 0 0 0 . . . .

James and Livingstone; Northrup and Clemons. Umpires, Murray and Handiboe.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT KANSAS CITY—

MILWAUKEE—
0 0 0 . . . .

KANSAS CITY—
3 1 2 . . . .

Dougherty and Hughes; Powell and O'Connor. Johnstone and Connolly.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT ST. PAUL—

MINNEAPOLIS—
0 0 0 0 0 . . . . . .

ST. PAUL—
0 0 0 0 0 . . . . . .

Gilligan and Owens; Reiger and James. Umpires, Westervelt and Irwin.

AFTERNOON GAME.

AT COLUMBUS—

INDIANAPOLIS—
0 1 0 0 2 0 . . . . .

COLUMBUS—
1 0 0 0 1 0 . . . . .

Schardt and Clark; Cook and Smith. Umpires, Chill and O'Brien.

Half-Breed Negro Arrested in Search For Stevens Slayer

Dan Walker, a half-breed negro, was taken into custody late Friday afternoon, in connection with the hunt for the slayer of Mrs. Sallie C. Stevens and her daughter Nellie, on the McDonough Road.

Walkers arrest was caused as a result of the reported connection of a half-breed negro with the case. The prisoner denies that he was in any manner implicated in the crime, or even knew about it until his arrest. The police are inclined to believe his story, but will hold him for further investigation.

GOUX TAKES ATUO RACE; WINS ALL PRIZES

French Driver, New to U. S., Sets Terrific Pace—American Crews Have Bad Luck.

Injured in Race.

JACK TOWER, driver of the Mason; leg broken when car overturned.

LEE GUNNING, mechanician of the Mason; seriously crushed.

Autos Forced Out.

Car.	Driver.
Mercer	DePalma
Stutz	Bob Herr
Isotta	Grant
Mason	Tower
Anderson	Stutz

INDIANAPOLIS SPEEDWAY, May 30.—Jules Goux, driving the French-made Peugeot car, won the 500-mile International race here to-day.

Stutz No. 2, driven by Anderson, until the 459th mile safe in second place withdrew because of engine trouble.

In the 453rd mile Wishart nosed out Mulford for fourth place and the latter dropped out of the race.

This was the first appearance of this make car in America and the first appearance of Goux as a driver in the country. Both driver and car are noted abroad, however.

The victory of Goux was a runaway after the first 100 miles. In addition to the $20,000 first prize and about $10,000 offered by accessory makers, the winner was also awarded the Remy Trophy, for the first 200 miles, the Prest-o-Lite Trophy for 300 miles and the $10,000 Wheeler and Schebler Trophy for 400 miles.

Goux set a new speedway and world's record for 500 miles for cars of this size. In addition he proved to be the first man to win the race by driving the full 500 miles without the assistance of a relief driver. His victory was clear-cut and due to his wonderfully cool, heady driving from start to finish.

Race Is Spectacular.

The race was spectacular in the extreme despite the fact that no driver was killed in accidents. Several accidents happened and the hospital corps was kept busy with minor injuries.

On the seventy-ninth lap "Wild Bob" Burman who had been setting an eighty-two mile an hour clip was put out of the race temporarily by a leak in the gasoline tank. The Keeton was stopped at the pit and the car repaired. Hughie Hughes relief driver took "Wild Bob's" place when the car whirled out again.

Burman had been driving at the rate of eighty-two miles an hour. The excitement, the continual hard luck that he encountered and the strain of driving in the face of the torridity of the atmosphere had weakened him so that he was unfit to go on with the race.

Caleb Bragg in a Mercer came to grief at the north end of the course when the steering knuckle of the car broke. The machine plunged toward the edge of the course where a number of spectators stood. Bragg jammed on the brakes and stopped the car.

Anderson In Second Place.

The standing at the four hundredth mile was: Goux first, Anderson second.

The first bad accident of the race came when Jack Tower, in his American car, the Mason, smashed on a turn. Mason suffered a broken leg while his mechanic was seriously hurt.

Ralph DePalma, the champion driver of the speedway course, was forced out of the race in the eighteenth by cylinder trouble. His car

Continued on Page 10, Column 4.

NEGRO CONLEY'S AFFIDAVIT LAYS BARE SLAYING

Swears Frank Told Him Girl Had Hit Her Head Against Something.

The Georgian in its second Extra published exclusively the first REAL confession of James Conley, the negro sweeper at the National Pencil Factory, regarding the part he played in the Mary Phagan mystery.

The Georgian has dealt in no haphazard guesses as to the negro Conley's testimony to the police and in giving prominence to his statements desires to say that it must not be taken as final until it is examined at the trial of Frank.

Atlanta, Ga., April 29, 1913.

On Saturday, April 26, 1913, when I come back to the pencil factory with Mr. Frank I waited for him downstairs like he told me, and when he whistled for me I went up stairs and he asked me if I wanted to make some money right quick, and I told him yes, sir, and he told me that he had picked up a girl back there and had let her fall, and that her head hit against something—he didnt' know what it was—and for me to move her and I hollered and told him the girl was dead.

And he told me to pick her up and bring her to the elevator, and I told him I didnt have nothing to pick her up with, and he told me to go and look by the cotton box there and get a piece of cloth and I got a big wide piece of cloth and come back there to the men's toilet, where she was, and tied her, and I taken her and brought her up there to a little dressing room, carrying her on my right shoulder, and she got too heavy for me and she lipped off my shoulder and fell on the floor right there at the dressing room and I hollered for Mr. Frank to come there and help me; that she was too heavy for me, and Mr. Frank come down there and told me to "pick her up, dam fool," and he run down there to me and he was excited, and he picked her up by the feet. Her feet and head were sticking out of the cloth, and by him being so nervous he let her feet fall, and then we brought her onto the elevator, Mr. Frank carrying her by the foot and me by the shoulder, and we brought her to the eelvator, and then Mr. Frank says, "Wait, let me get the key," and he went into the office and come back and unlocked the elevator door and started the elevator down.

Says Frank Stood Guard.

Mr. Frank turned it on himself, and we went on down to the basement and Mr. Frank helped me take it off the elevator and he told me to take it back there to the sawdust pile and I picked it up and put it on my shoulder again, and Mr. Frank he went up the ladder and watched the trapdoor to see if anybody was coming, and I taken her back there and taken the cloth from around her and taken her hat and shoe which I picked up upstairs right where her body was lying and brought them down and untied the cloth and brought them back and throwed them on the trash pile in front of the furnace and Mr. Frank was standing at the trapdoor at the head of the ladder.

He didnt tell me where to put the things. I laid her body down with her head toward the elevator, lying on her stomach and the left side of her face was on the ground the right side of her face was up and both arms were laying down with her body by the side of her body. Mr. Frank joined me back on the first floor. I stepped on the elevator and he stopped on the elevator when it got to where he was, and he said, "Gee, that was a tiresome job," and I told him his job was not as tiresome as mine was, because I had to tote it all the way from where she was lying to the dressing room and in the basement from the elevator to where I left her.

Frank Washed Hands, He Asserts.

Then Mr. Frank hops off the elevator before it gets even with the second floor and he makes a stumble and he hits the floor and catches with both hands and he went around to the sink to wash his hands and I went and cut off the motor and I stood and waited for Mr. Frank to come from around there washing his hands and then we went on into the office and Mr. Frank, he couldnt hardly keep still. He was all the time moving about from one office to the other. Then he come back into the stenographer's office and come back and told me, "Here comes Emma Clark and Corinthia Hall," I understood him to say, and he come back and told me to come here and he opened the wardrobe and told me to get in there, and I was so slow about going he told me to hurry up, dumn it, and Mr. Frank, whoever that was come into the office, they didn't stay so very long till Mr. Frank was gone about seven or eight minutes, and I was still in the wardrobe and he never had come to let me out, and Mr. Frank come back and I said: "Goodness alive, you kept me in there a mighty long time," and he said: "Yes, I see I did; you are sweating." And then me and Mr. Frank sat down in a chair. Mr. Frank then took out a cigarette and he give me the box and asked me did I want to smoke, and I told him, "Yes, sir," and I taken the box and taken out a cigarette and he handed me a box of matches and I handed him the matches back, and I handed him the cigarette box and he told me that was all right I could keep that, and that I told him he had some money in it and he told me that was all right I could keep that. Mr. Frank then asked me to write a few lines on that paper, a white scratchpad he had there and he told me what to put on there and I asked him what he was going to do with it and he told me to just go ahead and write, and then after I got through writing Mr. Frank looked at it and said it was all right, and Mr. Frank looked up at the top of the house and said, "Why should I hang? I have wealthy people in Brooklyn," and I asked him what about me and he told me that was all right about me, for me to keep my mouth shut and he would make everything all right.

And then I asked him where was the money he said he was going to give me, and Mr. Frank said, "Here is $200," and he handed me a big roll of greenback money and I didn't count it. I stood there a little while looking at it in my hand and I told Mr. Frank not to take out another dollar for that watch man I owed, and he said he wouldn't—and the rest is just like I told it before. The reason I have not told this before is I thought Mr. Frank would get out and help me out, but it seems that he is not going to get out, and I have decided to tell the whole truth about the matter.

While I was looking at the money in my hand, Mr. Frank said: "Let me have that and I will make it all right with you Monday if I live and nothing happens." And he took the money back, and I asked him if that was the way he done, and he said he would give it back Monday.

JAMES CONLEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me the 29th day of May, 1913.

G. C. FEBUARY,
Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga.

If the latest confession of James Conley is true, then Leo M. Frank killed Mary Phagan, and the killing was apparently accidental.

Conley swears Frank told him he had picked up a girl and let her fall, and that her head hit something. When the body of Mary Phagan was found there were deep wounds and abrasions on the skull. Conley does not say specifically whether it was all an accident. Conley says when he reached the girl she was dead.

In his confession Conley admits he himself tied a cloth about the dead girl's head, so he could carry her to the basement at Frank's direction. The police theory has been that the murderer of Mary Phagan accidentally knocked her against a piece of machinery, then became frightened and finished the job by strangling her with a rope. Conley makes no mention of a rope. From his story, therefore, it would appear that the deep furrows in the dead girl's flesh giving credence to the theory of strangulation were produced by the cloth which the negro himself tied about the girl's body. Conley insists the girl was dead when he first saw her.

Turning the Suspicion.

Frank superintended the carrying of the girl's body to the cellar, Conley swore, displaying great nervousness. Then, when the body had been deposited on a trash pile, Frank took the negro back upstairs and laid plans for throwing suspicion on the negro.

At Frank's direction, Conley says, he wrote the notes presumed to have been found with the body of Mary Phagan. Frank took the notes, gave the negro a cigarette, remarked, "Why should I hang?" and told him he (Frank) would see that everything would come out all right for him (Conley.)

Frank then gave the negro a roll of bills, which he said was $200. In a few minutes he took them back, promising to make it all right the following Monday morning.

Whether the killing was premeditated murder, or murder after Frank had unintentionally injured Mary Phagan, or accident pure and simple, remains to be determined.

"Betrayed Himself."

If Conley's confession is true, Leo M. Frank killed Mary Phagan by accident, and in nervous, half-crazed efforts to dispose of the body laid himself liable to the very charge of murder he sought to avoid.

He knew he was alone in the factory with the girl, that sensational reports would follow discovery of the body and feared his story of an accidental killing would be discounted. Therefore, he bribed the negro to help him dispose of the body—fearful lest the groundless charge of murder be made against him.

Frank told Conley—so the negro says—that he picked the girl up and let her fall, her head hitting something hard. The girl was dead, Conley says, when he first saw her, and in an effort to facilitate removal of the body he, Conley, tied a stout cloth around the head. It was this cloth, tightly drawn over the dead girl's features, which gave rise to the theory of strangulation.

Examination disclosed a fractured skull, caused by contact with a heavy substance. This wound undoubtedly followed the dropping of the girl's body against "something hard."

Frank's statements to Conley while the girl's lifeless body was not yet cold throw no light on the dramatic scene ending in Mary Phagan's death. Whether they were on intimate terms and he was fondling her, or whether they were struggling when he "picked her up," is still a mystery—a mystery made all the more deeper by the absence of any details pertaining thereto in the negro's narrative.

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE-COUPON, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1913
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 14, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Vote Coupon, Friday, May 30, 1913.
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JUNE 14, 1913.
Vote for ....
Address ....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

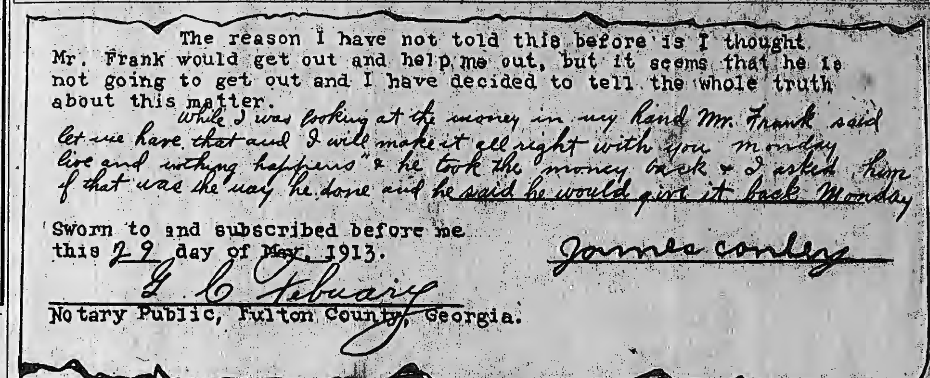
JACK LONDON'S
Latest and Greatest Short Novel
The SCARLET PLAGUE
Begins in the
FREE MAGAZINE
GIVEN WITH NEXT
SUNDAY'S AMERICAN

Wesleyan Warns of Social Dissipation

MIDDLETOWN, CONN., May 30.—"Undue attention, not to athletics, but to society, is responsible for the most serious dissipation of student energies to-day and for the majority of the failures in college work," says the Wesleyan University Bulletin.

"The multiplication of social functions and their increasing expense during recent years is becoming a serious problem in student life," it adds.

FACSIMILE OF CONCLUDING PORTION OF NEGRO CONLEY'S SENSATIONAL AFFIDAVIT, SHOWING HIS SIGNATURE


The reason I have not told this before is I thought Mr. Frank would get out and help me out, but it seems that he is not going to get out and I have decided to tell the whole truth about this matter.
While I was looking at the money in my hand Mr. Frank said let me have that and I will make it all right with you monday live and nothing happens" & he took the money back & I asked him if that was the way he done and he said he would give it back Monday

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 29 day of May, 1913.
G. C. Febuary
Notary Public, Fulton County, Georgia.

James conley

READY TO INDICT CONLEY AS AN ACCOMPLICE

Dorsey Ready to Act if Negro Sticks to Latest Story Accusing Frank.

Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey announced that if Conley persisted in his story he would take steps to have him indicted as an accessory after the fact and bring him to trial on this charge.

Conley was Friday afternoon removed to the Tower, on an order signed by Judge Roan.

Conley's startling tale came late Thursday afternoon after he had been under a merciless sweating for nearly three hours. Noting the signs of weakening, Detective Harry Scott and Chief Lanford shot question after question at him in rapid succession.

Conley hesitated and then told the men who surrounded him that he had seen Mary Phagan on the day of the crime, but that she was dead when he saw her. When it became evident that the most important disclosures of the long investigation were to be made, G. C. February, secretary to Chief Lanford, was called in and took the negro's statement.

Sticks to Note Story.

Conley stuck to his story that Frank had him write the notes that were found by the girl's body and the detectives believe that there can be no doubt of this now.

He said that after the notes were written Frank took his arm and led him to the body. Frank's hand was shaking, the negro declared. Together, they raised the limp form from the floor, Conley told the detectives, and took it into the basement.

Offering no explanation of the tragedy which had occurred, Frank ordered Conley to leave the building, according to the statement. Conley explained his long silence by saying that he thought Frank had plenty of money and that he would be able to get both of them free within a short time.

Chief Lanford and Detective Scott both declared after the third degree that they were confident that the negro at last was telling the truth. If he has any further knowledge of the crime, they said they would get it out of him Friday when they put him through another grilling.

Admission of Conley's statements into a court of justice is certain to be fought most bitterly. The fact that Conley has been discovered in a tangle of lies which he has been telling ever since his arrest three weeks ago is expected by the defense to go a long ways in shutting the doors against his affidavits.

In addition to the mass of conflicting stories in which he has been involved, Conley has signed three separate statements, no two of which agree in some essential points.

His first affidavit swore that he was not at the factory on the day Mary Phagan was murdered.

His second affidavit swore that he was at the factory on the Saturday the girl was brutally slain, but that he left immediately after he had written the notes at the direction of Frank. He saw Mary Phagan neither alive nor dead, according to this document.

His third affidavit, or statement, repudiated both of the other statements in many of their details, and declared that he did not leave the factory at the time stated in the other affidavits, but, instead, assisted Frank to carry the little girl's body to the basement, where it was found by Newt Lee Sunday morning.

The fact that the negro has altered his statement in some important particular every succeeding time that he has been questioned has not served to throw suspicion on the negro in the eyes of the detective.

Save money NOW on Furniture at High's.

We have Beautiful Bedding Plants *3c each.* Atlanta Floral *Co., 555 E. Fair Street.*

DRAMATIC SCENE AT FACTORY AS CONLEY RE-ENACTS CRIME

Negro, Step by Step, Shows Detectives Part He Says He Had in Slaying.

Reproduces Conversation He Declares Took Place as Frank Directed Removal.

Continued From Page 1.

it might have been used to strangle her."

Conley then pointed out the spot where he said that the girl's weight became too heavy for him and he called on Frank to help him. Frank, he said, came cursing from the doorway.

"He picked up her feet," said Conley, "and I carried her shoulders. Just when we got by this window Frank was so nervous that he dropped the girl and her feet dragged on the floor." It was at this place that a splotch of blood was found by the detectives.

Conley then walked toward the elevator, talking all the time of what was occurring on that other time he had made the same trip through the building. The negro appeared to be telling a straightforward story and was ready with an answer whenever any of the officers asked him a question.

As Conley and the detectives reached the elevator, the negro said that he waited there while Frank went into the office to get the key to the elevator door. He described the manner in which the body was carried into the elevator and dropped on the elevator floor. Frank ran the elevator down to the basement, according to Conley, while he (Conley) ran it on the return upstairs. Conley went down on the elevator just as he had done before, the officers with him.

"I took her body out of the elevator," said Conley, "and Mr. Frank helped me. He told me to take the body up to the trash pile in front of the furnace. I put the girl on my shoulders again and walked up there with her and dropped her right there," pointing to a point only a few feet to the left of the furnace.

"I pulled the bagging out from under her and threw it there on the pile of trash in front of the furnace. Mr. Frank he waited there at the trap door to see if anyone was coming. Before that I went back upstairs and got her hat and shoes and brought them down in the basement."

"Show us the way you left the girl's body," commanded Chief Beavers.

Conley promptly lay down in the identical spot where Newt Lee found the body of the girl. He lay with the left side of his face on the ground, his right arm slightly under him and the left arm stretched by his side. His feet pointed toward the rear door of the basement where the staple was pulled.

Negro Never Hesitates.

"You can't help but believe him," muttered Detective Harry Scott, as the negro went through the terrible tragedy movement by movement without faltering for an instant or hesitating as though he were not sure of his ground.

Conley appeared perfectly composed as though he were reciting an everyday occurrence, but his earnest and apparently truthful bearing gave his dramatic story, told in a matter of fact way, a convincing power that evidently had its effect on every one who was listening to his recital.

Negro Ran Elevator Up.

"Did you ever find that piece of cotton bagging?" Chief Beavers inquired of E. F. Holloway, the day watchman.

"No, I never did," Holloway replied, his answer leading to the presumption that the bagging subsequently had been burned.

After showing the detectives where he had disposed of the body, Conley retraced his steps toward the elevator.

"Frank climbed up this ladder," he said, "and I ran the elevator back up. He met me on the first floor and got in the elevator with me and rode with me up to the second floor."

Conley ran the elevator back up as he had done the day of the tragedy. Chief Beavers and several of the detectives rode up with him. Chief Lanford climbed up the ladder as Frank was represented as doing. Conley said that Frank was nervous and rushed off the elevator before it had come to a stop, stumbling in his haste.

Illustrates Fall.

Having the elevator stopped about a foot and a half below the landing, Conley illustrated the fall of Frank, who in his hurry to get out of the elevator stumbled and fell on his hands, the negro says. Getting up from the floor, Conley led the officers to the sink where the negro claims Frank washed his hands. Conley says he waited for Frank by a post near the elevator landing. When Frank came from washing his hands, Conley said, he led him (Conley) into the office and had him sit down. Conley said Frank kept twisting about in his chair, wringing his hands, and "acting lak white folks does when they is scared, turned red in the face, and kept looking around."

Conley said Frank next walked out of the room and got a box of matches, stopped in the door and fooled with a cigarette box. He says Frank then looked out the glass door and said: "Oh, God, here comes Emma Clark and Corinthia Hall," and quickly pushed him in the closet at the side of the door, closing the closet door.

Put Him in Closet.

The officers put Conley in the closet. It easily held him. Conley said he could not tell whether or not the girls entered the room. He heard one of them ask, "Are you all alone, Mr. Frank?" and Frank answered, "Yes, I am alone."

Pretty soon Frank came and let Conley out, Conley says, and had him sit down at Frank's desk. Conley says Frank got some paper from a drawer and told him to write a note. The officers had Conley sit down and write what he claims Frank dictated to him. Conley readily wrote, "Dear mother a long tall black negro did this by hisslef he told me if I would lay down he would love me play like the night wich did this by hisself."

How About Me?

Conley says he asked Frank what he was going to do with the note. Frank replied that he was going to put it in a letter and send it to his mother in Brooklyn, that he had wealthy people there. Conley says Frank then clasped his hands, looked at the ceiling and exclaimed, "Why should I hang?"

"I asked him," Conley told the officers, "what about me?" Frank says, "Don't you worry, you are a good boy and you will be all right."

The negro stated that Frank then handed him a roll of greenback money and said it was $200. Conley says he did not count it, and that Frank suddenly grabbed it away from him, telling him that his people in Brooklyn would send him plenty of money and he would give Conley plenty of money later.

Frank next took a cigarette, Conley declared, and then asked him to have one, handing him the box. Conley says he saw a little money in the box and was afraid to let Frank see it, for fear he would take it away from him. Conley next illustrated the manner in which he says Frank walked to the stairs with him. The negro says Frank placed his arms around his shoulders and walked to the stairs with him, and watched him descend. Then Frank ran about five steps down and looked to see if Conley went on out.

Of His Free Will.

While in the superintendent's office Conley stated that he was making this confession of his own free will and accord; that the officers had never in any way mistreated him or cursed him or struck him, and that they had not offered him any reward in order to induce him to tell what he knew. He explained his delay in making his confession by saying that he had been hoping to receive a large sum of money from Frank's people. He said that he had thought Frank would get out and then help him out, but he now saw that there was no hope for either of them, and he had decided to tell the truth. Conley stated that the people at the factory seemed to be down on him, but that he wanted to tell all he knew and had done so.

After Conley had finished illustrating his part in the crime he was led back to the second floor and then was taken back down to the basement in the elevator. On the way down Chief Beavers remarked to him:

"This must be familiar scenery to you, Jim." The negro smiled and replied: "It sure is, boss."

Conley did not hesitate for a moment during the entire time he was showing his part in the crime, and his frankness of speech and clocklike word impressed the officers that he was at last telling the exact truth.

"There is not a doubt that the negro is telling the truth and it would be foolish to doubt it. The negro couldn't go through the actions like he did unless he had done this just like he said," said Harry Scott.

"We believe that we have at last gotten to the bottom of the Phagan mystery. Conley's confession fits exactly in with our theory."

Going out the rear door of the basement, the officers hurried Conley into Chief Beavers' automobile and took him back to the police station.

A large crowd had gathered in front of the pencil factory and at the rear, but there was no marked demonstration against him. Most of these were factory employees who have been of the belief that Frank is innocent and that the negro has been shifting the responsibility from his own shoulders to those of an innocent man.

There was some muttering of, "There's the negro now; get him," but there was no concerted demonstration. The automobile was driven rapidly away.

Detective Harry Scott stated to a Georgian reporter that there would be very little more questioning of the negro. He said that there could be very little more to tell, and that it was his opinion that Conley had told practically everything he knew.

Chief Beavers and Chief Scott, after the dramatic story of the negro, were of the same opinion. They said that Conley had proved to their satisfaction the guilt of Frank and that they could no longer hold any doubt of it.

Now Well After Using Eckman's Alterative

The makers of Eckman's Alterative, which is doing so much good for Lung Trouble, are continually in receipt of wonderful reports of recoveries brought about solely through the use of this medicine. Investigate the case of this writer, who used Eckman's Alterative and who is to-day enjoying good health:

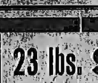
421 Second Ave., Aurora, Ill.

"Gentlemen: Pardon me for not writing sooner, but I wanted to see if I would stay cured. I can now truthfully say I am perfectly well. I have no pain, no cough, no night sweats, no hay fever. Since a child of two years I have been ailing with lung trouble, which grew worse as I grew older. At the age of fourteen the doctors said if I could not be sent South I would surely die of Consumption. Every winter I would be sure to have either Bronchitis, Pleurisy or Pneumonia. I had Typhoid-Pneumonia one time. I had catarrh of the stomach and bowels and had Hay Fever for the last few years; but have not anything of the kind this year. I will answer all letters sent to me, asking a history of my case, from any one suffering with lung trouble."

(Affidavit) ETTA PLATH.

(Six years later reports still well.)
(Above abbreviated; more on request.)

Eckman's Alterative has been proven by many years' test to be most efficacious in cases of severe Throat and Lung Affections, Bronchitis, Bronchial Asthma, Stubborn Colds and in upbuilding the system. Does not contain narcotics, poisons or habit-forming drugs. For sale by all Jacobs' Drug Stores and other leading druggists. Write the Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia, Pa., for booklet telling of recoveries and additional evidence.

"THE VICTOR" DR. WOOLLEY'S SANITARIUM

Opium and Whisky and all inebriety and drug addictions scientifically treated. Our [illegible] years' experience shows these diseases are curable. Patients also treated at their homes. Consultation confidential. A book on the subject free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY & SON, No. [illegible] Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Ga.

23 lbs. Sugar . $1.00
50c Five-String Broom . 29c
24 lbs. Self-Rising Flour . 71c
24 lbs. Best Patent Flour 79c
50c Durkee's Dressing . 38c
30c Coffee Absolutely Pure 15c
Square Condensed Milk . 6½c
25c Can Tripe . . 15c
35c Sweet Midget Pickles 15c
Armour's & Swift's Hams . . 18½c

WYATT'S C.O.D.
73 South Pryor
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Here's the Smart Thing for Summer

It's The New "BENJAMIN" Pin Check, Close-Fitting English Model.

If you were to go through our entire stock and pick out the dozens of smart styles and smart patterns we are showing, you wouldn't find one that could beat this for genuine smartness and TONE. It's a brand new style with several distinctive features.

The coat is the new form-fitting English cut with soft roll front, patch pockets, and cuffs on the sleeves. The pants have a new adjustable belt to match the suit. This is a very striking novelty that is certain to prove pouplar. Trousers are, of course, straight cut, and may be had with or without cuffs. And the price is only

Twenty-Five Dollars

Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.
Thirty-Six Whitehall

First Photographs Showing Scott's Tragic Fate at South Pole

Last Picture of Explorer, Taken a Few Days Before His Death

Views Show Cairn in Frozen Wastes Where Heroes of the Antarctic Rest.

The Georgian publishes to-day the first photographs of the great disaster of the South Pole in which Captain Robert E. Scott and others of his brave crew lost their lives. The large figure in the top is the last photograph taken of Captain Scott. It was made a few days before his death by Lieutenant Bowers.

The photograph below shows the cairn in the frozen wastes of the Antarctic where to-day lie the bodies of Captain Scott, Dr. Edward A. Wilson and Lieutenant H. R. Bowers. The bodies were covered with the tent in which they were found by the rescuing party, and records identifying them were left in the tomb of ice.

Over the mass of ice and snow the cross erected by the rescuers is seen. In the background of the picture are to be seen the skis of Captain Scott, that carried him over so many miles of snow and ice. They were planted upright in a small mound of frozen snow by the rescuers, and so firmly that neither wind nor storm would be likely to dislodge them. About the icy tomb may be seen the footprints of the rescuing party, as its members tramped through the snow while erecting the burial mound.

How Scott Found Pole.

Captain Robert Falcon Scott and a party of more than a score left London on June 1, 1911, on board the Terra Nova for Portsmouth and Cardiff on the first leg of a journey to the South Pole.

On September 1, 1911, winter quarters were established within the Antarctic Circle. Shortly thereafter, Meares and Dimitrie, two of Captain Scott's men, with dog teams, made their way to Hut Point, and telephone communication was established between the winter quarters and the temporary headquarters of the skirmishing party.

Captain Scott, accompanied by Dr. Edward A. Wilson, chief of the scientific staff; Lieutenant H. R. Bowers, of the Royal Navy; Cherry, Gerrard, Atkinson, Wright, Evans, Crean and Keohane, made their way to Hut Point, and on November 1, 1911, started for Corner Camp, which, by marching at night and resting days, they reached on November 25, having furnished and established a depot at One Ton Camp. Corner Camp was located in latitude 81:15 seconds.

On December 4 the party had succeeded in reaching Mount Hope, latitude 83, and on January 3, 1912, the party was 150 miles from the pole, in latitude 87.32, at a height of 5,900 feet, the very top of the great ice barrier.

Sends Some of Party Back.

On New Year's eve, in latitude 86 degrees 56 minutes, a depot for food and sledges was established. These depots, formed of cairns of ice, were established from point to point as the party proceeded from its winter quarters. On January 3, 1912, Captain Scott announced to his followers that he and four men would endeavor to make the final dash to the pole.

He selected as his companions in this trying journey Dr. Wilson, Captain Oates, of the Inniskillen dragoon, who was in charge of the ponies and mules; Lieutenant Bowers, of the Royal India Marines, and Petty Officer Edgar Evans, in charge of the sledges. The five men were equipped with provisions calculated to last a month.

The others who had made the journey thus far protested strenuously against being forced to return to the winter quarters, but discipline prevailed and they complied.

On January 18, 1912, Captain Scott and his men reached the South Pole. There they learned that all of their struggles had been in vain, for Captain Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, had preceded them, making his journey by a different route. The Englishmen found a tent at the pole left by Captain Amundsen. Flying directly above it was the Norwegian flag.

It was on the discouraging return from the pole that Captain Scott and his party perished most miserably in a blizzard. For two months they struggled to reach One-Ton Depot, which had become established 120 miles south of the winter quarters. During the months of February and March the members of the party died, one by one. Petty Officer Evans was the first to pass away. He died of concussion of the brain, the result of a fall on the ice. Captain Oates died on March 17. He had suffered most intense agony for several days. His feet had become frozen and he had become necessary for the captain to carry him.

Perish in Blizzard.

Realizing that he was a burden upon the party and that his injuries might be the cause of the death of all, he crept off into the darkness one night and when found had been frozen to death. This might have been termed suicide, but Captain Scott in his diary branded it an act of the greatest heroism.

About March 29 a terrible blizzard overtook the three survivors, the only protection against the fierce Antarctic storm being a tattered and windblown tent. In this tent Captain Scott, Dr. Wilson and Bowers expired. In the meantime the reserve party at winter quarters had organized a rescuing crew and a search was instituted. One-Ton Depot was reached by the crew, where it became evident that Captain Scott and the others must have either died or become lost somewhere between there and the South Pole. The search continued, and on November 12, eight months after the tragedy, the bodies of three of the heroes were found.

The formal opening of the Famous Warm Springs, Meriwether County, takes place Saturday, May 31. The Swimming Pool and Baths are fine as ever. The auto roads are in excellent shape and everything is in the air for a good time.

Write the proprietor, Warm Springs Hotel, for information as to rates, etc. —Adv.

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Save money NOW on Furniture at High's.

FREE, NEXT SUNDAY.
The American Sunday Monthly Magazine, containing the first chapters of Jack London's new story, is GIVEN FREE with every copy of the next Sunday American.

White City Park Now Open

Hear Dr. George R. Stuart on "Lop-Sided Folks," Baptist Tabernacle, Friday, May 30. Admission 25c.

TRAITORS CHOOSE DEATH TO SHAME

Austrian Officers Who Sold Army Secrets to Russia Kill Themselves When Discovered.

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

VIENNA, May 30.—While the Austrian Government investigated the alleged sale of army secrets to the Russian government by a clique of officers, headed by Colonel Redl, of the military secret police, who committed suicide following his exposure, it was reported to-day in army circles that two other officers involved in the scandal had taken their lives.

The facts make a sensational and dramatic story. When it had been definitely learned that Redl was treacherously selling army plans to Russia, together with documentary information as to the entire military plans to the Triple Alliance, two fellow officers visited Redl's apartments in the dead of night.

They left a loaded revolver in Redl's hands, at the same time informing him that they would return at dawn to arrest him.

The hint was obvious and Redl took it. He shot himself while the officers were descending the stairs. The Government has used utmost endeavors to keep the affair a secret.

Audacious Suffrage Posters Stir Wales

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

CARDIFF, WALES, May 30.—Suffragettes cut a number of telephone wires through the Taf Valley to-day, interrupting communication in that part of Glamorganshire. Posters bearing audacious inscriptions were left behind the women.

The authorities are investigating, but have little hope of catching the culprits, as it is believed they came from London and are in hiding here at the home of a sympathizer with the cause.

"Low Brothers for Quality"

TAKE A LOOK AT OUR SHOW WINDOWS TOMORROW---SIR!

You'll find much that is new and a great deal that is interesting in men's wear and shoes for summer wear.

Blue Polka-Dot Sets

Blue Silk Polka-Dot Neckwear and Sox to match. The ties come in flowing or straight-end four-in-hands and batwings—latest popular novelty—50c each.

New Negligee SHIRTS

To-morrow will be a good time to come in and lay in your summer supply of shirts, while our stock is at its best—silks and all other favored materials in solids, figures and stripes, at $1.50 to $5.00.

STRAWS For Everybody

Men and young men will find a wide range of choice in all the latest "Straws"—Sennits and Split Straws $2 to $5. Baugkoks and Panamas, $6 and $6.50.

Seasonable UNDERWEAR

No need to "swelter" any longer—we have prepared for your comfort in this cool, summery underwear, all best makes, including the famous "Dr. Deimel" brand—Underwear at 50c per garment upward.

Law Bros. Co. 10 WHITEHALL ST.

See Our Window Display

BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS.

TOMORROW'S CLIMAX OF BASS' MAY SALE

The last day of our GREAT MAY SALE, in all departments, will be to-morrow — Saturday, May 31—and we are going to make it the BIGGEST day of this event—from YOUR point of view and from OURS!

From YOUR way of looking at it, it's going to be the most wonderful BARGAIN day—from our standpoint, it's going to be the day that will break all previous records for BIG business.

How do we KNOW? It's because we have OUT PRICES so deep for TO-MORROW — that you just can't resist the TEMPTATION of buying. And, what's more, you'll be as DELIGHTED as we will be! Some of the BARGAINS are listed below—but there are MANY others, as you will see when you come to our store. TO-MORROW will be the great CLIMAX of this GREAT May Sale—so be sure to get YOUR choice of the BARGAINS!

Store Open Until 10 o'Clock Saturday Night

500 Samples Ladies' Muslin Underwear

Saturday at 8 a. m. we place on sale 500 sample Ladies' Gowns, Petticoats, Combination Suits and Princess Slips in white, blue, pink and lavender. The materials are all sheer and soft. Nicely trimmed with ribbons, laces and embroidery. Garments worth up to $2.50. Choice Saturday 98c

$10 Silk Ratine Dresses $4.75

Beautiful silk Ratine Dresses, neatly trimmed with the new Bulgarian colors, and skirts are very stylishly draped in electric blue, light blue, nell rose, tan and white. Choice Saturday $4.75

Sale $20 Ladies' Suits $6.90

Late arrivals of Ladies' Spring and Summer tailored Suits will go in the Last Day of the May Sale at less than actual cost of making. Worth up to $20.00. Choice Saturday $6.90

Another Shipment Beautiful Ratine Hats Received

And will go on sale Saturday morning; in plain white, pink, lavender, blue, red, black, striped. Not a one in the lot worth less than $5.00. Choice Saturday 98c

$7.50 Ladies' Sample Skirts at $2.95

Made of all-wool Serge in black, cream, navy, blue and black-and-white stripes; you will find the same Skirts elsewhere at $7.50. Our price choice Saturday $2.95

$1.00 Waist Saturday 44c

Pretty Lingerie and sheer white lawn Waists, lace and embroidery trimmed and worth $1.00, Saturday 44c

Ladies' House Dresses, made to sell for 76c to $1.00, Saturday 39c

1,000 Children's Parasols in fancy colors, 50c value, Saturday 10c

Silk Messaline Waist $1.98

All silk Messaline Waists in navy, black and colors, and worth $5.00; choice Saturday $1.98

Sale of children's Dresses, worth up to $3.50, made of sephyrs, mohairs and galates, Saturday 69c

Ladies' silk taped lisle finish Vests, 19c value, Saturday 5c

Muslin Underwear Sale

Ladies' muslin Drawers, made of good material and trimmed with lace and embroidery, the 50c kind, Saturday 25c

Children's muslin Drawers, trimmed with lace and embroidery. You will find them elsewhere at 25c, Saturday 10c

Balkan Middies, made of good galates and worth $1.50, Saturday 98c

Saturday Main Floor Specials

16-Button Gloves at 69c

button, elbow length, in black Ladies' all silk Gloves, full 16-button, and colors, Saturday 69c

Ladies' Neckwear, Lace Collars, Bows, Jabots, etc., choice 25c

Extra! Ladies' Fine Silk Hosiery at 44c

Another of the wonder values that have made our May Sale a grand success. Black, white and tan, per pair 44c

100 Ladies' leather Handbags, made of fine seal grain leather and worth $1.00 to $1.50, choice 49c

$1.50 R. & G. Make Corsets 75c

Made of splendid grade Batiste with flexible non-rustable steels, Saturday 75c

5,000 Pair Ladies' Silk Hose at 25c

A good wearing as well as handsome hose. High grade beautiful hose, worth up to $1.00. Black, white and tan, ... 25c per pair

Children's Silk Socks at 25c

Worth and sell at 50c everywhere, our price Saturday ..... 25c per pair

Children's and Misses' All Silk Stockings

Very fine serviceable Hosiery for practicable wear; Saturday 25c

Sale of White Goods

Saturday we place on sale 10,000 yards fine White Checked Nainsook, Lawn, Pajama Checks, Madras and Cords, worth up to 25c. Choice Saturday, per yard 8c

Best grade of yard-wide French Percale, in light and dark colors, Saturday special, per yard 6 7-8c

60-inch Full Bleached Table Damask, the 75c quality, special, per yard 25c

10,000 Full Bleached Bath Towels, Saturday, each 9c

100 dozen full size Bleached Pillow Cases, Saturday, each 9c

600 Hemmed Huck Towels

Just as a leader, we offer Fine Hemmed Huck Towels, worth and sell everywhere at a dime, Saturday, special 4c

11-quarter fine Satin Marcelles Bed Spreads, worth $5.00, Saturday, special $1.98

100 dozen full Double Bed size Bleached Hemmed Sheets, extra fine quality, Saturday 47c

Sale of Staple Ginghams at 5c

Saturday you will find on one of the main center counters 1,000 yards fine staple standard Gingham, worth up to 15c per yard, Saturday, per yard 5c

SPECIALS Big Sale of Dress Voiles

For the last day of our MAY SALE we offer 40-inch Cream and White Silk Finish Dress Voiles, very sheer and fine, made to retail at 75c. Our price Saturday 25c

100 Ladies' Handsome Handbags, worth up to $1.00; Saturday special 25c

500 dozen Men's Fine Hemstitched White Handkerchiefs, each 2c

Sale of Men's Underwear

Fine Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, Saturday special 25c

Men's Night Shirts, made of good quality Muslin and neatly trimmed, worth $1; Saturday 44c

100 good high grade Spool Silk in black and colors, Saturday, spool 4c

Sale of Ribbon Saturday

The fine new Bulgarian all silk Ribbons, per yard 25c

1,000 yards very fine yard-wide Sea Island Domestic, extra heavy and worth 10c per yard; Saturday, special, per yard 5c

Sale of Men's Neckwear

Saturday we will sell Men's Ties in all the new shades and worth up to $1.00, special 25c

Special in Our Cash Furniture Dept.

Sale of Sulkies at $1.98

Just received big shipment of made Rubber tires and long handles. Worth $3.00; special $1.98

Sale Window Shades 19c

Best Oil Opaque Window Shades in best colors and good rollers. The 50c grade. Special 19c

400 full 9x12 feet extra heavy Jap Matting Art Squares, in floral, medallion and oriental designs, the $5.00 kind; one to a customer, at $1.98

BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS. BASS.